### **CHAPTER – 1**

### **INTRODUCTION**

### **Constitutional and Legal Provisions**

- 1.1 Objective of providing reservations to the Scheduled Castes(SCs), Scheduled Tribes (STs) and Other Backward Classes (OBCs) in services is not only to give jobs to some persons belonging to these communities. It basically aims at empowering them and ensuring their participation in the decision making process of the State. Justice B.P. Jeevan Reddy, while delivering the majority judgement in the matter of Indra Sawhney & Ors Vs. UOI & Ors, observed that public employment gives a certain status and power, besides the means of livelihood. The Constitution has, therefore, taken special care to declare equality of opportunity in the matter of public employment. Keeping the broader concept of equality in view, Clauses (4) and (4A) of Article 16 of the Constitution declare that nothing in the said Article shall prevent the State from making any provision for reservation of appointments or posts in favour of backward class of citizens which in the opinion of the State is not adequately represented in the services under the State. Article 16 of the Constitution and also Article 335 which have direct bearing on reservation in services are reproduced below:
  - 16 (1) There shall be equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the State.
  - (2) No citizen shall, on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex, descent, place of birth, residence or any of them, be ineligible for, or discriminated against in respect of, any employment or office under the State.
  - (3) Nothing in this article shall prevent Parliament from making any law prescribing, in regard to a class or classes of employment or appointment to an office under the Government of, or any local or other authority within, a State or Union territory, any requirement as to residence within that State or Union territory prior to such employment or appointment.

- (4) Nothing in this article shall prevent the State from making any provision for the reservation of appointments or posts in favor of any backward class of citizens which in the opinion of the State, is not adequately represented in the services under the state.
- (4A) Nothing in this article shall prevent the State from making any provision for reservation in matters of promotion, with consequential seniority, to any class or classes of posts in the services under the State in favor of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes which, in the opinion of the State, are not adequately represented in the services under the State.
- (4B) Nothing in this article shall prevent the State from considering any unfilled vacancies of a year which are reserved for being filled up in that year in accordance with any provision for reservation made under clause (4) or clause (4A) as a separate class of vacancies to be filled up in any succeeding year or years and such class of vacancies shall not be considered together with the vacancies of the year in which they are being filled up for determining the ceiling of fifty per cent reservation on total number of vacancies of that year.
- (5) Nothing in this article shall affect the operation of any law which provides that the incumbent of an office in connection with the affairs of any religious or denominational institution or any member of the governing body thereof shall be a person professing a particular religion or belonging to a particular denomination.
- 335. The claims of the member of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes shall be taken into consideration, consistently, with the maintenance of efficiency of administration in the making of appointments to services and posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or of a State.

Provided that nothing in this article shall prevent in making of any provision in favor of the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes for relaxation in qualifying marks in any examination or lowering the standards of evaluation, for reservation in matters of promotion to any class or classes of services or posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or of a State.

- 1.2 Besides, Article 46 provides that the State shall promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and, in particular, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, and shall protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation.
- 1.3 Articles 341 and 342 of the Constitution which define as to who would be Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes with respect to any State or Union Territory are quoted below:
  - 341. (1) The President may with respect to any State or Union territory, and where it is a State after consultation with the Governor thereof, by public notification, specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which shall for the purposes of this Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Castes in relation to that State or Union territory, as the case may be.
  - (2) Parliament may by law include in or exclude from the list of Scheduled Castes specified in a notification issued under clause (1) any caste, race or tribe or part of or group within any caste, race or tribe, but save as aforesaid a notification issued under the said clause shall not be varied by any subsequent notification.
  - 342(1) The President may with respect to any State or Union Territory, and where it is a State after consultation with the Governor thereof, by public notification, specify the tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities which shall for the purpose of this Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Tribes in relation to that State or Union Territory, as the case may be.
  - (2) Parliament may by law include in or exclude from the list of Scheduled Castes specified in a notification issued under clause (I) any caste, race or tribe or part or group within any caste, race or tribe, but save as aforesaid a notification issued under the said clause shall not be varied by any subsequent notification.
- 1.4 The Constitution does not define Other Backward Classes. However, in pursuance of the judgment of Supreme Court in Indira Sawhney's case, the Government enacted the National

Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC) Act in April, 1993. As per Section 2 of the NCBC Act, "Backward classes" means such backward classes of citizens, other than the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, as may be specified by the Central Government in the lists. For the above purpose, Section 2 also defines "lists" as lists prepared by the Central Government for providing reservation in appointments to backward classes of citizens, which, in its opinion are not adequately represented in services, under the Government of India and any local or other authority. The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment has notified the lists of Castes / Communities which are treated as Other Backward Classes.

- 1.5 It may be noted that the Constitution imposes inter-state area restrictions so that the people belonging to the specific community residing in a specific area, which has been assessed to qualify for the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes status, only benefit from the facilities provided for them. Similar restrictions are applicable to the OBCs also. Since the people belonging to the same caste but living in different States / Union Territories may not necessarily suffer from the same disabilities, it is possible that two persons belonging to the same caste but residing in different States/ U.Ts may not both be treated to belong to SC/ST/OBC. Thus the residence of a person in a particular locality assumes a special significance. This residence has not to be understood in the literal or ordinary sense of the word. On the other hand it connotes the permanent residence of a person on the date of the notification of the Presidential Order scheduling his caste/tribe in relation to that locality.
- 1.6 <u>The Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950</u> (as amended from time to time) states that no person professing a religion different from Hindu or Sikh or Buddhist religion can be deemed to be a member of a Scheduled Caste. There is, however, no religious bar for being treated as Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class.

#### **Evolution of the Scheme of Reservation**

1.7 On attainment of Independence, instructions were issued on 21-9-47 providing for reservation of 12 ½ per cent of vacancies for SCs in respect of recruitment made by open competition. In case of recruitment otherwise than by open competition this percentage was fixed at 16 <sup>2/3</sup> per cent. Difference between recruitment by open competition and otherwise then by open competition has been explained in Chapter-II. After the Constitution was promulgated, MUA, in its

Resolution of 13-9-50, provided 5 per cent reservation for STs apart from the percentage fixed for SCs already in force. The 1951 Census showed that the percentage of SCs in the total population was 15.05 per cent and that of ST 6.31 per cent. The percentages were not revised at the time as a comprehensive bill revising the lists of SCs and STs was under consideration. The other reason for not revising the percentage was that reservation had already been provided for SCs in posts filled otherwise than by open competition to the extent of 16.66 per cent and instructions had also been issued for following a regional and local percentage for Class III and Class IV posts attracting candidates from a locality or a region. The 1961 Census revealed that the SC and ST population in proportion to the Indian population stood at 14.64 per cent and 6.80 per cent respectively. Accordingly, the percentage of reservation for SCs and STs was increased from 12 ½ and 5 per cent to 15 per cent and 7 ½ per cent respectively on 25-3-70. The 1971 Census did not warrant any such review. The actual impact of 1981 Census figures on all India percentages could not be known because the Census of 1981 could not be carried out in the State of Assam. The Government in 1993 introduced reservation for Other Backward Classes in direct recruitment broadly at the rate of 27%. After introduction of reservation for OBCs, total reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs comes to 49.5% in case of direct recruitment on all India basis by open competition and 50% in case of otherwise than by open competition. As per various judgments of the Supreme Court, total reservation for these communities cannot exceed the limit of 50%.

1.8 Reservation has been extended to different modes of promotion in stages. In 1957, reservation was provided for SC & ST in departmental competitive examinations. Reservation in promotion by selection in Group C and Group D was provided in 1963 and in the same year reservation in departmental competitive examination was limited to Class III and Class IV only. The position was slightly changed in 1968 when reservation in limited departmental examination to Class II, III and IV and promotion by selection 'to Class III and IV was subjected to a condition that element of direct recruitment should not exceed 50 per cent. Reservation in promotion by 'seniority subject to fitness', came in force in 1972 subject to the condition that the element of direct recruitment does not exceed 50 per cent. In 1974, reservation in promotion by selection from Group C to Group B, within Group B and from Group B to the lowest rung of Group A was introduced subject to the condition that the element of direct recruitment, if any, does not exceed 50 per cent. The limitation of the direct recruitment not exceeding 50 per cent was raised to 66 <sup>2/</sup><sub>3%</sub> per cent in 1976 and to 75% in 1989.

- 1.9 Reservation till 1.7.1997 was computed on the basis of number of vacancies filled. The Supreme Court in the case of R.K. Sabharwal Vs. State of Punjab held that the reservation should be determined on the basis of number of posts in the cadre and not on the basis of vacancies. Accordingly post based reservation was introduced w.e.f. 2.7.1997. The basic principle of post based reservation is that the number of posts filled by reservation by any category in a cadre should be equal to the quota prescribed for that category. Prior to introduction of post based reservation, there was a provision of exchange of reservation between SCs and STs. After implementation of the post based reservation such exchange is no more permissible.
- 1.10 Prior to 1975, scientific' and technical posts required for conducting research or for organizing, guiding and directing research were exempted from the purview of orders relating to reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. In 1975 however, the above orders were modified and it was decided that the scheme of reservations for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes should also cover appointments made to scientific and technical posts up to and including the lowest grade of Class I in the respective services wherever they were exempt from the purview of the scheme of reservations. The amended orders were however not made applicable to Department of Space, Department of Electronics, and in regard to recruitment of trainees to the training school of the Department of Atomic Energy. In the case of these latter departments, the orders in force prior to 1975 continue to apply.
- 1.11 Various relaxations and concessions are given to SC/ST candidates like relaxation in upper age limit, exemption from payment of examination/application fees, relaxation in qualification of experience at the discretion of the UPSC/competent authority, relaxations in standard of suitability etc. Some relaxations like in upper age limit are also available to OBCs.

#### **Institutional Safeguards**

1.12 Each Ministry / Department is required to nominate officers of the rank of Deputy Secretary or above to work as Liaison Officer who take care of implementation of instructions relating to special representation of SCs/STs/OBCs in their respective Ministries and attached and subordinate offices. The system of nominating Liaison Officers has also been extended to the offices under the Heads of Departments. Ministries/Departments have been asked in 1969 to set up a small Cell

within each Ministry/Department under the direct control of Liaison Officer to assist him to discharge his duties effectively.

1.13 The Constitution provides for the National Commission for Scheduled Castes and the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes which have wide ranging powers and functions in regard to matters pertaining to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes respectively. The Government has also set up the National Commission for Other Backward Classes. Besides, there is a Committee of Parliament on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes. The Committee inter-alia examines the position regarding representation of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes in the services under the various Ministries and other Government organizations and makes suitable recommendations for bringing about improvement therein or removing bottlenecks detected by it during the course of a study.

### **Impact of Reservation**

1.14 Representation of SCs/STs has increased in all the Groups viz. A, B, C and D during last six decades. At the dawn of independence representation of SCs/STs in services was very little.

As per available information, representation of SCs in Groups A, B, C and D as on 1.1.1965 was 1.64%, 2.82%, 8.88% and 17.75% respectively which has increased to 12.5%, 14.9%, 15.7% and 19.6% respectively as on 1.1.2008. Likewise while representation of STs as on 1.1.1965 in Group A, B, C and D was 0.27%, 0.34%, 1.14% & 3.39% respectively, it has increased to 4.9%, 5.7%, 7.0% and 6.9% respectively as on 1.1.2008. Total representation of SCs and STs as on 1.1.1965 was 13.17% and 2.25% respectively, which has increased to 17.51% and 6.82% respectively on 1.1.2008. Group-wise and total representation (in percentage) of SCs/STs in different years is given in the following table:

As on 1 <sup>st</sup> of January	Gro	up A	Gro	up B	Gro	up C	Grou	ıp D	То	tal
	SCs	STs	SCs	STs	SCs	STs	SCs	STs	SCs	STs
1965	1.64	0.27	2.82	0.34	8.88	1.14	17.75	3.39	13.17	2.25
1970	2.36	0.4	3.84	0.37	9.27	1.47	18.09	3.59	13.09	2.4

1975	3.43	0.62	4.98	0.59	10.71	2.27	18.64	3.99	13.84	2.94
1980	4.95	1.06	8.54	1.29	13.44	3.16	19.46	5.38	15.67	3.99
1985	7.3	1.73	10.03	1.57	14.87	4.2	20.8	5.70	16.83	4.66
1990	8.64	2.58	11.29	2.39	15.19	4.83	21.48	6.73	16.97	5.33
1995	10.15	2.89	12.67	2.68	16.15	5.69	21.26	6.48	17.43	5.78
2001	11.42	3.58	12.82	3.7	16.25	6.46	17.89	6.81	16.41	6.36
2002	11.09	3.97	14.08	4.18	16.12	5.93	20.07	7.13	16.98	6.11
2003	11.93	4.18	14.32	4.32	16.29	6.54	17.98	6.96	16.52	6.46
2004	12.2	4.1	14.5	4.6	16.9	6.7	18.4	6.7	17.05	6.54
2005	11.8	4.3	13.7	4.5	16.4	6.5	18.3	6.9	16.62	6.42
2006	12.9	3.9	15.0	5.7	16.4	6.9	18.6	7.1	16.75	6.75
2008	12.5	4.9	14.9	5.7	15.7	7.0	19.6	6.9	17.51	6.82

### **CHAPTER-2**

# **SCOPE OF RESERVATION**

### **Quantum of Reservation in Direct Recruitment**

- 2.1 There shall be a reservation of 15 per cent for the members of the Scheduled Castes, 7.5 per cent for the members of the Scheduled Tribes and 27 per cent for the members of the Other Backward Classes in the matter of appointment by direct recruitment to civil posts and civil services on all India basis by open competition.[36011/33/1981-Estt.(SCT) 5/10/1981]
- 2.2 There shall be a reservation of 16.66 per cent for the members of the Scheduled Castes, 7.5 per cent for the members of the Scheduled Tribes and 25.84 per cent for the members of the Other Backward Classes in the matter of appointment by direct recruitment to civil posts and civil services on all India basis otherwise than by open competition.
- 2.3 Except in Delhi, reservation for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in case of direct recruitment to Group C and Group D posts normally attracting candidates from a locality or a region is generally fixed on the basis of proportion of their population in the respective States/UTs. Reservation for Other Backward Classes in such cases is fixed keeping in view the proportion of their population in the respective States/UTs subject to a limit of 27% and total reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs should not exceed 50%. Quantum of reservation fixed for SCs, STs and OBCs in such cases is indicated below [36017/2/2004-Estt.(Res) dated 5/7/2005]:

Sl.No.	Name of the State/UT		Percentage of Reserva	ation
		Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes	Other Backward Classes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
01	Andhra Pradesh	16	7	27
02	Arunachal Pradesh	1	45	0
03	Assam	7	12	27
04	Bihar	16	1	27
05	Chhattisgarh	12	32	6
06	Goa	2	12	18
07	Gujarat	7	15	27
08	Haryana	19	0	27

09	Himachal Pradesh	25	4	20
10	Jammu & Kashmir	8	11	27
11	Jharkhand	12	26	12
12	Karnataka	16	7	27
13	Kerala	10	1	27
14	Madhya Pradesh	15	20	15
15	Maharashtra	10	9	27
16	Manipur	3	34	13
17	Meghalaya	1	44	5
18	Mizoram	0	45	5
19	Nagaland	0	45	0
20	Orissa	16	22	12
21	Punjab	29	0	21
22	Rajasthan	17	13	20
23	Sikkim	5	21	24
24	Tamil Nadu	19	1	27
25	Tripura	17	31	2
26	Uttaranchal	18	3	13
27	Uttar Pradesh	21	1	27
28	West Bengal	23	5	22
29	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	8	27
30	Chandigarh	18	0	27
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2	43	5
32	Daman & Diu	3	9	27
33	Delhi	15	7.5	27
34	Lakshadweep	0	45	0
35	Pondicherry	16	0	27

2.4 Where recruitment is made for zones or circles or regions consisting of more than one State, the percentages of reservation for SCs and STs is generally fixed on the basis of the proportion of SCs and STs in the respective zones/circles/regions and reservation for OBCs is fixed keeping in view their proportion in the population of the respective zones/circles/regions subject to a limit of 27% and total reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs should not exceed 50%.

<u>Illustration</u>: Suppose direct recruitment to a Group C post in an organization is made on the regional basis for the region consisting of the 8 States of the North East namely, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura and Sikkim. Total population of these States and population of the Scheduled

Castes and Scheduled Tribes in these States as per Census 2001 is 38,857,269; 2,486,474, and 10,465,898 respectively. Thus, the proportion of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the region is 6.39% and 26.93%. Estimated population of Other Backward Classes in the region is more than 27% of the total population of the region. Keeping all aspects in view, percentage of reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes for the region may be fixed as 6%, 27% and 17% respectively.

- **Note 1:** The expression 'by open competition' means all recruitments by Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) whether through written examination or by interview or by both; and recruitments made by other authorities including Staff Selection Commission or any other appointing authority through written competitive examination or tests (but not by interview alone). Any recruitment not made by the UPSC or not made through written competitive test held by any other authority would mean direct recruitment otherwise than by open competition.
- **Note 2:** In case of recruitment on local/regional/zonal/circle basis, SC/ST/OBC candidates not belonging to the concerned locality/region/ State/ zone/ circle shall also be eligible to get the benefit of reservation.
- 2.5 The members of the Other Backward Classes who fall in creamy layer shall not get the benefit of reservation. Criterion for determining creamy layer status amongst Other Backward Classes is given in the Annexure to this Chapter.

### **Quantum of Reservation in Promotion**

- 2.6 Reservation to the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes shall be provided in the matter of promotion when promotion is made:
  - (a) through Limited Departmental Competitive Examination in Group B, Group C and Group D posts;
  - (b) by selection from Group B post to a Group A post or in Group B, Group C and Group D posts; and
  - (c) by non-selection in Group A, Group B, Group C and Group D posts.

2.7 Reservation in all the above cases shall be given at the rate of 15 per cent for the Scheduled Castes and 7.5 per cent for the Scheduled Tribes. However, reservation in promotion is not given in the grades in which the element of direct recruitment, if any, exceeds 75 per cent [36012/17/88-Estt.(SCT) dated 25/4/1989].

### **Reservation in Scientific and Technical Posts**

- 2.8 Reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes apply to appointments made to "scientific and technical" posts up to and including the lowest grade of Group A in the respective services.
- 2.9 Such 'scientific and technical' posts which satisfy all the following conditions can be exempted from the purview of the reservation orders by the Ministries/Departments:
  - (i) The posts should be in grades above the lowest grade in Group A of the service concerned.
  - (ii) They should be classified as 'scientific or technical' in terms of Cabinet Secretariat (Department of Cabinet Affairs) [O.M. No. 85/11/CF-61(1) dated 28-12-1961] according to which scientific and technical posts for which qualification in the natural sciences or exact sciences or applied sciences or in technology are prescribed and the incumbents of which have to use that knowledge in the discharge of their duties.
  - (iii) The posts should be 'for conducting research' or 'for organizing, guiding and directing research'.
- 2.10 Orders of the Minister concerned should be obtained before exempting any posts satisfying the above conditions from the purview of the scheme of reservation.
- 2.11 In the case of scientific and technical posts required for research up to and inclusive of lowest grade of Group A of a service which are not exempt from the purview of reservation orders, reservation should be provided for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes as per the scheme of reservations, except that:
  - (i) reserved vacancies in such posts need be advertised only once and not twice;
  - (ii) In the event of non-availability of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes, vacancies in such posts may be dereserved by the administrative Ministry/Department concerned. However, the National Commission for Scheduled Castes or the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes or the National Commission for Backward Classes, as the case may be, and the Department of Personnel and Training should be informed about the dereservation together with the details and reasons necessitating de-reservation.

 $[\underline{O.M.No.9/2/73\text{-}Estt(SCT)} \quad dated \quad 23/06/75 \quad and \quad \underline{O.M.No.36012/27/1994\text{-}Estt(SCT)} \quad dated \quad 13/5/1994]$ 

### **Reservation in Posts of Industrial Workers**

2.12 The industrial establishments of the Government of India and the posts and grades in such establishments, whether these have been classified as group A, B, C and D or not, are covered by the scheme of reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes.

[O.M.No.8/7/1974-Estt.(SCT) dated 22/08/1975]

### **Reservation in Work-Charged Posts**

2.13 The principle of reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes should generally be suitably applied to the extent possible, to work-charged posts also except those required for emergencies like flood relief work, accident restoration and relief etc. The percentages of reservation in such appointments may correspond to what is applicable to Group C and Group D posts. [O.M.No.36021/9/1976-Estt.(SCT) dated 10/02/1977]

### **Reservation in Appointments of Daily Rated Staff**

2.14 While it may not be practical to apply the reservation orders in toto in respect of daily rated staff, it should be ensured that persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes are recruited in such manner as their overall representation does not go below the prescribed percentage of reservation for the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes respectively. [O.M.No.36011/18/81-Estt.(SCT) dated 16/07/1981]

### Reservation in Appointments of Casual Workers to Regular Posts

2.15 Appointment of casual workers against regular posts will be a case of direct recruitment. Hence all statutory requirements relating to filling up of posts by direct recruitment should be followed while regularizing the services of casual workers. General orders relating to reservation for persons belonging to SCs, STs and OBCs will be applicable in cases relating to regularization of casual workers. Vacancies meant for these categories of persons should be filled up by casual workers of respective reserved categories and the balance, if any, may be filled up by outsiders belonging to these categories, who are not casual workers. Casual workers, who do not belong to the

reserved categories, can be appointed against unreserved vacancies only. O.M.No.49014/12/1988-Estt( C ) dated 22/08/1988]

### **Reservation in Ad-hoc Promotions**

- 2.16 As a matter of basic approach, ad-hoc promotions should be avoided.. However, if ad-hoc promotions are to be made in exceptional circumstances, such as during pendency of court cases, protracted seniority disputes, non-framing of recruitment rules, unforeseen delay in direct recruitment or convening of DPCs for reasons beyond the control of the appointing authority etc., following guidelines may be followed on every occasion when ad-hoc promotions are resorted to so as to ensure that the claims of eligible officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are also duly considered:
  - (i) In cases where reservation orders for SCs and STs are applicable, the number of vacancies falling to the share of SCs and STs would be the same if the vacancies were to be filled on regular basis.
  - (ii) Since ad-hoc promotions are made on the basis of non-selection, all the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates covered in the relevant seniority list within the total number of such vacancies against which ad-hoc promotions are to be made, should be considered in the order of their general seniority as per the gradation list, on the principle of seniority-cum-fitness and if they are not adjudged unfit, they should all be promoted on ad-hoc basis.
  - (iii) If the number of SC/ST candidates found fit within the range of actual vacancies is less than the number of vacancies identified as falling to their share if the vacancies were filled on a regular basis, additional SC/ST candidates to the extent required should be located by going down the seniority list, provided they are eligible and found fit for such ad-hoc appointment.
  - (iv) All ad-hoc appointees have to be replaced by regular incumbents at the earliest opportunity. When regular promotions are made subsequently, reversion of the adhoc appointees should take place strictly in the reverse order of seniority, the juniormost candidate being reverted first. No special concessions are to be given to SC/ST candidates at the time of such reversion.

(v) There is no need for maintaining any separate formal register or roster register for adhoc promotions. The concept of de-reservation, carrying forward of reservation etc. will also not be applicable in the case of ad-hoc appointments. However, a simple register called Ad-hoc Promotions Register may be maintained for different categories of posts for which ad-hoc appointments are made to facilitate a record being kept of the ad-hoc appointments and for ensuring reversion in the proper order on regular promotions being made to the posts in question.

[No. 36011/14/83-Estt.(SCT) dated 30-4-1983 and O.M. No.36011/13/83-Estt.(SCT) dated 30/09/1983]

### Reservation in case of a Single Vacancy

2.17 In cases where only one vacancy occurs in the initial recruitment year and it, according to the scheme of reservation, is reserved for Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes or OBCs, it should be treated as unreserved and filled accordingly and the reservation should be carried forward to subsequent recruitment year. In the subsequent recruitment year, even if there is only one vacancy, it should be treated as "reserved" against the carried forward reservation from the initial recruitment year, and a Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Tribe/OBC candidate, if available, should be appointed in that vacancy, although it may happen to be the only vacancy in that recruitment year. This provision applies to direct recruitment as well as promotion. When the vacancy is treated as reserved, it shall be filled up as per the procedure prescribed for filling up of reserved vacancies. [36011/39/81-Estt.(SCT) dated 30/11/1981]

### Reservation in PSUs, Autonomous Bodies etc

2.18 Instructions contained in this Compendium relate to reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in posts/services under the Government of India. The Public Sector Undertakings, Statutory and Semi-Government Bodies, Autonomous Bodies/Institutions including Municipal Corporations, Cooperative Institutions, Universities etc. under the control of the Government, may make reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in their services on the lines of the reservations in services under Government. The Department of Public Enterprises, Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises may arrange for issue of suitable directives to the various public sector undertakings,

through the administrative Ministries concerned for making reservations for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in their services. The Ministries/Departments should take suitable action to provide for reservations for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in the services of the autonomous bodies/institutions which are receiving grants-in-aid from the Government of India by making suitable provision in the relevant statutes or in the Articles of Association of the respective bodies.[O.M.No.39/40/74(SCT)(I) dated 30/09/1974]

### **Reservation in Voluntary Agencies**

- 2.19 The Ministries/Departments should insist as a pre-condition to the sanction of grants-in-aid from Central Government to a non-Government organizations/ voluntary agency etc. that it shall provide reservation to the extent of 15% to SCs, 7.5% to STs and 27% to OBCs in case of direct recruitment on all India basis and as shown in the table under Para 2.1 (c) in case of direct recruitment to posts normally attracting candidates from a locality or region where:
  - (a) The recipient body employs more than 20 persons on a regular basis and at least 50 percent of its recurring expenditure is met from grants-in-aid from the Central Government; and
  - (b) The body is a registered society or a cooperative institution and is in receipt of a general purpose annual grants-in-aid of Rs.2lakh and above from the Consolidated Fund of India.
- 2.20 A clause providing for reservations in the services under the voluntary agencies should be included in the terms and conditions under which such voluntary agencies /organizations etc. are given grants-in-aid by Government, somewhat on the following lines:
  - "......(Name of Organization/ Agency etc.) agrees to make reservations for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in the posts/services under its control on the lines indicated by the Government of India."
- 2.21 While sanctioning grants-in-aid to various voluntary agencies the progress made by such agencies in employing Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Class candidates in their services should be kept in view by the administrative Ministries/Departments. The voluntary

agencies etc. should be informed that the progress in respect to the employment by them of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and OBCs in the services under them would be taken into account by Government while sanctioning future grants-in-aid to them.[O.M.No.27/12/73-Estt.SCT] dated 7/10/1974]

### Non-Applicability of Reservation

### 2.22 Reservations do not apply to:

- (i) Temporary appointments of less than 45 days duration; [O.M.No.27/4/67(II)-Estt.(SCT) dated 24/09/1968]
- (ii) Work-charged posts which are required for emergencies like flood relief work, accident restoration and relief etc. [36021/9/76-Estt.(SCT) 10/2/1977]
- (iii) Promotions by selection method from a Group 'A' post to another Group 'A' post.[ 36028/21/7/2003-Estt.(SCT) dated 29/01/2004]
- (iv) Appointments to Scientific and Technical posts which are above the lowest rung of Group 'A'.[O.M.No.36012/27/1994-Estt(SCT) dated 13/05/1994
- (v) Deputation/Absorption.[O.M.No.36012/7/77-Estt(SCT) dated 21/01/1978]
- (vi) Single post cadres

# Relevant Office Memoranda etc.

1.	MHA O.M. No.42/21/49-NGS	28.1.1952
2.	MHA O.M. No.16/2/54-(SCT)	23.11.1954
3.	MHA O.M. No.5/1/63-SCT(I)	4.3.1964
4.	MHA O.M. No.16/2/67 -Est.(C)	27.9.1967
5.	MHA O.Ms. No. 1/12/67-Est.(C)	11.7.1968
6.	No.17/4/69-Estt.(SCT)	3.2.1970
7.	MHA OM No.27/25/68-Est.(SCT)	25.3.1970
8.	<u>DP&amp;AR O.M. No.27/2/71-Est. (SCT)</u>	27.11.1972
9.	<u>DP&amp;AR O.M. No.10/41/73-Est.(SCT)</u>	20.7.1974
10.	MHA O.M. No.39/40/74-SCT(I)	30.9.1974
11.	<u>DP&amp;AR O.M. No.27/12/73-Estt.(SCT)</u>	7.10.1974
12.	<u>DP&amp;AR O.M. No.9/2/73-Est. (SCT)</u>	23.6.1975
13.	<u>DP&amp;AR O.M. No.8/7/74-Est.(SCT)</u>	22.8.1975
14.	DP&AR O.M. No.36021/9/76-Estt.(SCT)	10.2.1977
15.	DP&AR O.M. No.36012/7/77-Est.(SCT)	21.1.1978

16.	DP&AR O.M. No.36011/18/81-Est.(SCT)	16.7.1981
17.	DP&AR OM No.36011/39/81-Estt.(SCT)	30.11.1981
18.	DP&AR OM No.36011/14/83-Estt.(SCT)	30.4.1983
19.	Dep. Per &AR O.M. No.36011/13/83-Est.(SCT)	30.9.1983
20.	Dep. Per &AR O.M. No.36011/14/83-Est.(SCT)	30.4.1983
21.	Dep. Per & Trg OM No. 36011/13/88-Estt(SCT)	22.8.1988
22.	O.M.No.49014/12/1988-Estt( C)	22/08/1988
23.	DOP&T O.M. No.36022/4/93-Estt.(SCT)	1.6.1993
24.	DOP&T O.M. No.41015/9/93-Estt.(SCT)	7.6.1993
25.	DOPT OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt(Res)	8.9.1993
26.	DOPT OM No.36012/22/93-Estt(Res)	15.11.1993
27.	DOPT OM No. 36012/27/94-Estt(SCT)	13.5.1994
28.	<u>DOPT OM No. 36012/18/95-Estt(Res) Pt.II</u>	13.8.1997
29.	DOPT OM NO. 36012/27/2000-Estt(Res)	15.3.2002
30.	DOPT OM NO. 36033/3/2004-Estt(Res)	14.10.2008

# **Annexure to Chapter- 2**

# <u>CRITERION FOR DETERMINING CREAMY LAYER</u>

# [O.M.No.36012/22/93-Estt(SCT) dated 08/09/1993]

Category	Description of Category	Who will fall in Creamy Layer
1.	2	3
I.	CONSTITUTIONAL POSTS	Son(s) and daughter(s) of
		(a) President of India;
		(b) Vice President of India;
		(c) Judges of the Supreme Court and of the High Courts;
		(d) Chairman & Members of UPSC and of the State Public Service Commission; Chief Election Commissioner; Comptroller & Auditor General of India;
		(e) Persons holding Constitutional positions of like nature.
II.	SERVICE CATEGORY	
	A. Group A / Class I officers of the All	Sons(s) and daughter(s) of
	India Central and State Services (Direct Recruits)	(a) parents, both of whom are Class I officers;
	(Breet Rectuits)	(b) parents, either of whom is a Class I officer;
		(c) parents, both of whom are Class I officers, but one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.
		(d) Parents, either of whom is a Class I officers and such parent dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years.
		(e) Parents, both of whom are Class I officers die or suffer permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation of the both, either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years.
		Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases:
		(a) Sons and daughters of parents either of

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		whom or both of whom are Class I officers and such parent(s) dies / die or suffer permanent incapacitation.
		(b) A lady belonging to OBC category has got married to a Class I officer, and may herself like to apply for a job.
B.	Group B/Class II officers of the	Son(s) and daughter(s) of
	Central & State Services (Direct Recruitment)	(a) Parents both of whom are Class II officers.
		(b) parents of whom only the husband is a Class II officers and he gets into Class I at the age of 40 or earlier.
		(c) Parents, both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and either one of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before such death or permanent incapacitation;
		(d) Parents of whom the husband is a Class I officer (direct recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the wife is a Class II officers and the wife dies; or suffers permanent incapacitation; and
		(e) Parents, of whom the wife is a Class I officer ( Direct Recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the husband is a Class II officer and the husband dies or suffers permanent incapacitation
		Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases:
		Sons and daughters of
		(a) Parents both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.
		(b) Parents, both of whom are Class II officers and both of them die or suffer permanent incapacitation, even though either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before their death or permanent incapacitation.
C.	Employees in Public Sector Undertakings etc.	The criteria enumerated in A&B above in this Category will apply mutatis mutandis to officers holding equivalent or comparable posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance Organisations, Universities, etc. and also to equivalent or comparable posts and positions under private employment, pending the evaluation of the posts on equivalent or comparable basis in these institutions, the criteria specified in Category VI

		below will apply to the officers in these Institutions.	
III.	ARMED FORCES INCLUDING PARAMILITARY FORCES (Persons holding civil posts are not included)	Son(s) and daughter(s) of parents either or both of whom is or are in the rank of Colonel and above in the Army and to equivalent posts in the Navy and the Air Force and the Para Military Forces;	
		Provided that :-	
		(i) If the wife of an Armed Forces Officers is herself in the Armed Forces (i.e., the category under consideration) the rule of exclusion will apply only when she herself has reached the rank of Colonel;	
		(ii) The service ranks below Colonel of husband and wife shall not be clubbed together;	
		(iii) If the wife of an officer in the Armed Forces is in civil employment, this will not be taken into account for applying the rule of exclusion unless she falls in the service category under item No.II in which case the criteria and conditions enumerated therein will apply to her independently.	
IV	PROFESSIONAL CLASS AND THOSE ENGAGED IN TRADE AND INDUSTRY		
	(I) Persons, engaged in profession as a 'doctor, lawyer, chartered accountant, Income Tax consultant, financial or management consultant, dental surgeon, engineer, architect, computer specialist, film artists and other film professional, author, playwright, sports person, sports professional, media professional or any other vocations of like status.	Criteria specified against Category VI will apply:-	
	(II) Persons engaged in trade, business and industry.	Criteria specified against Category VI will apply: Explanation:	
		(i) Where the husband is in some profession and the wife is in Class II or lower grade employment, the income / wealth test will apply only on the basis of the husband's income.	
		(ii) If the wife is in any profession and the husband is in employment in a Class II or lower rank post, then the income / wealth criterion will apply only on the basis of the wife's income and the husband's income will not be clubbed with it.	
V.	PROPERTY OWNERS		
	A. Agricultural holdings	Son(s) and daughter(s) of persons belonging to a	

		family (father, mother and minor children) which owns
		(a) Only irrigated land which is equal to or more than 85% of the statutory area, or
		(b) Both irrigated and unirrigated land, as follows:-
		(i) The rule of exclusion will apply where the pre-condition exists that the irrigated area (having been brought to a single type under a common denominator) 40% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land (this being calculated by excluding the unirrigated portion). If this pre condition of not less than 40% exists, then only the area of unirrigated land will be taken into account. This will be done by converting the unirrigated land on the basis of the conversion formula existing, into the irrigated type. The irrigated area so computed from unirrigated land shall be added to the actual area of irrigated land and if after such clubbing together the total area in terms of irrigated land is 80% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land, then the rule of exclusion will apply and disentitlement will occur.
		(iii) The rule of exclusion will not apply if the land holding of a family is exclusively unirrigated.
	B. Plantations	
	(i) Coffee, tea, rubber, etc.	Criteria of income / wealth specified in Category VI below will apply.
	(ii) Mango, citrus, apply plantations etc.	Deemed as agricultural holding and hence criteria at A above under this Category will apply.
	C. Vacant land and / or buildings in	Criteria specified in Category VI below will apply.
	urban areas or urban agglomerations	Explanation: Building may be used for residential, industrial or commercial purpose and the like two or more such purposes.
VI.	INCOME / WEALTH TEST	Son(s) and daughter(s) of
		(a) Persons having gross annual income of Rs.6 lakh or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years
		(b) Persons in Categories I, II, III and V A who are not disentitled to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources of wealth which will bring them within the income / wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above.

Explanation:
(i) Income from salaries or agricultura land shall not be clubbed;
(ii) The income criteria in terms of rupee will be modified taking into account the change in its value every three years. If the situation however, so demands, the interregnum may be less.

**Explanation**: Wherever the expression "permanent incapacitation" occurs in this statement, it shall mean incapacitation which results in putting an officer out of service.

**Note1**: Sons and daughters of:

- (a) parents either of whom or both of whom are directly recruited Class I/Group A officers and such parent(s) dies/die or suffers/suffer permanent incapacitation while in service;
- (b) parents both of whom are directly recruited Class II/Group B officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation while in service; and
- (c) parents both of whom are directly recruited Class II/Group B officers and both of them die or suffer permanent incapacitation while in service, even though either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organization like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before their death or permanent incapacitation

shall not be treated to be falling in creamy layer. But if the parent(s) dies/die or suffers/suffer permanent incapacitation in such cases after retirement from service, his/their sons and daughters would be treated to be falling in creamy layer and would not get the benefit of reservation.

- **Note 2**: Sons and daughters of parents who are included in the creamy layer on the basis of service status of their parents shall continue to be treated in creamy layer even if their parents have retired or have died after retirement.
- **Note 3**: Sons and daughters of parents of whom only the husband is a directly recruited Class II/Group B officer who gets into Class I/Group A at the age of 40 or earlier are treated to be in creamy layer. If the father is directly recruited Class III/Group C or Class IV/Group D employee and he gets into Class I/Group A at the age of 40 or earlier, his sons and daughters shall not be treated to be falling in creamy layer.
- **Note 4**: The creamy layer status of a candidate is determined on the basis of the status of his parents and not on the basis of his own status or income or on the basis of status or income of his/her spouse. Therefore, while determining the creamy layer status of a person the status or the income of the candidate himself or of his/her spouse shall not be taken into account.
- **Note 5**: The creamy layer status of sons and daughters of persons employed in organizations where equivalence or comparability of posts vis-à-vis posts in Government has not been evaluated is determined as follows:

"Income of the parents from the salaries and from the other sources [other than salaries and agricultural land] is determined separately. If either the income of the parents from the salaries or the income of the parents from other sources

[other than salaries and agricultural land] exceeds the limit of Rs.6 lakh per annum for a period of three consecutive years, the sons and daughters of such persons shall be treated to fall in creamy layer. But the sons and daughters of parents whose income from salaries is less than Rs. 6 lakh per annum and income from other sources is also less than Rs.6 lakh per annum will not be treated as falling in creamy layer even if the sum of the income from salaries and the income from the other sources is more than Rs.6 lakh per annum for a period of three consecutive years. It may be noted that income from agricultural land is not taken into account while applying the Test."

**Note 6**: While applying the Income/Wealth Test to determine creamy layer status of any candidate as given in Category-VI, income from the salaries and income from the agricultural land shall not be taken into account. It means that if income from salaries of the parents of any candidate is more than Rs. 6 lakh per annum, income from agricultural land is more than Rs.6 lakh per annum, but income from sources other than salaries and agriculture is less than Rs. 6 lakh per annum, the candidate shall not be treated to be falling in creamy layer on the basis of Income/Wealth Test provided his parent(s) do not possess wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years.

[O.M.No.36012/22/1993-Estt(SCT) dated 8/9/1993, No.36033/5/2004-Estt(SCT) dated 14/10/2004 and 36033/1/2013-Estt(Res) dated 27/5/2013]

### **CHAPTER-3**

### **RELAXATIONS AND CONCESSIONS**

### **Concession in Promotions within Group A**

3.1 There is no reservation in case of promotion by 'selection' from a Group A post to another Group A post. But when promotion by 'selection' is made from a Group A post to a Group A post carrying Grade pay of Rs.8700/- or less, the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers, who are senior enough in the zone of consideration for promotion so as to be within the number of vacancies for which the select list has to be drawn up, would be included in that list provided they are not considered unfit for promotion. Their position in the select list would, however, be same as assigned to them by the Departmental Promotion Committee on the basis of their record of service. [O.M No. 36028/8/2009-Estt(Res) dt.7.6.2013]

**Note:** Fitness of the SC/ST officers in such cases would be assessed keeping in view the duties and responsibilities attached to the post and not on the basis of benchmark, if any, prescribed for promotion to the post.

### **Consideration for Appointment by Deputation and Absorption**

3.2 Reservations do not apply to posts filled by deputation or absorption, but whenever a Ministry/Department/Attached Office/Subordinate Office etc. propose to depute, in public interest, officers serving under them to a post in or under another Ministry/Department etc., the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe employees serving under them, who are eligible to be sent on deputation should also be considered along with other eligible employees for such deputation. The Ministries/Departments under whose control the posts to be filled by deputation or absorption arise, should also, while selecting persons for such post(s), duly consider the cases of eligible Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe employees whose names have been forwarded, for appointment on deputation or absorption to those posts. Where the number of posts to be filled on deputation or absorption by any employing Ministry or Office is fairly substantial, the employing Ministry/Head of Office concerned should endeavor to see that a fair proportion of such posts is filled by employees belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, subject of course, to availability from

the feeder categories of qualified persons belonging to these communities.[DP&AR OM No. 36021/6/75-Estt(SCT), dt. 9.10.1975 and DP&AR O.M No36012/7/77-Estt (SCT) dt. 21.1.1978].

### **Age Relaxation in Direct Recruitment**

3.3 The maximum age-limit prescribed for direct recruitment to a service or post shall be increased by 5 years in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and by 3 years in the case of candidates belonging to OBCs.[MHA No.15/1/55-SCT dt.30.4.1955, OM No. 43013/2/95-Estt(SCT), dt. 25.1.1995]

### **Age Relaxation in Promotion**

3.4 Where an upper age-limit not exceeding 50 years is prescribed for promotion to a service/post, it shall be relaxed by 5 years in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. This, however, would not apply to posts which have arduous field duties or are meant for operational safety and to posts in para-Military Organizations. [O.M No. 21/9/70-Estt(SCT), dt.8.12.1971]

### **Concession in Fee**

3.5 The candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes will not be required to pay any fees for admission to any recruitment examination/selection.[O.M No. 36011/3/84-Estt(SCT) dt. 1.7.1985]

### Relaxation of Experience Qualification for SCs and STs in Direct Recruitment

3.6 Where some period of experience is prescribed as an essential qualification for direct recruitment to a post, and where, in the opinion of the Ministry/Department concerned, the relaxation of the experience qualification will not be inconsistent with efficiency, a provision should be inserted under the 'Essential Qualification' in the relevant Recruitment Rules as at (a) or (b) below to enable the Union Public Service Commission/competent authority to relax the 'experience'

qualification in the case of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates in the circumstances mentioned in the provisions:-

(a) Where the post is filled by direct recruitment through the Union Public Service Commission, the provision to be inserted will be:

"The qualification regarding experience is relaxable at the discretion of the Union Public Service Commission in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes, if at any stage of selection, the Union Public Service Commission is of the opinion that sufficient number of candidates from these communities possessing the requisite experience are not likely to be available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them. The appointing authority shall record the reasons for relaxing the qualifications regarding experience in writing while doing so."

(b) Where the post is filled by direct recruitment otherwise than through the Union Public Service Commission, the provision to be inserted will be:

"The qualification regarding experience is relaxable at the discretion of the competent authority in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes, if at any stage of selection the competent authority is of the opinion that sufficient number of candidates from these communities possessing the requisite experience are not likely to be available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them. The appointing authority shall record the reasons for relaxing the qualifications regarding experience in writing while doing so."

3.7 When any vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are advertised or intimated to the Employment Exchange, it should be specifically mentioned in the advertisement/requisition that the period of experience prescribed is relaxable, at the discretion of the Union Public Service Commission or the competent authority, as the case may be, in the case of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates as provided in the Recruitment Rules. This is intended to ensure that the aspirants who may fall slightly short of the requisite experience may know about the possibility of relaxation in this regard. [DP&AR O.M No.27/10/71-Estt (SCT) dt. 5.9.1975]

### Relaxation of Standard of Suitability in Direct Recruitment

- 3.8 In direct recruitment whether by examination or otherwise, if sufficient number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class candidates are not available on the basis of the general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them, candidates belonging to these communities should be selected to fill up the remaining vacancies reserved for them provided they are not found unfit for such post or posts. Thus, to the extent the number of vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes cannot be filled on the basis of general standard, candidates belonging to these communities will be taken by relaxed standard to make up the deficiency in the reserved quota, subject to the fitness of these candidates for appointment to the post/posts in question. [MHA O.M No. 1/1/70-Estt (SCT), 25.7.1970]
- 3.9 In addition to the concession referred to above, in cases where the requisite number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class candidates fulfilling even the relaxed standards admissible in their cases are not available to fill the vacancies reserved for them in non-technical and quasi-technical Group C and D services/posts required to be filled by direct recruitment otherwise than by written examination, the selecting authorities should, to the extent of the vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class, select for appointment the best among the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class candidates who fulfill the minimum educational qualifications laid down in the notice for recruitment of advertisement. In order to bring such candidates to the minimum standard necessary for the posts and for the maintenance of efficiency of administration, they should be given in-service training. The in-service training will be provided by the appointing authorities within their own offices. Such candidates will, on their appointment, be placed on probation and the rules/orders regarding probation will apply to them.
- 3.10 Ministries /Departments should instruct all authorities under them to prepare a list of non-technical and quasi-technical posts in Group C and D to which the provisions given above apply. While notifying vacancies in such posts or advertising them, it should be indicated that the posts are non-technical in Group C and D. (O.M.No 24/7/67(I)-Estt.(SCT) dated 24/9/1968)

### **No Relaxation in Educational Qualification**

3.11 Where an educational qualification has been prescribed in the recruitment rules, all candidates including the SC, ST and OBC candidates shall satisfy the said qualification. Sometimes, a minimum number of marks or a minimum grade is prescribed as part of the educational qualification in the recruitment rules. In such cases, the minimum marks/grade so prescribed shall uniformly apply to all candidates including SC, ST and OBC candidates. [OM No. 36011/8/84-Estt(SCT) dt. 29.5.1985]

### Relaxation of Standards in Departmental Competitive / Qualifying Examinations

- 3.12 If in case of promotions made through departmental competitive examinations, sufficient number of Schedule Caste / Scheduled Tribe candidates are not available on the basis of general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them, Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates who have not acquired the general qualifying standard can also be considered for promotion to fill up the remaining vacancies reserved for them provided they are not found unfit for such promotions. In other words, the qualifying standard in such examinations can be relaxed in favour of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates if sufficient number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates is not available on the basis of general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them.
- 3.13 In promotions made on the basis of seniority subject to fitness in which there is reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and where a qualifying examination is held to determine the fitness of candidates for such promotion, suitable relaxation in the qualifying standard in such examination should be made in the case of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates. Similar relaxation of standard should be made in favor of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates in such departmental qualifying examinations for promotions also, where promotion is made by selection and merit is determined by qualifying examination out of the qualified candidates. The extent of relaxation in above cases should be decided on each occasion whenever such an examination is held taking into account all relevant factors including (i) the number of vacancies reserved, (ii) the performance of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates as well as general candidates in that examination, (iii) the minimum standard of fitness for appointment to the post, and also (iv) the overall strength of the cadre and that of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in that cadre. [DP&AR O.M No. 36021/10/76-Estt(SCT), 21.1.1977]

# Relevant Office Memoranda etc.

1	MHA No.15/1/55-SCT	30.4.1955
2	MHA OM No. 1/9/69-Estt(SCT)	26.3.1970
3	DP & AR OM No. 1/10/74-Estt(SCT)	23.12.1974
4	DP & AR OM No. 27/10/71-Estt(SCT)	5.9.1975
5	DOPT OM No. 36021/6/1975-Estt(SCT)	9.10.1975
6	DOP&T O.M. No.15012/2/81-Est.(D)	8.4.1981
7	<u>DP &amp; AR OM No.D-1458/81-Estt(SCT)</u>	21.5.1981
8	DOPT OM No. 36011/8/84-Estt(SCT)	29.5.1985
9	DOPT O.M. No. 36013/3/84-Estt. (SCT)	1.7.1985
10	DOPT OM No. 36012/23/96-Estt(Res) Vol.II	3.10.2000

### **CHAPTER-4**

# **DETERMINATION OF RESERVATION QUOTA**

### **Determination of Number of Reserved Posts**

4.1 Number of posts reserved for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in a cadre having more than 13 posts shall be determined by multiplying the cadre strength by the percentage of reservation prescribed for respective categories. While doing so, fractions, if any, shall be ignored.

**Illustration**: Suppose a grade in a service where reservation in promotion is available, has a total of 600 sanctioned posts, 50% of which are filled by direct recruitment on all India basis by open competition and 50% are filled by promotion by non-selection. Number of posts reserved for Scheduled Castes in case of direct recruitment would be equal to 300x 15/100 which comes to 45. Number of posts reserved for scheduled Tribes would be equal to 300x7.5/100, which after ignoring the fraction comes to 22 and number of posts reserved for Other Backward Classes would be equal to 300x27/100 i.e. 81. Similarly, the number of posts reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in case of promotion would be 45 and 22 respectively. It may be noted that the number of reserved posts for Scheduled Tribes comes to 22.5 in case of direct recruitment as well as promotion. Exact number of reserved posts is arrived at by ignoring the fraction.

4.2 If the number of posts in a cadre is 2 or more than 2 but less than 14, reservation is provided as per L-shaped rosters prescribed vide Department of Personnel & Training OM No. 36012/2/96-Estt(Res) dated 02.07.1997. These L-shaped rosters are nothing but 14- Point rosters given below. Thus in cadres with 2 posts but less than 14 posts, reservation shall be provided by rotation on the basis of following 14-point rosters:

ROSTER POINTS	DIRECT RECRUITMENT	PROMOTION
(i)	(ii)	(iii)
1.	UR	UR
2.	UR	UR
3.	UR	UR
4.	OBC	UR

5.	UR	UR
6.	UR	UR
7.	SC	SC
8.	OBC	UR
9.	UR	UR
10.	UR	UR
11.	UR	UR
12	OBC	UR
13.	UR	UR
14.	ST	ST

**Note 1**: The term 'cadre strength' used in relation to calculation of reservation/ maintenance of reservation registers /rosters means number of posts required to be filled by a particular mode of recruitment in terms of the applicable recruitment rules. In a grade comprising 200 posts, where the recruitment rules prescribe a ratio of 40:40:20 for direct recruitment, promotion and deputation/absorption respectively, the cadre strength for direct recruitment shall be 80 and cadre strength for promotion shall be 80. Since there is no reservation in case of deputation/absorption, 40 posts will not be subject to reservation.

**Note 2**: Where the recruitment is made vacancy based, it is possible that at any given point of time share of direct recruitment may increase and share of promotion may correspondingly decrease or vice-versa. In such cases cadre strength for direct recruitment and cadre strength for promotion may change from year to year. Consequently, number of reserved posts in direct recruitment quota and number of reserved posts in promotion quota would change from year to year. Likewise, if there is any increase or decrease in the cadre strength for any other reason, the number of reserved posts shall increase or decrease accordingly.

**Note 3**: Excess or shortfall of reservation, which may arise due to change in cadre strength, shall be adjusted/made up in subsequent recruitments.

### **Determination of Reserved Vacancies**

4.3 While filling up of vacancies in a year, efforts shall be made to make up the shortfall of reservation for all the three categories, namely, SCs, STs and OBCs subject, however, to the condition that total number of vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and OBCs is not more than 50% of the vacancies of the year.

- 4.4 The ceiling of 50% reservation on filling of reserved vacancies would apply only to the vacancies which arise in the current year and the backlog reserved vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs in case of direct recruitment and backlog reserved vacancies of SCs and STs in case of promotion of earlier years, would be treated as a separate and distinct group, and would not be considered together with the reserved vacancies of the year in which they are filled for determining the ceiling of 50% reservation on total number of vacancies of that year.
- **Note 1**: **Shortfall of reservation** of a particular reserved category in a cadre means the difference between the 'total number of reserved posts for that category in the cadre' and 'the number of persons of that category appointed by reservation and holding the posts in the cadre'.
- **Note 2**: **Backlog reserved vacancies** of a category are those vacancies which were earmarked reserved for that category in an earlier recruitment year but remained unfilled in the previous recruitment attempt on account of non availability of suitable candidates belonging to that category and are still lying unfilled.
- 4.5 Given below is an illustration which would clarify the method of earmarking reservation for SCs, STs, and OBCs.
  - (i) There is a cadre having a total number of 1000 posts which are filled by direct recruitment on all India basis by open competition. The number of SC, ST and OBC employees appointed by reservation in the cadre should ideally be 150, 75 and 270 respectively when all the posts are filled.
  - (ii) Suppose all the 1000 posts stood filled in the year 2006 but the number of SC, ST and OBC employees appointed by reservation was 130, 75 and 100 respectively. There was, thus, a shortfall of 20 SCs and 170 OBCs in the cadre in that year, though all the posts were filled.
  - (iii) (a) Suppose 200 vacancies occurred in the cadre in the recruitment year 2007, of which 20 were vacated by SCs, 10 by STs and rest by unreserved category candidates. After vacation of these posts, shortfall of SCs, STs and OBCs in the cadre became 40, 10 and 170 respectively. Though there was a big shortfall of SCs, STs and OBCs in the cadre, only 100 of these vacancies could be earmarked reserved because all the 200 vacancies were current vacancies and limit of 50% on reservation in a year would apply on these vacancies.
    - (b) Shortfall of SCs and OBCs was more than 15% and 27% respectively of the current vacancies. Therefore, 15% of the current vacancies were straightway earmarked reserved for SCs and 27% for OBCs i.e. 30 vacancies were earmarked reserved for SCs and 54 for the OBCs. Shortfall of STs was 10 which is less than 7.5% of total vacancies. Therefore, only 10 vacancies were earmarked reserved for STs. Applying the above principle, 94 vacancies were earmarked

reserved. This left room for 6 {100-(30+54+10)} more vacancies to be earmarked reserved to make up the shortfall. These 6 vacancies were apportioned between SCs and OBCs in the ratio of percentage of reservation prescribed for these categories viz. 15: 27, i.e. 2 for SCs and 4 for OBCs (fractions rounded off to the nearest whole number). However, while making such distribution, it has to be kept in view that the number of vacancies earmarked reserved for any category is not more than the shortfall of that category. Thus, final earmarking of reservation in respect of the vacancies for the year 2007 was 32 for SCs, 10 for STs and 58 for OBCs.

- (c) Suppose only 20 SC candidates, 5 ST candidates and 50 OBC candidates could be appointed in the recruitment year 2007 against the vacancies reserved for them. Thus, 12 vacancies of SCs, 5 vacancies of STs and 8 vacancies of OBCs which were earmarked reserved could not be filled and remained vacant. These 12 vacancies of SCs, 5 vacancies of STs and 8 vacancies of OBCs which were earmarked reserved but remained vacant in the recruitment attempt will be treated as backlog reserved vacancies for the subsequent recruitment year. After the recruitment process for the year 2007 was over, total number of posts filled was 975, of which 130, 70 and 150 were held respectively by SCs, STs and OBCs. It may be noted that shortfall of reservation of SCs, STs and OBCs at this stage was 20, 5 and 120 respectively. However, number of backlog reserved vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs was 12, 5 and 8 respectively.
- (iv) Suppose 200 vacancies occurred in the recruitment year 2008 of which 20 were vacated by SCs, 10 by STs and 20 by OBCs. At this stage shortfall of SCs, STs and OBCs was 40, 15 and 140 respectively. Total vacancies in the year were 200+12+5+8=225, of which 200 were current vacancies and 25 vacancies. While earmarking reservation, 25 backlog reserved vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs will be treated as a separate and distinct group and will be kept reserved-12 for SCs, 5 for STs and 8 for OBCs. Of the 200 current vacancies, not more than 100 can be earmarked reserved. By applying the same principles as in the year 2007, out of 200 current vacancies, 28 were earmarked reserved for SCs, 10 for STs and 62 for OBCs. Thus the number of vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and OBCs in the recruitment year 2008, including the backlog reserved vacancies, were 40, 15 and 70 respectively. If only 35 SCs, 12 STs and 50 OBCs become available to fill up the reserved vacancies, 5 vacancies of SCs, 3 vacancies of STs and 20 vacancies of OBCs will be kept vacant and will be treated as backlog reserved vacancies for the subsequent recruitment year.

#### (O.M.No.36033/1/2008-Estt.(Res.)15/07/2008)

4.6 In case of cadres where reservation is given by rotation, number of reserved vacancies will be determined as per roster points. It would have to be kept in view that not more than 50 per cent of current vacancies of a year are reserved and total reservation in the cadre does not exceed the limit of 50%. If at any stage, filling up of a vacancy results into more than 50% reservation in the cadre, reservation shall be skipped.

# Relevant Office Memoranda etc.

1	DOPT OM NO. 36012/2/1996-Estt(Res)	2.7.1997
2	DOPT OM No 36033/1/2008-Estt(Res)	15.7.2008

### **CHAPTER - 5**

### RESERVATION REGISTERS AND ROSTER REGISTERS

- 5.1 In case of cadres having more than 13 posts, all appointing authorities should maintain reservation registers in the format given in **Annexure-I.**
- 5.2 Reservation roster registers will be maintained in format given in the **Annexure-II** for cadres having less than 14 posts.
- 5.3 Following principles shall be followed for preparation and maintenance of reservation registers and reservation roster registers:
  - (a) Separate registers/ roster registers shall be maintained for appointments made by direct recruitment and promotion. In case of promotion, separate registers / roster registers shall be maintained for each mode of promotion viz. limited competitive examination, selection, non-selection, etc.
  - (b) A common register / roster register shall be maintained for permanent appointments and temporary appointments likely to become permanent or to continue indefinitely.
  - (c) A separate register / roster register shall be maintained for purely temporary appointments of 45 days or more but which have no chance whatever of becoming permanent or continuing indefinitely.
  - (d) Immediately after an appointment is made, the particulars of the person appointed shall be entered in the register / roster register in the appropriate columns and the entry signed by the appointing authority or by an officer authorized to do so.
  - (e) No gap shall be left in completing the register / roster register.
  - (f) The register / roster register shall be maintained in the form of a running account year after year. For example if recruitment in a year stops at point 6, recruitment in the following year shall begin from point 7.
  - (g) If reservation register becomes unwieldy or difficult to manage, a fresh register may be started by applying the method of initial preparation of registers.
  - (h) In case of cadres where reservation is given by rotation, fresh cycle of roster shall be started after completion of all the points in the roster.

- (i) Since reservation does not apply to deputation/absorption, where the recruitment rules prescribe a percentage of posts to be filled by these methods, such posts shall be excluded for determining reservations.
- (j) After every recruitment year, an account shall be noted in the reservation register indicating representation of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes/Other Backward Classes and details of backlog reserved vacancies etc.

**Note**: Reservation registers / roster registers are only an aid to ensure that Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes get quota reserved for them. These registers/roster registers do not determine seniority.

#### **Grouping of Posts**

- 5.4 In the case of posts filled by direct recruitment, small cadres may be grouped with posts in the same group for the purpose of reservation orders taking into account the status, salary and qualifications prescribed for the posts in question.
- 5.5 The posts of Sweepers should not be grouped for the purpose of reservation, with other categories of Group D posts, even though the number of posts of Sweepers may not be large in an office /establishment.
- 5.6 Proposals for grouping of posts should be referred to the Department of Personnel & Training for prior approval together with full particulars of the posts proposed to be grouped together in the following respect:
  - (i) Designation and number of each post.
  - (ii) Group to which the posts belong i.e. Group A, Group B, Group C or Group D.
  - (iii) Scale of pay of each post.
  - (iii) Method of recruitment for each post as provided in the recruitment rules.
  - (iv) Minimum qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment to each post.
- 5.7 While reservations would be made according to the groups as provided above, the total reservation in any of the posts/services so grouped should not exceed 50 per cent of the vacancies to be filled in it i.e. in the particular post/service, in a recruitment year. The total reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs in any post or service should also not exceed 50 percent of the total number of posts in the particular post/service.

#### **Initial Preparation of Reservation Register / Roster**

- 5.8 In order to prepare the reservation register initially, names of all the candidates holding the post as on the date of starting the reservation register may be entered in the register starting with the earliest appointee who was in the cadre as on the date of start of register. If an appointee in the cadre is a Scheduled Caste candidate, SC may be entered in column 4 of the register against his name. If that candidate was appointed by reservation, SC may be written in column 5 also but if he was appointed on his own merit, UR will be written in column 5. If the next appointee is a general category candidate, general shall be written in column 4 against his name and UR in column 5, and so on till all the appointments are adjusted. After making entries as indicated above, details about the number of SC, ST and OBC candidates appointed by reservation, backlog reserved vacancies, if any, may be indicated in 'Remarks' column.
- 5.9 After initial preparation of the register, the names of persons appointed thereafter may be added by filling up the columns as stated above.
- 5.10 Roster registers shall be maintained for cadres with 2 to 13 posts. For preparing roster, names of all the incumbents in the cadre as on 2.7.1997 may be entered in the register starting from the earliest appointee. If an appointee in the cadre is a Scheduled Caste candidate, SC may be entered in column 5 of the register against his name. If that candidate was appointed by reservation, SC may be written in column 6 also but if he was appointed on his own merit, UR will be written in column 6. If the next appointee is a general category candidate, general shall be written in column 5 against his name and UR in column 6, and so on till all appointments are adjusted. In doing so, a general category candidate may appear on a reserved point and an SC/ST/OBC candidate may appear against an unreserved point. If name of an SC/ST/OBC candidate appointed by reservation is entered against a general point, entries may be made in remarks column against that point and also against nearest point reserved for SCs/STs/OBCs, as the case may be, to the effect that such a candidate is to be treated to have been adjusted against the relevant reserved point. Likewise, entries will be made in remarks column for candidates who are appointed as general category

candidates but whose names appear against reserved points. Similar adjustments will be made in respect of SC candidates appearing against a point reserved for STs or OBCs and so on. After all the 14 points are consumed, fresh cycle of the roster may be started. As many roster points may be treated to have been consumed on the date of start of the roster register as many employees occupy the roster points as on the date of start of the register. From that point onward, vacancies may be filled as per roster points subject to adjustment of reserved category candidates appointed by reservation and general category candidates as explained above.

#### **SC/ST/OBC Candidates Appointed on Merit**

- 5.11 SC, ST and OBC candidates in case of direct recruitment and SC and ST candidates in case of promotion, appointed on their own merit and not owing to reservation should not be shown against reserved quota. They will be adjusted against unreserved quota.
- 5.12 If an unreserved vacancy arises in a cadre and there is any SC/ST candidate within the normal zone of consideration in the feeder grade, such SC/ST candidate cannot be denied promotion on the plea that the post is not reserved. Such a candidate will be considered for promotion along with other candidates treating him as if he belongs to general category. In case he is selected, he will be appointed to the post and will be adjusted against the unreserved point.
- 5.13 Only such SC/ST/OBC candidates who are selected on the same standard as applied to general candidates shall be treated as own merit candidates. If any SC/ST/OBC candidate is selected by getting any relaxation in experience qualification, number of permitted chances in written examination, zone of consideration etc., he/she shall be counted against reserved vacancies. Such a candidate cannot be considered for appointment against an unreserved vacancy.
- 5.14 SC/ST candidates appointed on their own merit (by direct recruitment or promotion) and adjusted against unreserved points will retain their status of SC/ST and will be eligible to get benefit of reservation in future/further promotions, if any.
- 5.15 50% limit on reservation will be computed by excluding such reserved category candidates who are appointed/ promoted on their own merit.

[OMs No.36028/17/2001-Estt(Res) dated 11/07/2002, 36028/17/2001-Estt(Res) dated 31/01/2005 and 36012/45/2005-Estt.(Res.) 10/08/2010]

#### **Adjustment of Compassionate Appointees**

5.16 A person selected for appointment on compassionate grounds should be adjusted in the reservation register/ reservation roster register against the appropriate category viz. SC/ST/OBC/UR category depending upon the category to which he belongs. For example, if he belongs to SC, he shall be adjusted against a vacancy reserved for SCs. Similarly if he is an ST or OBC candidate, he shall be adjusted against vacancy reserved for STs or OBCs, as the case may be. An unreserved category candidate shall be adjusted against an unreserved vacancy. (O.M.No.14014/6/1995-Estt(D) dated 26.09.1995)

#### **Relevant Office Memoranda etc.**

1	MHA OM NO. 7/2/55-Estt(SCT)	14.10.1955
2	MHA OM No. 31/10/63-SCT(1)	27.3.1963 and 2.5.1963
3	MHA OM NO. 1/11/69-Estt(SCT)	22.4.1970
4	DOP&T O.M. No. 1/4/70-Estt. (SCT)	11.11.1971
5	DPAR OM NO. 10/52/72-Estt(SCT)	24.5.1974
6	DOP&T O.M. No.8/1/74 -Estt.(SCT)	12.12.1974
7	<u>DPAR OM NO. 36011/1/76-Estt(SCT)</u>	6.3.1976
8	DOP&AR OM NO. 36011/33/81-Estt(SCT)	5.10.1981
9	DPAR OM No. 36011/46/81-Estt(SCT)	4.2.1982
10	DOP&AR OM No. 36012/3/1978-Estt(SCT)	9.2.1982
11	DPAR OM NO. 36011/12/82-Estt(SCT)	26.6.1982
12	DPAR OM No. 36011/28/83-Estt(SCT)	12.3.1984
13	DOPT's O.M.No.14014/6/1995-Estt(D)	26.09.1995
14	DOPT's OM No. 36011/1/98-Estt(Res)	1.7.1998
15	DOPT's OM NO. 36028/17/2001-Estt(Res)	11.7.2002
16	DOP&T O.M No.36017/1/2004-Estt.(Res)	5.7.2005
17	DOPT OM No.36017/1/2007-Estt.(Res)	4.7.2007
18	DOPT OM No. 36012/45/2005-Estt(Res)	10.8.2010

#### **Annexure-I to Chapter- 5**

#### **RESERVATION REGISTER**

<b>1.</b> ]	Name	of	the	post:
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- 2. Method of Recruitment: DR/Promotion by selection/Promotion by non-selection/Promotion by Limited Departmental Examination.
- 3. Number of posts in the cadre (cadre strength):

4.	Percentage of Reservation prescribed:	SCs,	STs,	OBCs
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Sl. No.	Name	Date of appointment	Whether belongs to SC/ST/ OBC/ General	Filled as UR or as reserved for SC/ ST OBC	Signature of appointing authority or other authorised officer	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

#### **Annexure-II to Chapter- 5**

#### RESERVATION ROSTER REGISTER

1.	Name of the post:	

- 2. Method of Recruitment: DR/Promotion by selection/Promotion by non-selection/Promotion by Limited Departmental Examination.
- 3. Number of posts in the cadre:
- 4. Percentage of Reservation prescribed: SCs\_\_\_\_\_, STs\_\_\_\_, OBCs \_\_\_\_\_

Cycle No./ point No.	UR or reserved for SCs/ STs / OBCs	Name	Date of appoint- ment	Whether SC/ST /OBC/ General	Filled as UR or as reserved for SCs/ STs /OBCs	Signature of appointing authority or other authorised officer.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

#### **CHAPTER-6**

#### FILLING UP OF RESERVED VACANCIES

#### **Direct Recruitment**

- 6.1 When direct recruitment is to be made for reserved as well as unreserved vacancies on any one occasion, a single advertisement should be issued specifying clearly therein the vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and OBCs. ( O.M.No.36012/6/88-Estt.(SCT), SRD dated 6.9.1999)
- 6.2 While notifying the vacancies to the local or the regional employment exchange, a single requisition should be sent to the Employment Exchange for such reserved and unreserved vacancies. The number of vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and OBCs out of the total vacancies notified should be clearly indicated in the requisition to the employment Exchange. The following certificate should also, be given in the requisition:

"Certified that the number of vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes/OBCs/ex-servicemen/ Persons with Disabilities is in accordance with the reservation quota fixed by Government for these categories."

- 6.3 If sufficient number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates are not available or are not sponsored by the Employment Exchange for the reserved vacancies, the appointing authority should also intimate the reserved vacancies to the Director of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Welfare in the State/Union Territory concerned.
- 6.4 The vacancies should also be brought to the notice of the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe Organizations recognized by this Department for the purpose of notifying to them the vacancies. It may, however, be made clear to such organizations that their function is limited to advising the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates about the recruitment proposed and that it will not be for them to recommend or press the names of any individuals. The candidates should apply to the appointing authority either direct or through the Employment Exchange, as the case may be.

- 6.5 Where sufficient number of candidates belonging to SC/ST/OBC are not available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them in direct recruitment, the vacancies should not be filled by candidates not belonging to these communities. In other words, there is a ban on de-reservation of vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and OBCs in direct recruitment.
- 6.6 If sufficient number of suitable SC/ST/OBC candidates are not available to fill up vacancies reserved for them in the first attempt of recruitment, a second attempt should be made for recruiting suitable candidates belonging to the concerned category in the same recruitment year or as early as possible before the next recruitment year to fill up these vacancies. If the required number of SC/ST/OBC candidates are not even then available, the vacancies which could not be filled up shall remain unfilled until the next recruitment year. These vacancies will be treated as "backlog vacancies."
- 6.7 In the subsequent recruitment year when recruitment is made for the vacancies of that year (called the current vacancies), the backlog vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs will also be announced for recruitment. While doing so, it may be kept in view that the vacancies of the particular recruitment year i.e. the current vacancies will be treated as one group and backlog vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs as a separate and distinct group. Of the vacancies in the first group, not more than 50% of the vacancies shall be reserved. Vacancies in the second group i.e. all the backlog vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and OBCs will be filled up by the candidates belonging to category concerned without any restriction whatsoever as they belong to distinct group of backlog vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs.
- 6.8 Vacancies reserved for SCs/STs/OBCs which could not be filled up and are carried forward as backlog vacancies and remain unfilled in the following recruitment year also, will be carried forward as backlog vacancies for subsequent recruitment year(s) as long as these are not filled by candidates of the category for which these are reserved.
- 6.9 In posts filled otherwise than through examination, normally six to seven candidates belonging to the community for which the post is reserved may be called for interview for each reserved vacancy, subject to availability of such candidates fulfilling the qualifications prescribed for the post. Where the response from the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class

candidates is exceptionally good, the recruiting authority may, having regard to the merits of each case, call as many as 10 to 12 candidates of the respective category for each reserved vacancy for the purpose of interview/selection.

6.10 In direct recruitment made otherwise than through examination and in direct recruitment made though examination followed by an interview, the interview of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates should be held on a day or sitting of the Selection Committee other than the day or sitting on which general candidates are to be interviewed so that the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates are not judged in comparison with general candidates and the interviewing authority/Board is/are prominently aware of the need for judging the Scheduled Caste /Scheduled Tribe candidates by relaxed standards.(O.M No.27/14/71-Estt.(SCT) dated 30/01/1973)

#### **Promotion by Selection**

- 6.11 In case of promotion by selection, selection against vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes should be made only from among those Scheduled Caste /Scheduled Tribe officers who are within the normal zone of consideration. Where adequate number of SC/ST candidates are not available within the normal field of choice, it may be extended to 5 times the number of vacancies and the SC/ST candidates (and not any other candidates) coming within the extended field of choice should also be considered against the vacancies reserved for them. The following instructions will apply to the filling of vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in such promotions:
  - (i) Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe officers who are within the normal zone of consideration shall be considered for promotion alongwith others and adjudged on the same basis as others and those Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe officers amongst them who are selected on that basis may be included in the general select list. If some of the SC/ST candidates so selected have been selected on their own merit in all respect and are so placed in the select list that their names fall within the number of unreserved vacancies, such candidates shall be adjusted against unreserved vacancies.
  - (ii) If number of candidates from Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes other than the candidates selected on their own merit who are adjusted against unreserved vacancies

- is less than the number of vacancies reserved for them, the difference should be made up by selecting candidates of these communities who are in the zone of consideration irrespective of merit but who are considered fit for promotion.
- (iii) If the number of SC/ST candidates found fit for promotion against reserved vacancies is still less than the number of vacancies reserved for them, the difference should be made up by selecting candidates of these communities who are in the extended zone of consideration irrespective of merit but who are considered fit for promotion.
- (iv) A select list should then be prepared in which the names of all the selected officers, general as well as those belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, are arranged in the order of merit and seniority according to the general principles for promotion to selection posts. However, such of the SC/ST candidates who are in the extended field and get selected should en block be placed in the end by maintaining their inter se position in accordance with their gradation by the DPC. This select list should, thereafter, be followed for making promotions in vacancies as and when they arise during the year.

#### **Promotion by Non-Selection**

6.12 In case of promotion by non-selection, all Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates covered in the relevant seniority list within the total number of such vacancies against which the promotions are to be made, shall be considered in the order of their general seniority, and if they are not judged unfit, they shall be promoted. If the number of Scheduled Caste / Scheduled Tribe candidates found fit within the range of actual vacancies is less than the number of vacancies reserved for them, additional Scheduled Caste / Scheduled Tribe candidates to the extent required shall be located by going down the seniority list, provided they are eligible and found fit for appointment.

**Note 1:** In order to ensure proper implementation of reservation of vacancies for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in promotion, number of vacancies should be assessed as accurately as possible. Purely short term vacancies should not be taken into account for this purpose; nor should any addition be made to cover unforeseen vacancies. At the same time, it is necessary to ensure that the number of vacancies is not reduced. All clear vacancies arising due to death, retirement, resignation and long term promotion of incumbents from one post/grade to a higher post/ grade

should be taken into account while fixing the number of vacancies and the number of reserved vacancies for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

**Note 2:** Since appointment to Selection Grade also constitutes promotion, the appropriate orders relating to reservation/concessions for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in promotions, would apply to the appointment to the Selection Grade also.

**Note 3:** While constituting the Departmental Promotion Committee, instructions regarding nomination of SC/ST officers on the DPC, as issued from time to time, should be followed.

#### Steps To Be Taken in Case of Non-Availability of SC/ST Candidates for Promotion

- 6.13 If sufficient number of SC/ST candidates fit for promotion against reserved vacancies is not available, such vacancies may be de-reserved as per prescribed procedure and filled by candidates of other communities.
- 6.14 If sufficient number of SC/ST candidates fit for promotion against reserved vacancies is not available and such vacancies can also not be de-reserved for reasons like non-availability of candidates of other categories to fill up the posts etc., the vacancies shall not be filled and will remain unfilled and will be treated as "backlog vacancies".

#### (<u>O.M.No.36020/2/2007-Estt.(Res) dated 7/12/2009</u>)

6.15 In the subsequent recruitment year when recruitment is made for the vacancies of that year (called the current vacancies), the backlog vacancies of SCs and STs will also be filled up, keeping the current vacancies and the backlog vacancies of SCs and STs as two distinct groups. Of the current vacancies, not more than 50% of the vacancies shall be reserved. However, all the backlog vacancies reserved for SCs and STs will be filled up by candidates belonging to the concerned category without any restriction whatsoever as they belong to distinct group of backlog vacancies.

#### Diversion of Reserved Vacancies from Promotion Quota to Direct Recruitment

6.16 Where recruitment to a grade is made both by promotion and direct recruitment i.e. where separate quota for promotion and direct recruitment are prescribed in the Recruitment Rules, reserved vacancies falling in the promotion quota which cannot be filled due to non-availability of eligible persons belonging to SC/ST in the feeder cadre may be temporarily diverted to the direct

recruitment quota and filled by recruitment of candidates belonging to SC or ST, as the case may be, in accordance with the provisions relating to direct recruitment contained in the Recruitment Rules. In the subsequent year(s) when reserved vacancies in the direct recruitment quota become available they may be diverted to the promotion quota to make up—for the vacancies diverted earlier and filled from SC/ST candidates in the feeder cadre who might by then become eligible for promotion. This involves relaxation of the Recruitment Rules. The Ministries/Departments may themselves exercise the power of relaxation subject to approval of UPSC, wherever necessary.

#### Safeguards against Supersession of SC/ST Candidates

- 6.17 In posts filled by promotion (by selection or by non-selection) wherever the orders regarding reservation apply the following procedure should be observed by the appointing authorities, in regard to cases where eligible Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates, though available, are not appointed/selected for the reserved as well as unreserved vacancies:
  - (a) In promotions to Group A and within Group A Such cases should be submitted to the Minister/ Minister of State/Deputy Minister concerned, as the case may be.
  - (b) In promotion to Group B and within Group B Such cases should be reported to the Minister/Minister of State/Deputy Minister concerned, as the case may be, within a period of one month of the finalization of the select list.
  - (c) In promotion to and in Group C and within Group D Such cases should be reported to the Head of the Department, if the appointing authority is lower than the level of the Head of the Department, and where the Head of the Department is himself the appointing authority, to the Secretary of the administrative Ministry/Department.
- 6.18 In regard to promotions by selection from Group A post to a Group A post which carries an ultimate salary of Rs. 18,300 (pre-revised) or less, cases where the Scheduled Caste / Scheduled Tribe candidates available within the number of vacancies for which the select list is drawn are not selected, should be submitted to the Minister / Minister of State / Deputy Minister concerned, as the case may be.

#### <u>Implementation of the Findings of DPC Kept in Sealed Cover</u>

6.19 According to the instruction contained in the Ministry of Home Affairs Office Memorandum No.39/3/59-Estt.(A) dated the 31<sup>st</sup> August, 1960, the findings of the Department Promotion Committee in respect of a person under suspension or against whom vigilance enquiries are pending are kept in sealed cover and a vacancy is kept reserved for him and is filled only on officiating basis till the finalization of the departmental proceedings. If the officer is completely exonerated and the charges leveled against him are proved to be wholly unjustified then he is promoted to the vacancy which had been filled on an officiating basis and which was reserved for him. In such cases, the junior most officer officiating in the grade i.e. the officer occupying the lowest position in the panel is reverted. Where such reversion becomes necessary, the reversions should be made in such a manner that the total number of SC/ST candidates in the cadre appointed by reservation is not reduced below the reservation prescribed for them.

#### Relevant Office Memoranda etc.

1	Para 5 (6) MHA O.M. No. 42/21/49-NGS	28.1.52
2	MHA OM No.14/12/67-Estt.(D)	10.4.68
3	MHA OM No. 27/2/69-Est. (SCT)	5.7.69
4	MHA OM No. 27/2/70-Est. (SCT)	5.6.70
5	DOP&T O.M. No. 14/17/71	27.11.71
6	DOP&AR O.M. No.16/1/72-Estt.(SCT)	11.08.1972
7	Dept. of Per & AR OM No. 36012/3/75-EStt(SCT)	6.10.1976
8	DP&AR O.M. No.36014/3/77-Est.(SCT)	23.4.77
9	Dept. of Per & AR OM No. 36013/6/80-EStt(SCT)	28.1.1982
10	DOP&T O.M.No.36012/6/88-Estt(SCT), SRD	6.9.1989
11	DOPT OM No. 36012/5/97-Estt.(Res.)	20.7.2000

#### **CHAPTER-7**

#### **DE-RESERVATION**

7.1 A vacancy reserved for SCs or STs or OBCs cannot be filled by a candidate other than an SC or ST or OBC candidate, as the case may be. However, a reserved vacancy may be declared unreserved by following the procedure of de-reservation as given below whereafter it can be filled as an unreserved vacancy.

#### **De-reservation in case of Direct Recruitment**

- 7.2 There is a general ban on de-reservation of reserved vacancies in case of direct recruitment. However, in rare and exceptional cases when a vacancy in a Group 'A' service cannot be allowed to remain vacant in public interest, the administrative Ministry/Department may prepare a proposal for de-reservation of the vacancy giving following information:
  - (i) Designation of the post;
  - (ii) Pay scale of the post;
  - (iii) Name of the service to which the post belongs;
  - (iv) Duties and responsibilities attached to the post;
  - (v) Educational and other qualifications prescribed for the post;
  - (vi) Efforts made to fill up the post;
  - (vii) Reasons why it cannot be allowed to remain vacant;
  - (viii) Justification for de-reservation; and
  - (ix) Any other relevant information.
- 7.3 The administrative Ministry shall consult the National Commission for Scheduled Castes in respect of vacancy reserved for SCs, the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes in respect of vacancy reserved for STs and the National Commission for Backward Classes in respect of vacancy reserved for OBCs. After obtaining the comments of the concerned Commission, the administrative Ministry/Department shall place the proposal alongwith the Commission's comments before a Committee comprising of the Secretaries in the Department of Personnel and Training, the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, and the Ministry/Department under which the recruitment is to be made for consideration and recommendation. The recommendation of the Committee shall be

placed before the Minister in charge of the Department of Personnel and Training for taking a final decision. If de-reservation of the vacancy is approved, it can be filled as an unreserved vacancy.

#### 7.4 <u>De-reservation in case of Promotion</u>

In case of promotion, if sufficient number of SC/ST candidates fit for promotion against reserved vacancies are not available, such vacancies may be de-reserved and filled by the candidates of other communities. The power to accord approval to de-reservation of the reserved vacancies in such cases is delegated to the administrative Ministries and Departments subject to the following conditions:

- no candidate belonging to the category for which the vacancy is reserved is available within the zone of consideration or extended zone of consideration or eligible for promotion in the feeder cadre(s) specified in the relevant service / recruitment rules / orders;
- (ii) the proposal for de-reservation has been seen and concurred in by the Liaison Officer of the Ministry / Department;
- (iii) the proposal for de-reservation is agreed to at a level not lower than that of Joint Secretary to the Government of India, in the administrative Ministry / Department (proper)concerned; and
- (iv) in the event of disagreement between the appointing authority and the Liaison Officer, the advice of the Department of Personnel & Training is obtained.

7.5 Before taking a decision to de-reserve a vacancy under the delegated powers, the administrative Ministry / Department shall prepare a proposal in the proforma given in the Annexure-I and send one copy thereof each to the Department of Personnel & Training and the National Commission for Scheduled Castes in respect of vacancies reserved for SCs and to the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes in respect of vacancies reserved for STs. After sending the proposal, the Ministry / Department shall wait for a period of atleast two weeks for the comments of the Department of Personnel & Training and the concerned National Commission. If no comments are received from the Department of Personnel & Training or the concerned Commission within two weeks, the administrative Ministry / Department may presume that the DOPT or the concerned National Commission, as the case may be, do not have any comments to offer and may take a decision regarding de-reservation of the vacancy. In case the Ministry / Department receives

comments from the DOPT or the concerned Commission within two weeks, the comments so received shall be considered while taking a decision in the matter.

- 7.6 While sending the copy of the proposal to the Commissions / Department of Personnel & Training, it should be ensured that the proposal / proforma duly filled in is signed by an officer of the rank of Under Secretary or above in the administrative Ministry / Department.
- 7.7 The Attached / Subordinate Offices etc. should not send the proposal direct to the Department of Personnel and Training or to the concerned National Commission. They should send the proposal to the administrative Ministry/ Department who will examine the proposal and send it to the Department of Personnel and Training and to the concerned National Commission.

#### Relevant Office Memoranda etc.

1	MHA O.M. No.31/10/63 SCT(I)	02.05.1963
2	MHA No.16/1 (I)/65-Estt.(C)	20.07.1965
3	MHA No 1/6/67-Estt.(C)	20.09.1967
4	MHA No. 27.05.1968-Estt.(C)	13.03.1968
5	MHA No.1/8/69-Estt.(SCT)	28.01.1969
6	DOP&AR O.M. No.16/1/72-Estt.(SCT)	11.08.1972
7	DOP&AR No.16/3/74-Estt.(SCT)	26.04.1974
8	DOP&AR No.16/27/74-Estt.(SCT)	12.11.1975
9	DOP&AR O.M. No.36011/25/79-Estt.(SCT)	16.11.1979
10	DOP&AR OM No.36011/5/81-Estt.(SCT)	07.04.1981
11	DP&T O.M. No.36020/2/2007-Estt.(Res)	07.12.2009

## PROPOSAL FOR DE-RESERVATION OF VACANCIES RESERVED FOR SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN POSTS FILLED BY PROMOTION.

1. Name of the Office/Organisation to which the post (s) relate	
2. Particulars of the post in which vacancies are proposed to be de-reserved	
(a) Name of the post	
(b) Group (Class)	
(c) Scale of Pay	
3. Information about posts in the promotion quota	
(a) Mode of promotion viz by Selection or Non-Selection or by Departmental Examination etc.	
(b) No. of posts already filled by the given mode of promotion	
(c) Number of backlog reserved vacancies in respect of the given mode of promotion	SCsTotal
(d) Number of current vacancies to be filled by the given mode of promotion	
(e) Total number of vacancies to be filled (current vacancies + backlog vacancies) by the given mode of promotion	
(f) Total number of posts in the given mode of promotion (b+e)	
4. No. of posts already held by the candidates appointed by reservation in the cadre	SCsSTs

5. If cadre strength is less than 14 and reservation is given by rotation, cycle no. and point no. of the roster on which the vacancy falls	Cycle NoPoint No
6. Number of vacancies earmarked reserved  (a)Out of the current vacancies  (b) Backlog reserved vacancies  (c)Total reserved vacancies (a+b)	SCs
7. Number of vacancies proposed to be de-reserved	SCs STs

8. <u>If promotion is by non-selection</u>	
(a) Whether the SC/ST candidates who are eligible for promotion including those holding lower positions in the general seniority list were considered for promotion	
(b) Total number of SC/ST candidates in the feeder grade	SCsSTs
(c) No. of eligible SC/ST candidates in the feeder grade	SCsSTs
(d) Number of SC/ST candidates considered fit for promotion	SCsSTs
(e) Number of SC/ST candidates considered not fit for promotion	SCsSTs
(f) If sufficient number of SC/ST candidates are not eligible for promotion on the crucial date, the date on which the senior most SC/ST candidate in the grade will become eligible for promotion	SCsSTs
O If momention is by colorion	
9. <u>If promotion is by selection</u>	
(a) Size of the normal zone of consideration	
(b) Size of the extended zone of consideration for SCs/STs (5 times the total number of vacancies)	
(c) Number of eligible SC/ST candidates in the extended zone of consideration	SCsSTs
(d) Number of SC/ST candidates found fit for promotion	SCsSTs
(e) Number of SC/ST candidates considered not fit for promotion	SCsSTs
(f) If sufficient number of SC/ST candidates are not eligible for promotion on the crucial date, the date on which the senior-most SC/ST candidate will become eligible for promotion and his place in the seniority list	SCsSTs

SCsSTs

It is certified	
(1) that the proposal for de-reservation is the administrative Ministry / Departm	agreed to at the level of Joint Secretary to the Government of India in ent.
(2) that the proposal has been seen and co	oncurred in by the Liaison Officer of the Ministry / Department.
	simultaneously being sent to the National Commission for nission for Scheduled Tribes and the Department of Personnel &
	Signature
	Name of the Signing Officer
	Designation
	Tele. No
	No

Date\_\_\_\_\_

To

- (1) Department of Personnel & Training, New Delhi.
- (2) National Commission for Scheduled Castes / National Commission for Scheduled Tribes.

## <u>CHAPTER -8</u> <u>VERIFICATION OF THE CLAIMS OF SCHEDULED CASTES, SCHEDULED</u> TRIBES AND OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES

- 8.1 Any person who claims to belong to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class will have to produce a certificate to the Appointing Authority/Selection Committee/Board etc. in support of his claim so as to make him eligible for reservation and various relaxations and concessions.
- 8.2 The Caste/Tribe/Community certificate issued by the following authorities in the prescribed form for SCs/STs and for OBCs will only be accepted as proof in support of a candidate's claim as belonging to the Scheduled Caste or the Scheduled Tribe or the Other Backward Class as given in **Annexure-II** and **Annexure-II** 
  - (i) District Magistrate/Additional District Magistrate/Collector /Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/ Deputy Collector/ 1<sup>st</sup> Class Stipendary Magistrate/Sub Divisional Magistrate/Taluka Magistrate/Executive Magistrate/Extra Assistant Commissioner.
  - (ii) Chief Presidency Magistrate/ Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/Presidency Magistrate;
  - (iii) Revenue Officer not below the rank of Tehsildar; and
  - (iv) Sub-Divisional Officer of the area where the candidate and/or his family normally resides.

(O.M.NO.36012/6/88-Estt. (SCT) dated 24.4.1990 and OM No.36012/22/93-Estt(Res) dated 15.11.1993 & OM No. 36011/3/2009-Estt(Res) dated 02.09.2009).

8.3 The appointing authorities should verify the caste status of a Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Tribe / Other Backward Class candidate at the time of initial appointment and of an SC/ST officer at the time of promotion against reserved vacancy also. For this purpose, the caste and the community to which an SC/ST/OBC person belongs, his place of residence and the name of the State, should be pasted on the top of his service book, personal file or any other relevant document to facilitate such verification. It may be noted that a Scheduled Caste person, whose caste has been de-scheduled after his initial appointment as a Scheduled Caste, is no longer entitled to enjoy the benefit of reservation in promotions. The verification of caste-status at every important up-turn of employee's

career is necessary so that the benefit of reservation and other scheme of concessions etc. should go only to the rightful claimants and not those who become disentitled to them. (OM No. 36011/3/2005-Estt.(Res) dated 09.09.2005).

8.4 The Appointing Authorities should, in the offer of appointment to the candidates claiming to belong to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes/Other Backward Classes include a clause as follows:

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the Caste/Tribe/Community certificate being verified through the proper channels and if the verification reveals that the claim to belong to Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class, as the case may be, is false, the services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code for production of false certificates." (OM No. 36033/4/97-Estt (Res) dated 25.07.2003 and No.36011/3/2005-Estt.(Res.) dated 09/09/2005.

- 8.5 An appointing authority may, if it considers necessary for any reason, verify the claim of a candidate through the District Magistrate of the place where the candidate and/or his family ordinarily resides. If after appointment in any particular case, the verification reveals that the candidate's claim was false his services may be terminated in accordance with the relevant rules/orders (OM No. 36011/3/2005-Estt.(Res) dated 09.09.2005).
- 8.6 As no person professing a religion different from the Hinduism or Sikhism or Budhism can be deemed to be a member of Scheduled Castes, the appointing authorities should stipulate in the letter of appointment issued to Scheduled Caste candidates that they should inform about the change, if any, of their religion to their appointing/administrative authority immediately after such a change. The serving scheduled Caste employees should be instructed to intimate change, if any, in their religion immediately to their appointing/administrative authorities (OM No. 13/3/71-Estt.(SCT) dated 10.09.1971)

#### **CHAPTER 8**

1	Para 5(7) of MHA O.M. No.42/21/49-NGS	28.01.1952
2	DOPT OM No. 13/3/71-Estt.(SCT)	10.09.1971
3	DOPT OM No. 36012/06/88	24.04.1990
4	DOPT OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt(Res)	15.11.1993
5	DOPT OM No.36033/4/97-Estt (Res)	25.07.2003
6	DOP&T O.M. No.36011/3/2005-Estt.(Res)	09.09.2005
7	DOPT OM No. 36011/3/2009-Estt(Res)	02.09.2009

#### FORM OF SCHEDULED CASTE/TRIBE CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Shri/Shrimati*/Ku	mari*	:	son/d	laughter* of
village/towr	ı*			in
District/Division*	of	the	State/Union	Territory*
belongs to the		_Caste/	Γribe which is re	ecognized as
a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe* under:				
*The Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Orders, 1950	):			
*The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950;				
*The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) (Union Territ	tories)	Order,	1950;	
*The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) (Union Territ	tories)	Order,	1951:	
{as amended by the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled the Bombay Recoganisation Act, 1960, the Punjal Himachal Pradesh Act, 1970, the North Eastern Ascheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Orders (And Scheduled Tribes Orders)	Rec Areas	oganisa (Recog	tion Act, 1966, nisation) Act, 1	the State of
*The Constitution (Jammu and Kashmir) Scheduled	d Orde	er, 1956	·	
*The Constitution (Andaman and Nicobar Islan amended by the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled T	,			,
*The Constitution (Dadra and Nagar Haveli) Sched	uled (	Castes C	Order, 1962;	
* The Constitution (Dadra and Nagar Haveli) Scheo	duled	Tribes (	Order, 1962;	
*The Constitution (Pondicherry) Scheduled Castes	Order	, 1964;		
* The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) (Uttar Prade	sh) O	rder, 19	67;	
* The Constitution (Goa, Daman and Diu) Schedule	ed Cas	stes Ord	er, 1968;	

\* The Constitution (Nagaland) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1970.

\* The Constitution (Goa, Daman and Diu) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1968;

\* The Constitution (Sikkim) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1978.

2. Shr	ri/Shrimat	i*/Kumari*	and/or* his/her* family ordinarily
reside(s)	in	village/town*	of
			District/Division* of the State/Union Territory*
of			
			Signature
			Designation
			(with seal of office)
			State/Union Territory
Place			
Date			

**Note:** The term "Ordinarily resides" used here will have the same meaning as in Section 20 of the Representation of the Peoples Act, 1950.

<sup>\*</sup> Please delete the words which are not applicable.

# FORM OF CERTIFICATE TO BE PRODUCED BY OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES APPLYING FOR APPOINTMENT TO POSTS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

This to certify that Shri/Smt./Kumari		son/daugh	ıter
of of village/town	in	District/Divisi	ion
in the State/Union Territory		belongs to	the
community which is recognised as a	a bac	kward class und	der
the Government of India, Ministry of Welfare Resolution No.1201	1/68/	93-BCC(C) dat	ted
10 <sup>th</sup> September, 1993 published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary	Part	I Section I dat	ted
13 <sup>th</sup> September, 1993*. Shri/Smt./Kumari		and/or his/h	her
family ordinarily reside(s) in the		_District/Divisi	ion
of theState/Union Terri	tory.	This is also	to
certify that he/she does not belong to the persons/sections (Creamy	Lay	ver) mentioned	in
column 3 of the Schedule to the Government of India, Department of	Pers	sonnel & Traini	ing
OM No.36012/22/93-Estt(SCT) dated 8.9.1993*.			
	Б	er e	
	D	istrict Magistra	ite,
Dep	uty (	Commissioner e	etc.
Dated:			
Seal			

**NOTE**: The term "Ordinarily" used here will have the same meaning as in Section 20 of the Representation of the Peoples Act, 1950.

<sup>\*</sup> as amended from time to time.

#### **CHAPTER -9**

#### **MONITORING AND INSTITUTIONAL SAFEGUARDS**

#### **Annual Returns**

- 9.1 Soon after the first of January of every year, each Appointing Authority shall send to its administrative Ministry/Department:-
  - (i) SC/ST/OBC Report-I in the performa given in <u>Annexure-I</u> showing the total number of Government servants and the number of SCs, STs and OBCs amongst them as on the 1<sup>st</sup> January of the year and the number of appointments made during the preceding calendar year along with the number of SCs, STs and OBCs amongst them; and
  - (ii) SC/ST/OBC Report-II in the proforma given in <u>Annexure-II</u> showing the representation of SCs, STs and OBCs in various grades of organized Group 'A' services as on the 1<sup>st</sup> January of the year and the particulars of recruitment to the various grades during the preceding calendar year in the service.
- 9.2 On receipt of the above reports, the administrative Ministry/Department shall consolidate the information received from all Appointing Authorities under it and shall send to the Department of Personnel and Training by the 31<sup>st</sup> March of each year:
  - (i) Consolidated SC/ST/OBC Report-I in respect of the Ministry/Department including information in respect of all Attached and Subordinate Offices under its control.
  - (ii) SC/ST/OBC Report-II in respect of each organized Group 'A' service under its control reflecting grade-wise position of the representation of SCs/STs/OBCs in the service as on 1<sup>st</sup> January of the year and particulars of recruitment to various grades of the service during the preceding calendar year.

- 9.3 Information in respect of public sector undertakings, statutory, semi-Government and autonomous bodies should **not be included** in the reports sent to the Department of Personnel and Training. Statutory, semi-Government and autonomous bodies should furnish consolidated information in the prescribed proforma to the administrative Ministry/Department. The administrative Ministry/Department may maintain this information in respect of all statutory, semi-Government and autonomous bodies under its control. The Department of Public Enterprises may collect similar information in respect of all public sector undertakings and may maintain it.
- 9.4 While furnishing the figures of representation of SCs, STs and OBCs in Report-I, information in respect of the posts of "sweepers/safaikaramcharies" should not be included as such inclusion results in inflating the figures of representation of SCs in group D posts. In the report, information in respect of group D posts (excluding sweepers) and group D posts (sweepers) should be given separately.
- 9.5 The reports relate to persons and not to posts. Therefore, the posts vacant etc. should not be taken into account while furnishing the reports. A person on deputation should be included in the establishment of the borrowing Ministry/Department/Office and not in the parent office. Figures in respect of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes should include persons appointed by reservation as well as appointed on their own merit. The persons permanent in one grade but officiating or holding temporary appointment in the higher grades should be shown in the figures relating to the class of service in which the higher grade concerned is included.

#### **Incorporation of Reservation Information in Annual Reports**

9.6 Each Ministry/Department should include in its Annual Report a note about the activities of the Reservation Cell set up within the Ministry/Department under the control of the Liaison Officer and the steps taken by the Ministry/Department to implement the provisions about reservation for SCs, STs, OBCs and PWDs. The statistics relating to representation of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes and Persons with Disabilities should also be incorporated in the Annual Report. This should include the information contained in SC/ST/OBC Report-I, SC/ST/OBC Report-II, and reports prescribed in respect of persons with disabilities which each Ministry/Department is required to furnish to the Department of Personnel and Training in a

consolidated form every year. Besides the consolidated information in respect of the Ministry/Department as a whole including all the attached and subordinate offices, it would be useful to incorporate information in respect of each organization/establishment under the Ministry/Department in the Annual Report. Similar information in respect of statutory and semi-Government bodies and in respect of public sector undertakings under the control of the Ministry/Department may also be usefully included in the Annual Report.

#### **Liaison Officers**

- 9.7 In each Ministry/Department the Deputy Secretary in charge of administration or any other officer at least of the rank of Deputy Secretary will act as a Liaison Officer in respect of matters relating to the representation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in all establishments and services under the administrative control of the Ministry/Department. A separate Liaison Officer should be appointed for Other Backward Classes. The Liaison Officers will be specially responsible for:
  - (i) Ensuring due compliance by the subordinate appointing authorities with the orders and instructions pertaining to the reservation of vacancies in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes and other benefits admissible to them.
  - (ii) Ensuring timely submission of SC/ST/OBC Reports I and II by each appointing authority under the Ministry/Department to the Ministry/Department and ensuring scrutiny and consolidation of the above reports in respect of all establishments and services in and under the control of the Ministry/Department and sending the consolidated reports in the prescribed proformae to the Department of Personnel & Training.
  - (iii) Acquainting himself( Liaison Officer for SCs and STs) well in time about the dates of various DPCs, which will be held in future. He will have with him a ready list of officers of various levels belonging to SC/ST of a few sister Departments/ Ministries so that whenever requirement arises, an SC/ST officer of appropriate level consistent with the level of the other members of the DPC and the level of appointment for which a DPC is proposed to be convened, can always be associated as a member.

- Such a list may be prepared by the Liaison Officer by informally consulting the administrative wing of other Ministries/Departments.
- (iv) Ensuring that while making a reference to the Department of Personnel and Training and to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes/the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes for de-reservation of reserved vacancies, full details in support of the proposal for de-reservation are given.
- (v) Ensuring the extension of necessary assistance to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes and the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes in the investigation of complaints received by the Commission, in regard to service matters and in the collection of information for his annual report.
- (vi) Conducting annual inspection of the reservation registers/roster registers maintained in the Ministry/Department/Offices under the control of the Ministry/Department with a view to ensuring proper implementation of the reservation orders.
- (vii) Acting as Liaison Officer between the Ministry/Department and the Department of Personnel & Training for supply of other information, answering questions and queries and clearing doubts in regard to matters covered by the reservation orders.
- 9.8 Each Ministry/Department should set up a Reservation Cell within the Ministry/Department under the direct control of the Liaison Officers. The functions of the Cell will mainly be to assist the Liaison Officers to discharge their duties effectively.
- 9.9 In offices under the control of each Head of Department also, the Liaison Officers will be nominated for work relating to representation of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in such offices. The duties of Liaison Officers for offices under such Heads of Departments will be similar to those mentioned above in respect of offices under their charge.
- 9.10 Cases of negligence or lapses in the matter of following the reservation and other orders relating to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes coming to light through the inspections carried out by the Liaison Officers or otherwise, should be reported/submitted by him to the Secretary/Additional Secretary to the Government in the respective Ministry/Department or to the Head of the Department in respect of offices under the Head of Department, as the case may be. The concerned Secretary/Additional Secretary/Head of the Department shall pass necessary

orders on such reports to ensure strict compliance of the reservation orders by the appointing authority concerned.( No.43011/153/2010-Estt.(Res.) dated 04/01/2013)

#### **National Commissions for SCs and STs**

- 9.11 The National Commission for Scheduled Castes and the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes have been constituted under Article 338 and Article 338-A of the Constitution respectively to investigate all matters relating to the safeguards provided for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Constitution and report to the President upon the working of these safeguards.
- 9.12 In regard to the question whether the Commissions can call for the original records and files in specific cases where complaints have been made to them and whether Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Government servants can write to the concerned Commission direct bringing their grievances to the notice of the Commission, it is stated that:
  - (a) Files relating to the appointment of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes against the reserved quota should, on demand, be made available to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes or the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, as the case be;
  - (b) In all other cases, comprehensive notes explaining the position may be furnished to the Commission;
  - (c) Should the Commission have any reservations or doubts in regard to the explanations given, the matter may be referred to the Secretary(Personnel), who will go through the original records and answer the queries by the Commission, where possible he will also send the record with the reply; and
  - (d) Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Government employees may write to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes or the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, as the case may be, direct on matters relating to appointments against the reserved quota. It is not necessary for the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Government employees to seek prior permission of the concerned administrative Ministry/Department for sending their representations to the concerned Commission.

<u>Note</u>: The expression "reserved quota" will include matters relating to confirmation, promotion, grant of other concessions allowed to Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe employees by the Department of Personnel and Training from time to time.

- 9.13 Ministries/Departments and particularly, the Liaison Officers should ensure the extension of necessary assistance to the National Commissions for investigation of complaints received by the latter in service matters. The Communications received from the Commissions calling for facts, comments, etc. in respect of representations on service matters made by individuals should be replied to expeditiously.
- 9.14 Ministries/Departments should extend necessary assistance required by the Commissions for conducting special studies of the registers/ rosters maintained and of implementation of other orders regarding reservation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes by any appointing authority under their administrative control. The follow-up action on the reports/ recommendations made by the Commission after such studies, should be completed and action taken reported to the concerned Commission's office within six months. Where for any reasons, it is not possible for any Ministry to adhere to this time scheduled, the reasons therefore should be communicated to the Commission before the expiry of six months indicating the details of the action already taken and also the probable time that would be further needed by them to send their final replies/reports.
- 9.15 The Supreme Court in the matter of the All Indian Overseas Bank Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Employees Welfare Association and Others Vs. Union of India and Others (Civil Appeal No.13700 of 1996) has held that the National Commission for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes has no power of granting injunction, whether temporary or permanent. The Court also held that the powers of the Commission in terms of Article 338(8) of the Constitution were all the procedural powers of a Civil Court for the purpose of investigating and inquiring into the matters and that too for that limited purpose only. In view of the judgment of the Supreme Court, the National Commission for the Scheduled Castes and the National Commission for the Scheduled Tribes have no powers to direct withholding of the operation of any orders issued by the Government. The Ministries/Departments etc. may keep in view the judgment of the Supreme Court while dealing with the directions given by the National Commission for the Scheduled Castes or the

National Commission for the Scheduled Tribes. (O.M. No.36036/2/97-Estt.(Res) dated the 1<sup>st</sup> January, 1998)

#### Relevant Office Memoranda etc.

		T T
1	MHA O.M. No.16/17/67-Estt.(C)	10.4.1968
2	No.27/22/68-Estt.(SCT)	19.4.1969
3	DOP&AT OM NO. 27/4/(1)/70-Estt(SCT)	3.9.1970
4	Deptt. of Personnel O.M. No.8/8/71-Estt.(SCT)	22.4.1971
5	Deptt. of Personnel O.M. No27/2/71-Estt.(SCT)	24.3.1972
6	MHA O.Ms. No.8-2-69-SCT(I)	1.10.1974
7	DP&AR O.M. No.36022/5/76-Estt.(SCT)	27.5.1976
8	OM No. 36022/5/(1)/76-Estt(SCT)	28.5.1976
9	OM No. 36013/1/77/Estt(SCT)	7.6.1977
10	DP&AR O.M. No.36024/1/78-Estt.(SCT)	27.6.1978
11	DP&AR O.M. No.36024/1/78-Estt.(SCT)	20.2.1979
12	No.46028/1/79-Estt.(SCT)	11.10.1979
13	No. 36013/6/81-Estt.(SCT)	07/12/1981
14	DP&AR O.M.No.36034/2/83-Estt.(SCT)	23.2.1983
15	DP&AR O.M. No.36022/2/84-Estt.(SCT)	18.1.1985
16	DOP&T O.M. No.36012/25/92-Estt.(SCT)	1.9.1992
17	DOPT OM No. 42011/18/96-Estt(Res)	6.3.1997
18	DOP&T O.M. No.36036/2/97-Estt.(Res)	1.1.1998
19	DOP&T O.M. No 36036/2/97-Estt.(Res)	30.11.1998
20	No.43011/153/2010-Estt.(Res.)	4/1/2013

#### **Annexure-I to Chapter-9**

#### **SC/ST/OBC REPORT-I**

### ANNUAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE REPRESENTATION OF SCs, STs AND OBCs AS ON FIRST JANUARY OF THE YEAR AND NUMBER OF APPOINTMENTS MADE DURING THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR

#### MINISTRY/DEPARTMENT/ATTACHED/SUBORDINATE OFFICE:

	Repr SC: (As o	Number of appointments made during the preceding calendar year												
						By Direct Recruitment			By Promotion			By Deputation/Absorption		
Groups	Total number of Employees	SCs	STs	OBCs	Total	SCs	STs	OBCs	Total	SCs	STs	Total	SCs	STs
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Group A														
Group B														
Group C														
Group D (Excluding Sweepers)														
Group D (Sweepers)														
TOTAL														

#### SC/ST/OBC REPORT-II

### ANNUAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE REPRESENTATION OF SCs, STs AND OBCs IN VARIOUS SERVICES AS ON FIRST JANUARY OF THE YEAR

#### MINISTRY/DEPARTMENT/ATTACHED/SUBORDINATE OFFICE:

#### SERVICE:

Pay Scale	Representation of SCs/STs/OBCs (As on 1 <sup>st</sup> January)				Number of appointments made during the preceding calendar year									
				By Direct Recruitment				By Promotion			By Deputation			
	Total number of Employees	SCs	STs	OBCs	Total	SCs	STs	OBCs	Total	SCs	STs	Total	SCs	STs
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
PB 3 + GP Rs.5400														
PB 3 + GP Rs.6600														
PB 3 + GP Rs.7600														
PB 4 + GP Rs.8700														
PB 4 + GP Rs.8900														
PB 4 + GP Rs.10000														
HAG & above														
TOTAL														

#### **CHAPTER -10**

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

#### **Arrangements for Training**

- 10.1 The following steps should be taken for training of Group A Officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes:
  - (i) More intensive training should be arranged for directly recruited Group A officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes by the Heads of the Training Institutions, wherever necessary, along with other officers. [DoPT's OM No.1/9/69-Estt. (SCT) dated 15.11.1971].
  - (ii) Ministries/Departments should nominate a considerably larger number of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe officers for the training programmes run by various Departments and Training Institutions. They should lay down a time limit, say 3 years, within which training of such officers in appropriate fields should be completed. A phased programme for sponsoring such officers for training to the various Institutions should be drawn up. The Ministries/Departments should identify the training needs of the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe officers and then examine to which training programmes these officers should be deputed. Special attention may also be paid to the training of such officers as are selected for promotion by relaxed standards to enable them to give a good account of themselves. The Training Division of the Department of Personnel & Training would render all assistance in suggesting or even devising suitable programmes, wherever necessary. 4.9.1978 DoPT's OM No.36013/18/77-Estt.(SCT) dated and **OM** No.36022/4/2005-Estt.(Res.) dated 13.7.2005].
  - (iii) In drawing up such training programmes, adequate margin should be provided to take in as many Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe officers as are sponsored by the Ministries. It would be useful to earmark 25 per cent of the seats for officers of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, wherever possible. In case this becomes difficult in any particular programme, then such officers could be covered in the next

course or a special programme may be arranged for them. It would also be useful if officers of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes were included in the various training programmes abroad. It would enable them to broaden their outlook and also build up specialized knowledge. It is also likely to boost up the morale of the officers of these communities. [DP&AR's OM No.1/1/73-Estt.(Res.) dated 10.12.73 and DP&AR's OM No.36022/13/76-Estt.(SCT) dated 14.9.1976 and DP&AR's OM No.36013/18/77-Est.(SCT) dated 4.9.78].

- (iv) Superiors of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers should be asked to take special care regarding on the job training of these officers, identify areas where special training is considered necessary and take appropriate steps for such training in consultation with the Department's Training Coordinator and the Training Division of the Department of Personnel & Training. [M/o Home Affairs OM No.27/2/70-Estt.(SCT) dated 21.4.70].
- (v) Cases of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers should be considered sympathetically and they should be given preference while nominating officers for training or deputing them for attending seminars/conferences, symposia etc. While nominating officers for training programmes run by the various Departments and Training Institution or for training programmes abroad or for training, seminars and conferences, it should be indicated as to which of the officers nominated belong to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, so that their cases may be duly considered by the appropriate authorities at the time of selection. [DP&AR's OM No.16/4/74-Estt.(SCT) dated 18.4.1974].

#### **Intimation about Competitive Examinations to Pre-Examination Training Centers**

10.2 Pre-examination Training Centers have been set up in various States to increase the employment potentialities of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates in reserved vacancies filled through various competitive examinations. The authorities holding the various competitive examinations should inform these Pre-examination Training Centers well in advance of the actual date of the examination, the probable number of reserved vacancies and the syllabus for and the standard of the examination. This would enable the Pre-examination Training Centers to evolve the Scheme of Training which will be correlated to such examinations and which in turn would lead to

improved intake of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates against reserved vacancies. [M/o Home Affair' letter No.21/3/70-Estt.(B) dated 31.3.70].

#### **Selection of Persons for Posting Abroad**

10.3 While it will not be possible to provide for any specific norm of relaxation in favour of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe employees in the matter of posting in foreign countries, when a Ministry/Department etc. makes selection of persons for posting in its units etc. located in a foreign country, it should see that eligible employees belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are also considered along with others for such posting. [DP&AR's OM No.16/32/74-Estt.(SCT) dated 3<sup>rd</sup> April, 1976].

#### Forwarding of Application for Employment

10.4 Application for employment elsewhere of temporary or permanent Central Government servants belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes should be readily forwarded except in very rare cases where there may be compelling grounds of public interest for withholding such applications. Cases where applications of employees belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes /Other Backward Classes could not be forwarded due to compelling grounds of public interest, should be reported within a month to the officer nominated as Liaison Officer in the administrative Ministry/ Department or in offices under the Head of Department. [ M/o Home Affairs' OM No.1/6/69-SCT(I) dated 19.3.1964 and DoPT's OM No.27/4(iv)/70-Estt.(SCT) dated 2.9.70].

#### **Prevention of Discrimination**

10.5 It has been pointed out on many occasions that the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers, after appointment, are subjected to harassment and discrimination on grounds of their social origin. It has been pointed out that SC/ST officers are some times transferred to far-off places and also placed at insignificant positions. It has also been stated that these officers are not accepted at their places of postings by the concerned superior officers in some cases. In this connection, it is emphasized that Government servants should desist from any act of discrimination against members of SC/ST communities on grounds of their social origin. Senior officers, including the Liaison Officers of the Ministry/Department, should keep a close watch to ensure that such incidents do not occur at all. However, if any such incident comes to the notice of the authorities, action should be

taken against the erring officials promptly. [OM No.36026/3/85-Estt.(SCT) dated 24<sup>th</sup> June, 1985].

#### **Provisions In Recruitment Rules/Regulations For Examination**

10.6 The recruitment rules in respect of all services/posts within the purview of the reservation orders should contain a separate rule on the following lines:-

"Savings: Nothing in these rules shall affect reservations, relaxation of age-limit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes, Persons with Disabilities and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by the Central Government from time to time in this regard." [DoPT's OM No. 8/12/71-Estt. (SCT) dated 21<sup>st</sup> September, 1971].

10.7 The provisions in recruitment rules and regulations for examinations for relaxation in standards in favour of Scheduled Castes/Tribes may be worded as follows:

"Candidates belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes or the Other Backward Classes or the Persons with Disabilities may, to the extent the number of vacancies reserved for the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, the Other Backward Classes and the Persons with Disabilities cannot be filled on the basis of the general standard, be recommended by the Commission by a relaxed standard to make up the deficiency in the reserved quota, subject to the fitness of these candidates for selection to the post/service irrespective of their ranks in the order of merit at the examination." [OM No.8/12/71-Estt.(Res.) dated 19<sup>th</sup> October, 1971 and M/o Home Affairs' OM No.1/1/70-Estt.(SCT) dated 25.7.1970].

**Note:** If the recruitment is not made through the UPSC, the reference to the Commission in the above provision may be modified to refer to the competent authority.

#### Clarifications about SC/ST/OBC Status

- 10.8 Cases in which a doubt arises whether a person belongs to a Scheduled Caste or Other Backward Class or whether a caste or community is a Scheduled Caste or included in Other Backward Classes may be referred to the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi. If such a doubt arises about Scheduled Tribe status of a person or community, reference may be made to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi. However, a set of points which should be taken into account by the certificate issuing authorities are given below. [M/o Home Affairs' Circular letter No. 35/1/72-RV(SCTV) dated 2.5.75]
- 10.9 Where a person claims to belong to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe or a Backward community by birth, it should be verified:
  - (i) That the person and his parents actually belong to the community claimed;
  - (ii) That this community is included in the Presidential Orders specifying the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes or included in the list of OBCs notified by the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India in relation to the concerned State;
  - (iii) That the person belongs to that State and to the area within that State in respect of which the community has been scheduled/notified.
  - (vi) If the person claims to be a Scheduled Caste, he should profess either the Hindu or the Sikh or the Budhist religion.

#### **Cases of Migration**

- 10.10 (i) Where a person migrates from the portion of the state in respect of which his community is scheduled/notified to another part of the same State in respect of which his community is not scheduled/notified, he will continue to be deemed to be a member of the Scheduled Caste or the Scheduled Tribe or the Other Backward Class, as the case may be in relation to that State;
  - (ii) Where a person migrates from one state to another, he can claim to belong to a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class only in relation to the State to which he originally belonged and not in respect of the State in which he has migrated.

#### **Claims through Marriage**

10.11 No person who was not a member of Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class by birth will be deemed to be a member of Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class merely because he or she had married a person belonging to a Scheduled

Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class. On the other hand a person who is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or an OBC would continue to be a member of that Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe or OBC, as the case may be, even after his or her marriage with a person who does not belong to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or an Other Backward Class.

#### **Cases of Conversion and Reconversion**

- 11.12 (i) Where a Scheduled Caste person gets converted to a religion other than Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism and then reconverts himself back to Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism, he will be deemed to have reverted to his original Scheduled Caste, if he is accepted by the members of that particular caste as one among them.
  - (ii) In the case of a descendant of a Scheduled Caste convert, the mere fact of conversion to Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism will not be sufficient to entitle him to be regarded as a member of the Scheduled Caste to which his forefathers belonged. It will have to be established that such a convert has been accepted by the members of the caste claimed as one among themselves and has thus become a member of that caste.

#### **Cases of Adoption**

- 11.13 Great care has to be exercised in dealing with cases where a person claims to be a member of Scheduled Caste or Other Backward Class on the ground that he has been adopted by a Scheduled Caste/OBC person. The validity of the adoption has to be clearly established before any caste certificate can be given. It is for the party to prove his claim by cogent and reliable evidence:
  - (i) The requirements of valid adoption are given in sections 6 to 11 of the Hindu Adoption Maintenance Act, 1956. The actual giving and taking of the child in adoption is a mandatory requirement and thereafter the adopted child is deemed to be the child of his or her adoptive father or mother for all purposes and the child severs all ties with the family of his or her birth. Ordinarily, no child who has attained the age of 15 years or who is married can be given in adoption unless there is a custom or usage applicable to the parties.

- (ii) In deciding whether an adoption is valid, the certificate issuing authority should satisfy himself that all the requirements of law have been complied with. He should also take into account the behaviour of the child after adoption whether he physically lives with and is supported by his adoptive parents and receives no financial help from his original parents. In case these conditions are not satisfied, the certificate should be refused.
- (iii) Where the case relates to an adoption of a married person or of a person of the age of 15 years and above, the certificate shall be required to be given by the District Magistrate who shall after making due enquiries as to the validity of the adoption as to whether such adoption is permitted by a custom or usage applicable to the parties, make an endorsement to that effect on the certificate. Such custom or usage should have been continuously and uniformly observed for a long time and obtained the force of law among the Hindus of that particular area, or that community, group of family provided that the custom or usage is certain and not unreasonable or opposed to public policy and in the case of custom or usage in respect of a particular family that the custom or usage has not been discontinued. In addition, it should be verified that all other conditions for a valid adoption, including the physical transfer of the adopted person to the family of the adoptive parents and that he has severed all ties with the original parents are fulfilled.

#### **Relevant Office Memoranda etc.**

1	MHA O.M. No.1/6/64-Estt.(SCT)(I)	19.3.1964
2	MHA letter No. 21/3/70-Estt(B)	31.3.1970
3	MHA O.M. No.27/2/70-Estt.(SCT)	21.4.1970
4	MHA's OM 1/1/70-Estt(SCT)	25.7. 1970
5	DOP&T O.M. No.27/4(iv)/70-Estt.(SCT)	2.9.1970
6	DOPT OM No. 8/12/71-Estt(SCT)	19.10.1971
7	Deptt. of Personnel O.Ms. No.1/9/69-Estt.(SCT)	15.11.1971
8	<u>DP&amp;AR O.M. No.1/1/73-Estt.(SCT)</u>	10.12.1973
9	<u>DP&amp;AR O.Ms. No.16/4/74-Estt.(SCT)</u>	18.4.1974
10	DOP & AR OM No. 16/32/74-Estt(SCT)	3.4.1976
11	DP&AR O.M. No.36022/13/76-Estt.(SCT)	14.9.1976
12	No.36013/18/77-Estt.(SCT)	4.9.1978
13	<u>DOPT OM No. 36026/3/85-Estt(SCT)</u>	24.6.1985
14	DOP&T O.M. No.36022/4/2005-Estt.(Res)	13.7.2005
15.	M/o Home Affairs' Circular letter No. 35/1/72-	2.5.1975.
	RV(SCTV)	

#### No.36011/1/2012-Estt.(Res.)

Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
Department of Personnel and Training
Establishment Reservation – I Section

North Block, New Delhi-110 001 Dated the 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2015

#### **OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

<u>Subject:</u> Reiteration of the instructions on verification of claims of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes for purpose of appointment to posts/services.

The undersigned is directed to say that as per extant instructions where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste (SC), Scheduled Tribe (ST) and Other Backward Classes (OBC) is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time. Instructions have been issued vide DoPT's letter No.36022/1/2007-Estt.(Res.) dated 20.3.2007 to the Chief Secretaries of all States/UTs for streamlining the system of verification of caste certificates so that unscrupulous non-SC/ST/OBC persons are prevented from securing jobs meant for SCs/STs/OBCs by producing false certificates. Timely and effective verification of caste status is necessary so that the benefit of reservation and other scheme of concessions etc. go only to the rightful claimants.

- 2. In this regard, attention is invited to the instructions contained in the following Office Memoranda/Orders issued by this Department from time to time. A copy each of the Office Memoranda is enclosed:-
  - (i) OM No. 36019/7/75-Estt. (SCT) dated 31.10.1975
  - (ii) OM No. 36011/16/80 Estt. (SCT) dated 27.02.1981
  - (iii) OM No. 36011/3/2005-Estt. (Res.) dated 09.09.2005
  - (iv) OM No. 36012/6/88-Estt.(SCT) dated 24.4.1990
- 3. Instances have been brought to the notice of this Department that despite the aforesaid instructions, the appointments of the candidates belonging to SC/ST/OBC communities are with-held/delayed due to pending caste certificates verification.

contd/-

- 4. It is, therefore, reiterated that in the situation where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Classes is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time and if there is genuine difficulty in his/her obtaining a certificate, the appointing authority should itself verify his/her claim through the District Magistrate concerned.
- 5. All Ministries/ Departments are requested to bring the contents of this O.M. to the notice of all concerned.

G. Sicilaran

(G. Srinivasan)
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

To:

- 1. The Secretaries of all Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
- 2. Department of Financial Services, New Delhi
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi
- 4. Railway Board, Ministry of Railways, Rail Bhavan, New Delhi
- Union Public Service Commission/ Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat/ Cabinet Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/ Prime Minister's Office/ Planning Commission
- 6. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex. Lodhi Road, New Delhi
- 7. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi
- 8. National Commission for SCs/National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
- 9. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi
- 10. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi 110 002
- 11. Information and Facilitation Center, DoPT, North Block, New Delhi.
- 12. Director, ISTM, Old JNU Campus, Olof Palme Marg, New Delhi 110067 NIC, DoPT to upload the same on DoPT Website.

Department of Personnel & Administrative Reforms O.M. No. 36019/7/75-Estt. (SCT) dated 31st October, 1975 to all Ministries etc.

Subject:—Verification of claims of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes for purpose of appointment to posts/services.

The undersigned is directed to say that candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes have to produce a certificate in the prescribed form issued by one of the prescribed authorities in support of their claim of belonging to a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe vide Appendix 14 and 15 of the Brochure on Reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in services. 4th edition. In this connection attention of the Ministry of Finance etc. is also invited to the content of the Ministry of Home Affairs Office Memorandum No. 13/2/57-SCT(I), dated the 25th May. 1960 and No. 13/2/61-SCT(I), dated the 18th November. 1961 which provide that where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima facie proof he is able to produce in support of his claim subject to his furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time, and if there is genuine difficulty in his obtaining a certificate, the appointing authority should itself verify his claims through the District Magistrate concerned. The instructions contained in the aforementioned Office Memorandum are again brought to the notice of the Ministries. Department etc.

#### Department of Personnel & A.R. No. 36011/16/80-Estt. (SCT) dated 27-2-81

Subject:—Descheduling of caste of Scheduled Caste person after his initial appointment—Question of vertification of caste at the time of making subsequent promotions.

With reference to the above subject, the undersigned is directed to say that instances have come to the notice of the Government where a Scheduled Caste person whose caste has been de-scheduled long ago was promoted against a reserved vacancy though he no longer was a member of the Scheduled Caste. Instances have also come to the notice of the Government where a person professing a religion other than the Hindus and Sikhs, was appointed against a Scheduled Castes vacancy though the fact of his belonging to any other religion other than the Hindus and Sikhs did not entitle him to claim the benefits of being Scheduled Castes. Obviously, these have occurred due to the appointing authorities not scrutinising the caste certificate of the person to be appointed or promoted.

It has now been decided that the appointing authorities should verify the caste status of a Scheduled Castes/Tribes officer at the time of initial appointment and promotion against a vacancy reserved for Scheduled Caste/Tribe. For this purpose, the caste and the community to which a SC/ST person belongs, his place of residence and the name of the State, should be pasted on the top of the service book, personal file or any other relevant document covering its employee to facilitate such verification. It may be mentioned that a Scheduled Caste person, whose caste been descheduled after his initial appointment as Scheduled Caste, is no longer entitled to enjoy the benefit of reservation in promotions. This verification of caste status at every important upturn of employee's career is necessary so that the benefit of reservation and other scheme of concessions etc. meant for SC/ST should go only to the rightful claimants and not those who become dis-entitled to them.

3. M/O. Finance etc. are requested to bring the above position to the notice of all attached and subordinate offices under them.

# No.36011/3/2005-Estt.(Res.) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel and Training

C

New Delhi, the 9th September, 2005.

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Verification of caste status of Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Class candidates at the time of initial appointment/promotion.

Attention is invited to Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms (now Department of Personnel & Training) O.M. No.36011/16/80-Estt.(SCT) dated 27th February, 1981 which provides that the appointing authorities should verify the caste status of a Scheduled Caste/Tribe candidate at the time of initial appointment and promotion against a vacancy reserved for Scheduled Castes/Tribes. The O.M. clarifies that a candidate who entered into service as an SC/ST candidate may discontinue to be so if the caste/community to which he belongs is descheduled subsequently. A Scheduled Caste candidate also loses his status of Scheduled Caste if he embraces a religion other than Hinduism, Sikhism or Buddhism. Though such officers who lose the status of SC or ST after entering into service are required to inform the Government about it, many of them do not do so. In the absence of necessary vigil, there are possibilities of non-SC/ST candidates getting benefit of reservation and various concessions in the matter of promotion. Therefore, verification of caste status at every important upturn of employee's career is necessary so that the benefit of reservation and other schemesof concessions, etc. meant for SCs/STs go only to the rightful claimants and not those who become disentitled to them. With a view to facilitating such verification, the caste/community to which the SC/ST person belongs, his place of residence and the name of the State should be pasted on the top of the Service Book, personal file and other relevant documents relating Attention is also invited to this Department's O.M. to the employee. dated 25th July, 2003 which provides that No.36033/4/97-Estt.(Res.) caste/community status and creamy layer status of OBC candidates should be verified at the time of initial appointment.

2. This Department's O.M. No.36012/6/88-Estt.(SCT) dated 24<sup>th</sup> April, 1990 provides that the appointing authorities should, in the offer of appointment to the candidates claiming to be belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, include a clause as follows:

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the caste/tribe certificate being verified through the proper channels and if the verification reveals that the claim to belong to Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe, as the case may be, is false, the services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Panel Code for production of false certificates."

Likewise this Department's O.M. No.36033/4/97-Estt.(Res.) dated 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2003 provides that in case of the offer of appointment to the candidates claiming to belong to Other Backward Classes, a clause as follows should be included:

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the community certificate being verified through the proper channels. If the verification reveals that the claim of the candidate to belong to Other Backward Classes or not to belong to creamy layer is false, his/her services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of Indian Panel Code for production of false certificates."

- 3. It has been brought to the notice of the Government that some candidates manage to secure employment under the Government against the vacancies reserved for SCs/STs/OBCs by producing false caste/community certificates and some candidates continue to get the benefits available to the Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes even after losing the status of SC/ST. The undersigned is directed to say that instructions referred to above should be scrupulously followed so that it may not be possible for any non-SC/ST/OBC candidate to secure employment or get benefit of promotion or concessions on the basis of a false claim to belong to these categories and if any person gets an appointment on the basis of such false claim, his services may be terminated as per conditions contained in the offer of appointment.
- 4. Contents of this O.M. may be brought to the notice of all concerned.

(K.G. Verma)
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India
Tele: 23092797

To

1. All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.

3/-

All Officers and Sections in the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/Election and Pensions and all attached/subordinate offices of this Ministry. Department of Economic Affairs (Insurance Division), New Delhi. Department of Economic Affairs (Banking Division), New Delhi. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi. Commission/Lok Sabha Public Railway Board. Union

Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Prime Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/President's Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Minister's Office/Planning Commission.

Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi.

Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi. National Commission for SCs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.

Trikoot-I, Bhikaji Cama National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi. National Commission for Backward Classes, Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi.

Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10, Bahadurshah

Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New Delhi. CBI, LBSNAA, ISTM, PESB, Central Sectt. Library, MHA Library. 200 spare copies for Estt. (Res.) Section.

### Department of Personnel and Training OM No. 36012/6/88-Estt (SCT) dated the 24-4-90

Subject: - Verification/acceptance of castes certificates produced by candidates.

It has been brought to the notice of the government that there are cases in which candidates have produced false caste certificates as belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes and secured Central Government jobs against vacancies reserved for SCs/STs. Instructions already exist which provide that the services of the candidates claiming to be belonging to SCs/STs would be terminated, if their claims are found to be false on subsequent verification through District Magistrates.

2. At present the following certificates can be accepted by the appointing authorities as sufficient proof in support of candidate's claim as belonging to SC/STs.

Matriculation or school leaving certificate or birth certificate giving the caste/community of the candidate and the place of his residence.

- 3. It has now been decided that henceforth the certificates as mentioned in para 2 above should not be accepted as proof of caste at the time of initial appointment. The Caste/Tribe certificates issued by the following authorities in the prescribed form in Appendix 14 of the Brochure on Reservation for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes (Seventh Edition) will only be accepted.
- (I) District Magistrate/Additional District Magistrate/Collector Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/Deputy Collector I less Stipendary Magistrate/Sub Divisional Magistrate/
  Table Magistrate/Executive Magistrate/Executive Commissioner
- (2) Chief Prosidency Magistrate Additional Citie Presidency Magistrate/Presidency Magistrate
- (3) Revenue Officer not below the park of Thirliter, and
- (4) Sub-Divisional Officer of the area where the candidate author his family normally resides.
- To have also been decided that henceforth the apprainting authorities should, in the offer of appointment to be candidates claiming to be belonging to Scheibled Castra Scheibled Pribes, include a clause as follows.
- Tribe, as the case may be, is faise, the services will be terminated forgit with without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code for production of these cartificates.

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5. Ministries/Departments are requested to note for strict compliance.

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#### No. 36011/1/2012-Estt.(Res.)

Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
Department of Personnel and Training
Establishment Reservation – I Section

North Block, New Delhi-110 001 Dated March 14, 2016

To,

The Chief Secretaries of all States/UTs

Subject:

Reiteration of the instructions on streamlining the procedure for verification of claims of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes for purpose of appointment to posts/services – regarding

Madam/SIr.

I am directed to refer to this Department's letter no. 36022/1/2007–Estt. (Res.) dated 20.03.2007 addressed to Chief Secretaries of all States/UTs (copy enclosed) regarding streamlining of the process for verification of claims of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes (SCs), Scheduled Tribes (STs) and Other Backward Classes (OBCs). It was also requested to issue instructions to District Magistrates/District Collectors/ Deputy Commissioners to ensure at their own level the veracity of caste certificates so that unscrupulous non-SC/ST/OBC persons are prevented from securing jobs meant for SCs/STs/OBCs by producing false certificates.

2. Owing to difficulties faced by candidates belonging to these reserved communities in various states in securing employment due to delays in obtaining caste certificates, this Department, vide an Office Memorandum of even number dated 08.10.2015, has re-iterated the instructions on providing provisional appointment to such reserved category candidates who are unable to obtain an appropriate caste certificate in time. It has been reiterated therein that where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim, subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time. If there is genuine difficulty in his/her obtaining a certificate, the appointing authority should itself verify his/her claim through the District Magistrate concerned. A copy of the OM is enclosed for reference and perusal.

- 3. In order to ensure that the candidates belonging to reserved categories do not face unnecessary problems in obtaining caste certificates, it is requested that instructions issued to the concerned authorities in the light of the aforementioned letter dated 20.03.2007 may be reiterated for information/compliance of all concerned.
- 4. It is also advised that in order to discourage unscrupulous activities, State Governments/UTs may consider issue of appropriate instructions for initiating disciplinary proceedings against the errant officers who default in timely verification of caste certificates or who issue false certificates.

Encl: as above

Yours faithfully,

G. Licusen

(**G. Srinivasan**) Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

Copy to:

Dir, NIC, DOPT - for placing it on the website of this Department for information of all concerned.

# No.36022/1/2007-Estt.(Res) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions Department of Personnel & Training

New Delhi, dated: the 26 March, 2007

To

The Chief Secretaries of all States/Union Territories

Subject:

Verification of claims of candidates to belong to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other

Backward Classes.

\*\*\*

Sir,

It has been brought to the notice of this Department that some candidates manage to secure employment under the Government against the vacancies reserved for SCs/STs/OBCs on the basis of false/forged caste/ community certificates. It is a serious matter which can only be tackled with the cooperation of the State Governments.

Instructions issued by this Department require the appointing authorities to verify the caste status of SC/ST/OBC candidates at the time of initial appointment. Accordingly, the concerned appointing authorities, at the time of initial appointment of SC/ST/OBC candidates against vacancies reserved for them, make a request to the concerned. district authorities to certify the veracity of caste/community certificate produced by the candidate. Many a time, the district authorities take unduly long time to respond. Where verification is not completed in time, the candidates are given appointment on provisional basis pending verification of their caste Some candidates continue to hold the post on the basis of false/forged certificates in the absence of proper response from district Chances of collusion of the candidate with some authorities. unscrupulous employee(s) at the district level cannot also be ruled out.

within one month of receipt of request from such authority. In order stated above, is verified and reported to the appointing authority certificates disciplinary proceedings may be initiated against officers who default certificate and employees at the district level or sub-district level to rule out collusion between candidates holding false/forged in timely verification of caste status in such cases or issue false the caste/community certificate referred to the district authorities, as to the effect that they should ensure at their own level that veracity of Magistrates/District Collectors/Deputy Commissioners of the districts would be appreciated if you could issue instructions to the District jobs meant for SCs/STs/OBCs by producing false certificates. unscrupulous non-SC/ST/OBC persons are prevented from securing I am directed to request you to streamline the system so that the

Yours faithfully

(R. Ramanujam)
Joint Secretary

#### No.36011/1/2012-Estt.(Res.)

Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
Department of Personnel and Training
Establishment Reservation – I Section

North Block, New Delhi-110 001 Dated the 8th October, 2015.

#### **OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

Subject: Reiteration of the instructions on verification of claims of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes for purpose of appointment to posts/services.

The undersigned is directed to say that as per extant instructions where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste (SC), Scheduled Tribe (ST) and Other Backward Classes (OBC) is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time. Instructions have been issued vide DoPT's letter No.36022/1/2007-Estt.(Res.) dated 20.3.2007 to the Chief Secretaries of all States/UTs for streamlining the system of verification of caste certificates so that unscrupulous non-SC/ST/OBC persons are prevented from securing jobs meant for SCs/STs/OBCs by producing false certificates. Timely and effective verification of caste status is necessary so that the benefit of reservation and other scheme of concessions etc. go only to the rightful claimants.

- 2. In this regard, attention is invited to the instructions contained in the following Office Memoranda/Orders issued by this Department from time to time. A copy each of the Office Memoranda is enclosed:-
  - (i) OM No. 36019/7/75-Estt. (SCT) dated 31.10.1975
  - (ii) OM No. 36011/16/80 Estt. (SCT) dated 27.02.1981
  - (iii) OM No. 36011/3/2005-Estt. (Res.) dated 09.09.2005
  - (iv) OM No. 36012/6/88-Estt.(SCT) dated 24.4.1990
- 3. Instances have been brought to the notice of this Department that despite the aforesaid instructions, the appointments of the candidates belonging to SC/ST/OBC communities are with-held/delayed due to pending caste certificates verification.

contd/-

- 4. It is, therefore, reiterated that in the situation where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Classes is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time and if there is genuine difficulty in his/her obtaining a certificate, the appointing authority should itself verify his/her claim through the District Magistrate concerned.
- 5. All Ministries/ Departments are requested to bring the contents of this O.M. to the notice of all concerned.

4. Similaran

(G. Srinivasan)

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

#### To:

- 1. The Secretaries of all Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
- 2. Department of Financial Services, New Delhi
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi
- 4. Railway Board, Ministry of Railways, Rail Bhavan, New Delhi
- Union Public Service Commission/ Supreme Court of India/Election
  Commission of India/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat/ Cabinet
  Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/ Prime
  Minister's Office/ Planning Commission
- 6. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex. Lodhi Road, New Delhi
- 7. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi
- 8. National Commission for SCs/National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
- National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place,
   R.K. Puram, New Delhi
- Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi – 110 002
- 11. Information and Facilitation Center, DoPT, North Block, New Delhi.
- 12. Director, ISTM, Old JNU Campus, Olof Palme Marg, New Delhi 110067
- NIC, DoPT to upload the same on DoPT Website.

Frequent asked questions (FAQs) on the issue of residence/domicile and caste/tribe certificates.

# Q.1. What is the purpose of issuance of Residence/domicile certificate to the students belonging to SC/ST and other than SC/ST while they are studying in Class V/VIII?

Answer: The residence/domicile certificate is to be issued by the concerned authority of State Government/Union Territory to certify that the person bearing the certificate is a domicile/resident of State/Union Territory to whom the certificate being issued. Such certificate is issued as proof of residence to avail domicile/resident quota in educational institutions and in the State/Central Government services and also in the case of jobs where preference to local candidates is available as per Government of India instructions issued from time to time.

### Q.2. Who will be eligible to be issued the Residence/Domicile as well as Caste/Tribe certificates?

**Answer:** SC/ST students will be eligible to be issued the Domicile certificate and also Caste/Tribe Certificate, as the case may be.

Other students will be eligible to be issued only the Residence/Domicile certificate.

## Q.3. What is the objective behind issuance of residence/domicile certificates and caste/Tribe certificates at School level?

Answer: In order to avoid difficulties faced by the SC/ST students, it has been proposed that "Caste or Tribe Certificate" and also the Domicile certificate may be issued to SC/ST students and only a Residence Certificate may be issued to other than SC/ST students all over the country, while studying in Class V or Class VIII, as an annual exercise. The State Government can choose either Class V or Class VIII to issue this certificate. Once Class V or VIII is chosen, the endeavour should be to issue it to all the students studying in that particular class.

## Q.4. Who will assist the students in getting the necessary documents/papers filled as an annual exercise for issue of Residence and also Caste/Tribe certificate?

**Answer:** The Head Master/Principal of the School in which the students are studying would get the necessary documents/papers filled up from the students studying in Class V/VIII as an annual exercise for issue of Resident and also Caste/Tribe Certificate.

The School Head Master/Principal will get the documents collected from all the SC and ST students and also other than SC/ST students and arrange to submit them to the relevant State Government authority/revenue authorities for making the requisite certificate.

## Q.5. What would be the proposed time frame set up for completing the exercise for issuance of residence/domicile certificates and caste/tribe certificates to the students studying in V/VIII classes?

**Answer:** A window of two months in September/October or any other time frame decided by the concerned State Government/Union Territory may be allocated /decided for completing this exercise.

### Q.6. What is the objective behind the issuance of caste certificates to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes?

**Answer**: The main objective of issuance of caste/tribe certificate is to facilitate access of bona-fide candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to the reserved posts and services under the State/Central Government and secure admission in educational institutions and other facilities being provided by the State/Central Government to them.

### Q.7. How much time would be taken by the State authorities for issuance of such certificates?

**Answer:** The concerned Revenue/State Government authorities would scrutinize/verify the documents and issue the relevant certificates preferably within a period of 30 – 60 days.

#### Q.8. Who would be the custodian of such certificates?

**Answer:** Once the certificate is made, it may be given to the students in cellophane cover, as far as practicable, though the School authorities and would be kept with the students for safe custody for availing the benefits/concessions and facilities available to the concerned category of students.

It can also be uploaded on E-locker facilities, wherever such facilities are available in the States.

#### Q.9. How can the authenticity of data be verified?

**Answer:** The State Government may also try to get the information of students fed into the Meta Data to be made online and may link it to Aaadhar enabled data, if feasible. Sincere efforts be made to issue these certificates alongwith Aaadhar Number.

## Q.10. What remedy is available to the students if their application for issuance of residence/domicile and caste/tribe certificate is rejected?

**Answer:** If the application of any student is rejected for issuance of the relevant certificate, the reasons will be provided and provision for one time appeal may be allowed by the State authorities. The procedure for appeal would be decided by the concerned State Government authorities.

## Q.11. Who will be responsible where acceptance for SC/ST domicile certificate is mandatorily done through Citizen Services Centres?

Answer: In states where acceptance for SC/ST domicile certificate is mandatorily done only through Citizen Service Centres, it will be the responsibility of the Headmaster of the School for collection of the documents and ensuring that the application is digitally sent to the concerned authorities from the nearest Citizen Service Centres. If there is already a time limit prescribed by the State authorities through

executive order or regulation for issuing such certificates, then such time frame may be adhered to.

## Q.12. What is the existing procedure for issuing of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe certificates? Who is the competent authority to issue the same?

**Answer:** Caste certificates are issued by the concerned State Government authorized authorities. Each State Government/UT administration has laid down its own procedure for issuance of certificates.

Efforts are being made to standardize the format of the certificate as far as possible.

Wherever feasible, efforts be made to issue the certificate in bilingual including the language (s) of the State.

The Central Government accepts the certificates issued by the following authorities on the prescribed format:-

- (1) District Magistrate / Additional District Magistrate/Collector/ Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/Deputy Collector/Ist Class stipendiary Magistrate/Sub Divisional Magistrate/Taluka Magistrate/Executive Magistrate/Extra Assistant Commissioner.
- (2) Chief Presidency Magistrate/Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/Presidency Magistrate.
- (3) Revenue Officer not below the rank of Tehsildar and
- (4) Sub-Divisional Officer of the area where the candidate and /or his family normally resides.

Instructions have been issued recently vide O.M.No.36011/1/2012-Estt.(Res.) dated 8th October 2015 providing that where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Classes is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time and if there is genuine difficulty in his/her obtaining a certificate, the appointing authority should itself verify his/her claim through the District Magistrate concerned.

Q.13. What are the points/facts/factors taken into account by the competent authority while issuing residence/ domicile and caste/Tribe certificates?

**Answer**: The certificate issuing authority should verify and ensure that:

- (i) the caste or the tribe to which the candidate claims to belong to is included in the Presidential Orders issued from time to time under Articles 341 and 342 of the Constitution;
- (ii) the candidate belongs to the said caste/tribe;
- (iii) the candidate ordinarily resides in the concerned State or part of that State etc.

(The term 'ordinarily resides' has the same meaning as in section 20 of the Representation of Peoples Act 1950).

Q.14. What is the procedure adopted for verification of antecedents and claims of the applicants before issue of such certificates and how the place of permanent abode of the applicant is ascertained?

**Answer**: States/UTs have their own procedure for verification of antecedents and claims of the applicants to belong to a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe including ascertainment of the permanent residence of the candidates

Q.15. What are the guidelines that have been issued to the appointing authorities in regard to scrutiny and verification of caste certificates of candidates at the time of their entry into Government service?

**Answer:** The Government of India has issued instructions regarding scrutiny and verification of the caste certificates of the candidates at the time of initial appointment and promotion against reserved vacancies. This Department re-iterated the instructions vide O.M. No.36011/3/2005-Estt. (Res.) dated 9<sup>th</sup> September 2005.

These guidelines would ensure that the benefit of reservation goes to genuine Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates only and reserved vacancies are not occupied by unscrupulous non-SC/ST candidates

Q.16. Whether the Government contemplates to draw a permanent mechanism to look into the anomalies that have crept into the whole procedure of issuance, verification and cancellation of SC/ST certificates and also for initiating disciplinary and penal action against holders/producers of the false caste certificates?

The caste certificates are issued, verified and cancelled by the authorities of the respective State Governments. Each State Government has its own system/procedure in this regard. However, if it is found that a Government servant had produced a false caste certificate in order to secure appointment, action against him/her required to be taken as per instructions contained in the Department of Personnel & Training's O.M.No.11012/7/91-Estt.(A) dated 19-5-93 which provides that wherever it is found that a Government servant, who was not qualified or eligible in terms of the recruitment rules etc. for initial recruitment in service or had furnished false information or produced a false certificate in order to secure appointment, he should not be If he/she is a probationer or a temporary retained in service. Government servant, he should be discharged or his services should be If he/she has become a permanent Govt. Servant. inquiry as prescribed in Rule 14 of CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965 may be held and if the charges are proved, the Government servant should be removed or dismissed from service

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No.36012/11/2016-Estt.(Res.)

Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pension

Department of Personnel and Training

North Block, New Delhi 110001

Dated the

30th September 2016

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Contempt Petition (C) No.314/2016 in SLP (C) No.4831/2012-Samta Andolan Samiti through its President vs. Sanjay Kothari & Ors.

Reference: 1. SLP(C) No. 30621/2011

2. SLP(C) No. 31735/2011

3. SLP(C) No.35000/2011

4. SLP(C) No. 2839/2012

5. SLP(C) No.4831/2012

6. SLP (C) No.5859/2012

7. SLP(C) No. 5860/2012 8. SLP(C) No.30841/2012

9. SLP(C) No.6915/2014

10. SLP(C) No. 8327/2014

11. SLP(C) No. 16710-16711/2014

12. SLP (C) No. 23344/2014

13. SLP(C) No.23339-23340/2014

14. SLP(C) No. 21343/2015

15. SLP(C) No.33163/2014

16. Contempt Petition (C) No.314/2016 in SLP (C) No.4831/2012

The undersigned is directed to invite attention to this Department's O.M. No. 36012/45/2005-Estt (Res) dated 10th August, 2010 (copy enclosed) on the subject reservation in promotion - treatment of SC/ST candidates promoted on their own merit.

- The O.M No. 36012/45/2005-Estt(Res), dated 10.8.2010 was challenged in the High Court of Punjab & Haryana in CWP No. 13218/2009 [Shri Lachhmi Narain Gupta & Ors Vs Jarnail Singh & Ors]. The Hon'ble High Court Punjab & Haryana vide its judgment dated 15.7.2011 quashed the O.M dated 10.8.2010.
- Against the Order of the Hon'ble Punjab and Haryana High Court dated 15.7.2011, an SLP was filed by Jarnail Singh & Ors. The Union of India through Department of Revenue also filed SLP No.6915/2014 in this case.

4. The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide order dated .03.02.2015 passed the following interim order In SLP No.30621/011- Jarnail Singh & Ors. Vs Lachmi Narain Gupta & Ors:-

"Let the matter be listed in the second week of March 2015 on a non-miscellaneous day. Status quo existing as on today in respect of the promotional matters that are covered by the impugned judgment shall be maintained till the next date of hearing."

- 3. Contempt Petitions were filed before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against Department of Personnel and Training and Railways alleging that 5 notifications issued by the DOPT and 5 Notifications issued by the Railways were contrary to the status quo order dated 03.02.2015 of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and therefore notice of contempt was issued. The matter came up for hearing on 29.9.2016 before the Apex Court.
- 4. In order to preclude any interim order in the contempt case, as desired by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, the Learned Solicitor General has undertaken that till such time the main matter along with the Contempt Petition is decided, no further promotions of reserved category persons to unreserved posts will be made based on the DOPT OM dated 10.8.2010 and Railway Board circular dated 14.9.2010,
- 5. In the light of the above, till such time that the SLP (s) are decided by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, while considering promotion, the DOPT OM dated 10.8.2010 and Railway Board circular dated 14.9.2010 are not to be relied upon. The main matter along with the contempt petition is likely to be taken up for hearing on 22.11.2016.
- 6. These instructions may be brought to the notice of all concerned for information and necessary action.

G. Risvasa

(G.Srinivasan) Deputy Secretary

To

1. All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India

2. All Officers and Sections in the Department of Personnel, and all attached/subordinated offices of the Department

3. Ministry of Railways(Chairman, Railway Board), Rail Bhawan, New Delhi

- Union Public Service Commission, Supreme Court of India/Election Commission/Lok Sabha Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/Central Information Commission/President Secretariat/Prime Minister's Office/Niti Aayog
- 5. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi
- 6. National Commission for SCs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi
- 7. National Commission for ST, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi

- 8. National Commission for Backward Classes
- Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10, Bahadurshah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110022
- 10. CBI, LBSNAA, ISTM, PESB,
- 11. Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New Delhi

Director, NIC (Computer Cell), DOP&T with the request to upload on this Department's website on what's New

# No.36012/45/2005-Estt. (Res.) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel and Training

North Block New Delhi- 110001.

Dated the 10th August, 2010.

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Reservation in promotion - Treatment of SC/ST candidates promoted on their own merit.

The undersigned is directed to refer to this Department's O.M.No.36028/17/2001-Estt. (Res.) dated 11<sup>th</sup> July, 2002 which clarified that SC/ST candidates appointed by promotion on their own merit and not owing to reservation or relaxation of qualifications will be adjusted against un-reserved points of the reservation roster and not against reserved points. It was subsequently clarified by this Department's O.M. No.36028/17/2001-Estt. (Res.) dated 31.1.2005 that the above referred O.M. took effect from 11.7.2002 and that concept of own merit did not apply to the promotions made by non-selection method.

- 2. Central Administration Tribunal, Madras Bench in O.A. No.900/2005 [S. Kalugasalamoorthy v/s. Union of India & Others] has set aside the O.M. No.36028/17/2001-Estt. (Res.) dated 31.1.2005 and held that when a person is selected on the basis of his own seniority, the scope of considering and counting him against quota reserved for SCs does not arise. The High Court of Judicature at Madras in the matter of UOI v/s. S. Kalugasalamoorthy [WP No.15926/2007] has upheld the decision of the Central Administrative Tribunal.
- 3. The matter has been examined in the light of the above referred judgments and it has been decided to withdraw O.M. No. 36028/17/2001-Estt. (Res.) dated 31.1.2005 referred to above. It is clarified that SC/ST candidates appointed by promotion on their own merit and seniority and not owing to reservation or relaxation of qualifications will be adjusted against unreserved points of reservation roster, irrespective of the fact whether the promotion is made by selection method or non-selection method. These

orders will take effect from 2.7.1997, the date on which post based reservation was introduced.

These instructions may be brought to the notice of all concerned.

(K.G. Verma) Director Tele: 23092158.

To

All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.

 All Officers and Sections in the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions and all attached/subordinate offices of this Ministry.

Department of Financial Services (Banking Division), New Delhi.

4. Department of Economic Affairs, North Block, New Delhi.

Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi.

6. Ministry of Railways (Railway Board), Rail Bhawan, New Delhi.

- 7. Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/
  Election Commission/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha
  Secretariat/ Cabinet Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/
  President's Secretariat/ Prime Minister's Office/ Planning
  Commission.
- Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi.
- 9. National Commission for SCs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.
- 10. National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.
- National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-I, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi.
- Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10, Bahadurshah Zafar Marg, New Delhi – 110002.
- CBI, LBSNAA, ISTM, PESB, Central Sectt. Library, MHA Library.
- Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New Delhi.
- NIC (Computer Cell) with the request to upload on this Department's website.

F. No. 36012/11/2016-Estt (Res) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions Department of Personnel & Training Establishment (Reservation-I) Section

North Block, New Delhi. Dated 14th October, 2016

#### **CORRIGENDUM**

Reference is invited to para 4 and 5 of DOPT's OM of even number dated 30.09.2016 issued in the matter of Contempt Petition No. 314/2016 filed by Samta Andolan Samiti Vs UOI and Ors and to state that

"Railway Board's circular dated 14.09.2010" as mentioned in the OM may be read as "Railway Board's circular dated 01.09.2010"

The rest of the contents of the OM shall remain unchanged. 2.

> (K. Salil Kumar) Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

> > Tele:- 23092110

To

All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India. 1.

All Officers and Sections in the Ministry of Personnel, Public 2. Grievances and Pensions and all attached/subordinate offices of 3.

Department of Financial Services (Banking Division), New Delhi. 4.

Department of Economic Affairs, North Block, New Delhi. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi. 5.

Ministry of Railways (Railway Board), Rail Bhawan, New Delhi. 6.

- Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/ Election Commission/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha 7. Secretariat/ Cabinet Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/ Prime Minister's Office/ Planning Commission. 8.
- Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New
- National Commission for SCs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi. 9. 10.

National Commission for STs, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.

National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-I, Bhikaji 12. Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi. 13.

Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10, Bahadurshah Zafar Marg, New Delhi - 110002. 14.

CBI, LBSNAA, ISTM, PESB, Central Seett. Library, MHA Library.

Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New 15.

NIC (Computer Cell) - with the request to upload on this Department's 16.

# No. 36033/1/2013-Estt. (Res.) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel & Training

North Block, New Delhi, Dated: September 13, 2017

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Revision of income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from the purview of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBCs)-reg.

The undersigned is directed to invite attention to this Department's Office Memorandum No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 8<sup>th</sup> September, 1993 which, inter-alia, provided that sons and daughters of persons having gross annual income of ₹ 1 lakh or above for a period of three consecutive years would fall within the creamy layer and would not be entitled to get the benefit of reservation available to the Other Backward Classes. The aforesaid limit of income for determining the creamy layer status was subsequently raised to ₹ 2.5 lakh, ₹ 4.5 lakh and ₹ 6 lakh vide this Department's OM No. 36033/3/2004-Estt. (Res.) dated 14.10.2008 and OM No. 36033/1/2013-Estt. (Res.) dated 27.05.2013 respectively.

- 2. It has now been decided to raise the income limit from ₹ 6 lakh to ₹ 8 lakh per annum for determining the creamy layer amongst the Other Backward Classes. Accordingly, the expression "₹ 6 lakh" under Category VI in the Schedule to this Department's aforesaid O.M. dated 8<sup>th</sup> September, 1993 would be substituted by "₹ 8 lakh".
- 3. The provisions of this office memorandum have effect from 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2017.
- 4. All the Ministries/Departments are requested to bring the contents of this office memorandum to the notice of all concerned.

(Debabrata Das)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

Ph: 2304 0279

#### To:

- 1. All the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
- 2. Department of Financial Services, New Deihi.
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi.
- 4. Railway Board, New Delhi.
- 5. Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/Lok Sabha Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/President's Secretariat/Prime Minister's Office/Niti Aayog.
- 6. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
- 7. Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi.

- 8. National Commission for Scheduled Castes/National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 9. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi.
- 10. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi-110002.
- 11. Director General, Press Information Bureau, National Media Centre, 7E Raisina Road, New Delhi with a request to give wide publicity to this OM
- 12. The NIC, DoPT with a request to upload it at the website of this Department in OMs &Orders > Estt. (Res.) > SC/ST/OBC and in 'What's New'

#### Copies forwarded to:

The Chief Secretaries of all the States/Union Territories for information and necessary action.

(Debabrata Das)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

No. 41034/5/2014 – Estt. (Res.) Vol. IV - Part Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel & Training

> North Block, New Delhi, Dated: 06<sup>th</sup> October 2017

# OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:Establishing equivalence of posts in Central Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), Banks, Insurance Institutions with Posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer criteria – reg

The undersigned is directed to refer to DOPT OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 8.9.1993 (copy at Annexure I) regarding reservation for Other Backward Classes in civil posts and services under the Government of India. In terms of para 3 of the said OM, similar instructions were to be issued in respect of Public Sector Undertakings and financial institutions including Public Sector Banks by Department of Public Enterprises and by the Ministry of Finance respectively.

- 2. Government had recently examined the proposal for establishing equivalence of posts in Central Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), Banks, Insurance Institutions with Posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer criteria amongst Other Backward Classes. The Cabinet in its meeting held on 8.8.2017, inter-alia, approved para 5.2 of the Cabinet Note wherein the general principles for determination of equivalence in respect of Public Sector Undertakings, Banks and Public Insurance organizations were proposed by the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment. Relevant extracts of para 5.2 and para 9 of the Cabinet Note are appended at Annexure II.
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises and Department of Financial Services are requested to advise all the public sector organizations under their respective administrative control to issue necessary orders immediately, in accordance with principles approved by the Cabinet as appended in Annexure II, so as to conclude the exercise before 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018.
- 4. It is also requested that orders issued in the matter may kindly be arranged to be endorsed by all concerned to this Department as well as M/o Social Justice & Empowerment for our record.

(G. Srinivasan)
Deputy Secretary

Encl: As above

То

 Department of Public Enterprises, Ministry of Heavy Industries & Public Enterprises [Kind Attn: Smt. Seema Bahuguna, Secretary] Room No. 305, Block No. 14, CGO Complex, New Delhi-110003  Department of Financial Services, Ministry of Finance, [Kind Attn: Shri Rajiv Kumar, Secretary] Room No. 6A, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street New Delhi - 110 001

Copy for information to Shri B.L.Meena, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi, with reference to MOSJ&E D.O.letter No. 12015/8/2017-BC-II dated 5.9.2017

G. Lewson

Annexure I

# Department of Personnel and Training O.M. No.36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT), dated the 8<sup>th</sup> September, 1993, to all Ministries/Departments, etc.

Subject:-Reservation for Other Backward Classes in Civil Posts and Services under the Government of India-Regarding.

The undersigned is directed to refer to this Department's O.M. No. 36012/31/90-Ettt. (SCT), dated the 13th August, 1990 and 25th September, 1991 regarding reservation for Socially and Educationally Backward Classes in Civil Posts and Services under the Government of India and to say that following the Supreme Court judgement in the Indira Sawhuey and others Vs. Union of India and others case [Writ Petition (Civil) No. 930 of 1990] the Government of India appointed an Expert Committee to recommend the criteria for exclusion of the socially advanced persons/sections from the benefits of reservations for Other Backward Classes in civil posts and services under the Government of India.

- 2. Consequent to the consideration of the Expert Committee's recommendations this Department's Office Memorandum No. 36012/31/90-Estt. (SCT), dated 13.8.90 referred to in para (1) above is hereby modified to provide as follows:
- (2) 27% (twentyseven percent) of the vacancies in civil posts and services under the Government of India, to be filled through direct recruitment, shall be reserved for the Other Backward Classes. Detailed instructions relating to the procedure to be followed for enforcing reservation will be issued separately.
- (b) Candidates belonging to OBCs recruited on the basis of merit in an open competition on the same standards prescribed for the general candidates shall not be adjusted against the reservation quota of 27%.
- (c) (i) The aforesaid reservation shall not apply to persons/sections mentioned in column 3 of the Schedule to this office memorandum.
  - (ii) The rule of exclusion will not apply to persons working as artisans or engaged in hereditary occupations, callings. A list of such occupations, callings will be issued separately by the Ministry of Welfare.
- (d) The OBCs for the purpose of the aforesaid reservation would comprise, in the first phase, the castes and communities which are common to both the lists in the report of the Mandal Commission and the State Governments' Lists. A list of such castes and communities is being issued separately by the Ministry of Welfare.
- (e) The aforesaid reservation shall take immediate effect. However, this will not apply to vacancies where the recruitment process has already been initiated prior to the issue of this order.
- 3. Similar instructions in respect of public sector undertakings and financial institutions including public sector banks will be issued by the Department of Public Enterprises and by the Ministry of Finance respectively effective from the date of this Office Memorandum.

Sd4 (Smt. Sarita Presad) Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

To

All Ministries/Departments of Government of India.

Copy:

1. Department of Public Enterprises, New : Delhi.

It is requested that the said instructions may be issued in respect of PSUs, Public Sector Banks & Insurance Corporation.

2. Ministry of Finance (Banking & Insurance Divisions), New Delhi.

30-91 DP&T/ND/93

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G. Licusan

	SCHEDULE							
_	Description of category	To whom rule of exclusion will apply						
	2	3						
Ε.	CONSTITUTIONAL POSTS	Son(s) and daughter(s) of  (a) President of India;  (b) Vice President of India;  (c) Judges of the Supreme court and of the High Courts;  (d) Chairman & Members of UPSC and of the State Public Service Commission;  Chief Election Commissioner; Comptroller & Auditor General of India;						
		(c) persons holding Constitutional positions of like nature.						
H.	SERVICE CATEGORY  A. Group A/Class 1 officers of the All India Control and State Services (Direct Recruits).	Son(s) and daughter(s) of  (a) parents, both of whom are Class I officers;  (b) parents, either of whom is a Class I officer;  (c) parents, both of whom are Class I officers, but one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.  (d) parents, either of whom is a Class I officer and such parent dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years.  (e) parents, both of whom are class I officers die or suffer permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation of the both, either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years.  Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases:  (a) Sons and daughters of parents either of whom or both of whom are Class-I officers and such parent(s) dies/die or suffer permanent incapacitation.  (b) A lady belonging to OBC category has got married to a Class-I officers						
		and may beneal like to apply for a job.						

B. Group B/Class II officers of the Central & State Son(s) and daugther(s) of Services (Direct Recurisment)

į

- (s) parents both of whom are Class II officers.
- (b) perents of whom only the husband is a Class II officer and he gets into Glass I at the age of 40 or earlier.
- (c) parents, both of whom are Class Hofficers and one of them dies or suffers permanent-incapacitation and either one of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisiation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before such death or permanent incapacitation;
- (d) parents of whom the husband is a Class I officer (direct recruit or pre-forty pro-moted) and the wife is a Class II officer and the wife dies; or suffers permanent incapacitation; and
- (e) parents, of whom the wife is a Class I officer (Direct Recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the husband is a Class II officer and the husband dies or suffers permanent incapacitation

Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases:

Sons and daughters of

- (a) Parents both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.
- (b) Parents, both of whom are Class II officers and both of them die or suffer permanent incapacitation, even though either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organization like UN, IMF. World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before their death or permanent incapacitation
- C. Employees in Public Sector Undertakings etc.

The criteria enumerated in A & B above in this Category will apply mutatis mutandi to officers holding equivalent or comparable posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance Organiza-tions, Universities, etc. and also to equivalent or comparable posts and positions under private employment. Pending the evaluation of the posts on equivalent or comparable banis in these institutions, the criteria specified in Category VI below will apply to the officers in Chese Institutions.

G. Sicionan

ARMED FORCES INCLUDING PARAMILL-TARY FORCES

(Persons holding civil posts are not included)

Son(s) and daughter(s) of parents either or both of whom is or are in the rank of Colonel and above in the Army and to equivalent posts in the Navy and the Air Force and the Para Military Forces.

#### Provided that:-

- (i) if the wife of an Armed Forces Officer is herself in the Armed Forces (i.e., the category under consideration) the rule of exclusion will apply only when she berself has reached the rank of Colonel;
- (ii) the service ranks below Colonel of husband and wife shall not be clubbed together;
- (iii) If the wife of an officer in the Armed Forces is in civil employment, this will not be taken into account for applying the rule of exclusion unless she falls in the service category under item No. If in which case the criteria and conditions enumerated therein will apply to her independently.

#### IV. PROFESSIONAL CLASS AND THOSE ENGAGED IN TRADE AND INDUSTRY

- (i) Persons engaged in profession as a doctor, lowyer, characted accountant, Income-Tax conmitant, Jinancial or management consultant, dental surgeon, engineer, architect computer specialis, film artists and other film professional, author, playwright, sports person, sports professional, media professional or any other vocations of like status.
- (II) Persons engaged in seade, business and industry.

Criteria specified against Category VI will apply:—

Criteria specified against Category VI will apply:

#### Explonation :

- (i) Where the husband is in some profession and the wife is in a Class II or lower grade employment, the income/wealth test will apply only on the basis of the husband's income.
- (ii) If the wife ix in any profession and the husband is in employment in a Class II or lower rank post, then the income/ wealth criterion will apply only on the basis of the wife's income and the husband's income will not be clubbed with it.

G. Lewosan

3

PROPERTY OWNERS A. Agricultural holdings

1

Son(s) and daughter(s) of persons he longing to a family (father, mother and minor children) which owns

- (a) only inigated land which is equal to or more than 85% of the statutory area, or
- (b) both irrigated and unirrigated land, as follows
- 6) The rule of exclusion will apply where the pre-condition exists that the irrigated area (having been hmught to a single type under a common denominator) 40% or more of the stamory ceiling limit for irrigated land (this being calculated by excluding the unirrigated partion). If this pre-condition of not less than 40% exists, then only the area of unitrigated land will be taken into account. This will be done by converting the unicripated land on the basis of the conversion formula existing, into the irrigated type. The irrigated area so computed from unirrigated land shall be added to the actual area of irrigated land and if after such clubbing together the total area in across of irrigated land is 80% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land, then the rule of exclusion will apply and discontinement will occur.

(ii) The rule of exclusion will not apply if the land holding of a family is exclusively unirrigated.

B. Rantations

VI. INCOME/WEALTH TEST

- (i) Coffee, test, rubber, etc.
- (ii) Mango, citrus, apply plantations etc.
- C. Vacant land and/or buildings in urban areas
- or urban agglomorations

Criteria of income/wealth specified in Category VI below will apply.

Deemed as agricultural holding and hence criteria at A above under this Category will apply.

Criteria specified in Category VI below will apply.

Explanation: Building may be used for residential, industrial or commercial purpose and the like two or more such purposes.

Son(s) and daughter(s) of

(a) Persons baving gross annual income of Rs. I lakh or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Weslih Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years.

G. Lievason

(b) Persons in Categories I, II, III and V A who are not discritized to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources of wealth which will bring them within the income/wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above.

#### Explanation:

- (i) Income from salaries or agricultural land shall not be clubbed;
- (ii) The income criteria in terms of rupee will be modified taking into account the change in its value every three years. If the situation, however, so demands, the interrugnum may be less.

Explanation: Wherever the expression "permanent incapacitation" occur in this schedule, it shall mean incapacitation which results in putting an officer out of service.

G. Sievaran



# Extracts from the Note for Cabinet dated 8/8/2017

# approved by the Cabinet in its meeting of 30/08/2017.

XXXX XXX XXXX XXXX

"5.2 Schedule- II C of the annexure to DoP&T's OM of 8.9.1993 (Annexure-I), is in respect of employees in Public Sector Undertakings, Public Sector Banks and Insurance Institutions. The position given below shall be applicable as advised by the Department of Public Enterprises and Department of Financial Services respectively. The Nodal Department i.e. DoPT have supported the general principles suggested by the Department of Public Enterprises and Department of Financial Services.

Department of Public Enterprises - "Keeping in view that CPSEs are categorized into four Schedules (A, B, C & D) with different levels of pay scales on IDA pay pattern, perks and allowances, variable pay, affordability concept etc. and also number of levels of non-executive level posts are flexible and fixed by respective Boards of CPSEs after wage negotiations with the Unions, the CSEs are at a completely different footing in comparison to pay pattern and allowances of functionaries of Government of India. The determination of exact equivalence of CPSEs posts with Group A, B, C and D levels posts of Central Government is therefore not feasible. All Executives level posts i.e. Board level executives and below Board level executives which are managerial level posts subject to proviso that those executives whose annual income as per criterion given in DoP&T's OM of 8.9.1993, as amended from time to time, is less than Rs.6.00 lakh will not be considered 'creamy layer'.

Department of Financial Services - Banks and Insurance organizations - "(a) Junior Management Grade Scale - 1 of Public Sector Banks, Financial Institutions and Public Sector Insurance Corporations will be treated as equivalent to Group A in the Government of India and

(b) Clerks and Peons in Public Sector Banks, Financial Institutions and Public Sector Insurance Corporations will be treated as equivalent to Group C in the Government of India. Accordingly as per O.M. dated 08.09.1993, officers belonging to Junior Management Grade Scale-I and above will be considered as creamy layer. For Clerks and Peons in PSBs, FIs and PSICs, the income criteria vide O.M. referred above i.e. Rs. 6.00 lakhs per annum as revised from time to time will be applicable. These will be applicable with an exception being provided vide O.M. dated 08.09.1993 of DoP&T as under:-

G. Sucrana



- i) Son(s) and daughter(s), if father/mother is Clerk and Peon of PSBs, FIs and PSICs employee and he gets into Junior Management Grade Scale-1 of PSBs, FIs and PSICs at the age of 40 or earlier,
- ii) Son(s) and daughter(s) of parents either of whom or both of whom are in Junior Management Grade Scale-1 and above of PSBs, FIs and PSICs, and such parent(s) dies/die or suffer permanent incapacitation.
- iii) A lady belonging to OBC category has got married to a person of Junior Management Grade Scale-1 and above of PSBs, Fls and PSICs and may herself like to apply for a job."

#### XXXX XXX XXXX XXXX XXXX

#### "9. Approval of the Cabinet

Approval of the Cabinet is solicited to:-

- i) Enhancement of the monetary ceiling for Income Test for Creamy Layer of OBCs to Rs. 8.00 lakh per annum from Rs. 6.00 lakh per annum, as detailed at para 5.1 above, from date of issue of orders and
- ii) The DOPT will be requested to take action to issue orders in accordance with the standards of reference for determining creamy layer, vide para 5.2 above, to the Department of Public Enterprises and the Department of Financial Services, who shall issue corresponding orders immediately in respect of Public Sector Undertakings, Public Sector Banks and Financial Institutions etc. with reference to Schedule II-C of the Annexure to DoPTs O.M. 8.9.1993."

G. Lievasan

#### F. No. 36033/2/2018-Estt.(Res.) Government of India

Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions

Department of Personnel and Training Establishment (Reservation-I) Section

\*\*\*\*

North Block, New Delhi Dated June 8, 2018

To

The Chief Secretaries of all States / Union Territories

Subject:-

Reservation for candidates from Other Backward Classes – Revision of Income Criteria and determining equivalence of posts in Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs), Public Sector Banks, Public Financial Institutions, etc. with Posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer criteria – regarding

Madam/Sir.

I am directed to invite attention to this Department's Office Memorandum No. 36012/22/93-Estt,(SCT) dated 08.09.1993 which, inter-alia provided that sons and daughters of persons having gross annual income of Rs.1 lakh or above for a period of three consecutive years would fall within the 'creamy layer' and would not be entitled to get the benefit of reservation available to the Other Backward Classes.

- 2. The aforesaid limit of income for determining the creamy layer status was subsequently raised to Rs. 2.5 lakh, Rs. 4.5 lakh Rs. 6 lakh and Rs. 8 lakh vide this Department's O.M. No. 36033/3/2004-Estt.(Res.) dated 09.03.2004, O.M. No. 36033/3/2004-Estt. (Res.) dated 14.10.2008, O.M. No. 36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res.) dated 27.05.2013 and O.M. No. 36033/1/2013-Estt. (Res.) dated 13.09.2017, respectively.
- 3. This Department is in receipt of references seeking clarification on the status of equivalence and revision of income criteria, in Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) and Financial Institutions with posts in Government. In this regard, copies of the following Office Memorandums issued by Department of Public Enterprises, Department of Financial Services and this Department are enclosed for ready reference:
  - i) O.M. No. 36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res.) dated 13.09.2017 of this Department regarding revision of income criteria;
  - ii) O.M. No. DPE-GM-/0020/2014-GM-FTS-1740 dated 25.10.2017 of the Department of Public Enterprises on establishing equivalence of posts in Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) with Posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer criteria; and
  - iii) O.M. No. 19/4/2017-Welfare dated 06.12.2017 of the Department of Financial Services on establishing equivalence of posts in respect of Public Sector Banks, Public Financial Institutions, Public Sector Insurance Companies.

4. It is requested to please bring the contents of the above mentioned O.M.s/ instructions to the notice of all concerned for information / compliance.

Yours faithfully,

(Raju Saraswat)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

Telefax - 23092110

## Copy to:

- 1. All the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India
- 2. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi.
- 4. Department of Financial Services, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi
- 5. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R. K. Puram, New Delhi
- 6. Hindi Section for providing a translation
- 7. Guard File

# No. 36033/1/2013-Estt. (Res.) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel & Training

North Block, New Delhi, Dated: September 13, 2017

## OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Revision of income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from the purview of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBCs)-reg.

The undersigned is directed to invite attention to this Department's Office Memorandum No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 8<sup>th</sup> September, 1993 which, inter-alia, provided that sons and daughters of persons having gross annual income of ₹ 1 lakh or above for a period of three consecutive years would fall within the creamy layer and would not be entitled to get the benefit of reservation available to the Other Backward Classes. The aforesaid limit of income for determining the creamy layer status was subsequently raised to ₹ 2.5 lakh, ₹ 4.5 lakh and ₹ 6 lakh vide this Department's OM No. 36033/3/2004-Estt. (Res.) dated 14.10.2008 and OM No. 36033/1/2013-Estt. (Res.) dated 27.05.2013 respectively.

- 2. It has now been decided to raise the income limit from ₹ 6 lakh to ₹ 8 lakh per annum for determining the creamy layer amongst the Other Backward Classes. Accordingly, the expression "₹ 6 lakh" under Category VI in the Schedule to this Department's aforesaid O.M. dated 8<sup>th</sup> September, 1993 would be substituted by "₹ 8 lakh".
- 3. The provisions of this office memorandum have effect from 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2017.
- 4. All the Ministries/Departments are requested to bring the contents of this office memorandum to the notice of all concerned.

(Debabrata Das)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

Ph: 2304 0279

To:

- 1. All the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
- 2. Department of Financial Services, New Deihi.
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi.
- 4. Railway Board, New Delhi.
- 5. Union Public Service Commission/Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/Lok Sabha Secretariat/Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/President's Secretariat/Prime Minister's Office/Niti Aayog.
- 6. Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
- 7. Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi.

8. National Commission for Scheduled Castes/National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi.

9. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K.

Puram, New Delhi.

10. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, 10 Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi-110002.

11. Director General, Press Information Bureau, National Media Centre, 7E Raisina

Road, New Delhi - with a request to give wide publicity to this OM

12. The NIC, DoPT with a request to upload it at the website of this Department in OMs &Orders > Estt. (Res.) > SC/ST/OBC and in 'What's New'

Copies forwarded to:

The Chief Secretaries of all the States/Union Territories for information and necessary action.

(Debabrata Das)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

# DPE-GM-/0020/2014-GM-FTS-1740 Government of India Ministry of Heavy Industries & Public Enterprises Department of Public Enterprises

Public Enterprises Bhavan, Block No. 14, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110 003. Dated: October, 2017

#### **OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

Subject: Establishing equivalence of posts in Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) with Posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer criteria – regarding.

The undersigned is directed to refer to DoPT OM No. 41034/5/2014-Estt. (Res.) Vol. IV-Part dated 6<sup>th</sup> October, 2017 (copy enclosed), vide which the decision of the Government has been conveyed on the general principles for equivalence of posts in CPSEs with posts in Government for determination of creamy layer criteria in terms of DoPT O.M. No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 08-09-1993 on the subject of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBC) in civil posts and services under the Government of India.

2. As the pay pattern, perks and allowances of posts in Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) are completely different from the posts in Government, determination of <a href="exact eq..ivalence">exact eq..ivalence</a> of CPSEs posts with Group A, B, C & D level posts in Government is not feasible. However, in view of the Government decision referred to in DoPT OM dated 06-10-2017, for determination of creamy layer criteria in CPSEs, the general principle would be that all the Executive level posts in CPSEs i.e. Board level Executives and below Board level Executives which are managerial level posts, will be considered as "creamy layer" subject to the proviso that those Executives whose annual income as per criteria given in DoPT OM 08-09-1993 is less than Rs. 8 lakhs (as amended vide DoPT OM No. 36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res) dated 13-09-2017), will not fall under creamy layer criteria.

Contd. on page-2

- 3. All administrative Ministries / Departments concerned with CPSEs are requested to bring the contents of this OM to the notice of CPSEs under their administrative control for compliance and issuing necessary orders in accordance with the principles approved by the Government for determination of Creamy Layer criteria in respect of posts in the CPSEs.
- 4. This issues with the approval of Hon'ble Minister (HI&PE).

Encl. As above.

(J. N. Prasad)
Director

To:

All Administrative Ministries / Departments concerned with CPSEs.

Copy to: (i) Chief Executive of all CPSEs.

- (ii) Secretary, M/o Social Justice & Empowerment.
- (iii) Secretary, DoPT.
- (iv) NIC, Cell DPE, for placing this OM on DPE web-site.

No.19/4/2017-Welfare
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Financial Services



2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi, the 06<sup>th</sup> December, 2017

# OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: (i) Establishing equivalence of posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance Institutions with posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer Criteria.

(ii) Revision of income criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from the purview of reservation for Other Backward Classes (OBCs)-reg.

The undersigned is directed to refer to this Department's letter No.14/1/93-SCT(B) dated 28.9.1993 forwarding therewith DoP&T's O.M. dated 08.9.1993 regarding reservation for Other Backward Classes in civil posts and services under the Government of India. Category II C of Schedule to DoP&T's O.M. No.36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 08.9.1993 envisaged that equivalence will be established between the posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance organizations etc. vis-à-vis posts in Government.

2. Government had recently examined the proposal for establishing equivalence of posts in Central Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), Banks, Insurance Institutions with Posts in Government for establishing Creamy Layer criteria amongst Other Backward Classes. The Government has approved principles for determining the equivalence in respect of Public Sector Banks (PSBs), Public Financial Institutions (PFIs), Public Sector Insurance Companies (PSICs), as conveyed vide DoP&T's O.M. No.41034/5/2014-Estt.(Res.) Vol.IV-Part dated 06.10.2017 (copy enclosed), which inter-alia, provide as follows:

(a) Junior Management Scale-I of PSBs/PFIs/PSICs will be treated as equivalent to Group A in the Government of India and

- (b) Clerks and Peons in PSBs/PFIs/PSICs will be treated as equivalent to Group C in the Government of India.
- 3. Further, the income limit for determination of creamy layer amongst the OBCs have been raised from Rs.6 lakhs to Rs.8 lakhs with effect from 01st September, 2017 vide DoP&T's O.M. No.36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res.) dated 13.9.2017 (copy enclosed).

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The above instructions may please be brought to the notice of all concerned under your organisation for strict compliance under intimation to this Department.



This issues with the approval of Secretary(FS). 5.

(Arun Kumar)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

Tel.:23748725

Encls.: As above.

#### To

- The Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer of all Public Sector 1.
- The Chairman, Public Financial Institutions/Public Sector Insurance 2. Companies.
- The Chairman, State Bank of India, H.O. Mumbai. 3.

The Chief General Manager (HRDD), RBI, Mumbai. 4.

- The Chairman, Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority 5. (PFRDA), H.O. Hyderabad.
- The Chairman, Insurance Regulatory Development Authority (IRDA), 6. H.O. Hyderabad.
- The Chairman, IBA, Mumbai. 7.

# Copy to:

I.R. Section. 1.

All Government Nominee Directors of PSBs/PFIs/PSICs. 2.

R.R.B. Section for issuing similar instructions to RRBs. 3.

- Department of Personnel & Training (Shri G. Srinivasan, Dy. Secretary) 4. w.r.t. O.M. No.36033/1/2013-Estt.(Res.) dated 13.9.2017 and O.M. No.41034/5/2014-Estt.(Res.) Vol.IV (Part) dated 06.10.2017.
- The Joint Secretary (Shri B.L. Meena), Ministry of Social Justice & 5. Empowerment, New Delhi.
- C.L.O./L.O. of SC/ST/OBC of DFS. 6.

Notice Board of DFS. 7.

NIC Cell of DFS with a request to upload it at the website of this 8. Department.

Guard File. 9.

(Afun Kumar)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

F. No. 36012/11/2016- Estt.(Res-I) {Pt-II}
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
Department of Personnel & Training
Establishment (Reservation-I) Section

North Block, New Delhi Dated June 15, 2018

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:

Implementation of interim Orders/ directions in Special Leave to Appeal (C) No. 30621/2011 arising out of final judgment and order dated 15.07.2011 in CWP No. 13218/2009 passed by the Hon'ble High Court of Punjab & Haryana and Special Leave to Appeal (C) No. 31288/2017 arising out of Hon'ble Delhi High Court judgment dated 23.08.2017 and other related court cases – regarding

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The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 15.11.2017 in SLP(C) No. 28306/2017 has decided to refer to a Constitution Bench to examine whether its earlier decision in M. Nagraj and others vs. Union of India and others requires reconsideration or not, inter alia, on the issue as to whether test of backwardness would, at all, apply in case of SC and ST.

2. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in SLP (C) No. 30621/2011 has passed the following Order on 17.05.2018:

"It is directed that the pendency of this Special Leave Petition shall not stand in the way of Union of India taking steps for the purpose of promotion from 'reserved to reserved' and 'unreserved to unreserved' and also in the matter of promotion on merits. ............"

3. Further, in the matter related to SLP(C) No. 31288/2017, connected to Special Leave to Appeal (C) No. 28306/2017, the Hon'ble Supreme Court held as under on 05.06.2018:

"Heard learned counsel for the parties. Learned ASG has referred to order dated 17.05.2018 in SLP (C) No.30621/2011. It is made clear that the Union of India is not debarred from making promotions in accordance with law, subject to further orders, pending further consideration of the matter. Tag to SLP(C) No.30621 of 2011."

- 4. The cadre controlling authorities of Central Government Ministries, Departments and Union Territories are to carry out promotions in accordance with the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court mentioned in paragraphs 2 and 3 above based on existing seniority/select lists.
- 5. Every promotion order must clearly mention the stipulation that the promotion shall be subject to further orders which may be passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.
- 6. All Ministries/ Departments are requested to bring this to the notice of all concerned for information/ compliance.
- 7. State Governments are also advised to take necessary action in accordance with the abovementioned orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Q. Licuaran

(G. Srinivasan)

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

Tel.: 2309 3074

#### To:

- 1. The Secretaries of all Ministries/Departments of the Government of India
- 2. Chief Secretaries of all State Governments
- 3. Shri Maninder Singh, Learned Additional Solicitor General of India
- 4. Department of Financial Services, New Delhi
- 5. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi
- 6. Railway Board, Ministry of Railways, Rail Bhavan, New Delhi
- 7. Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat/ Cabinet Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/ Vice President's Secretariat/ Prime Minister's Office/ Niti Ayog
- 8. Union Public Service Commission / Staff Selection Commission
- 9. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, New Delhi
- 10. Ministry of Tribal Affairs, New Delhi
- 11. National Commission for Scheduled Castes, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
- 12. National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
- 13. National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama Place, R. K. Puram, New Delhi
- 14. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- 15. Information and Facilitation Center, DoPT, North Block, New Delhi.
- 16. Director, ISTM, Old JNU Campus, Olof Palme Marg, New Delhi 110067
- 17. NIC, DoPT to upload the same on DoPT website.
- 18. Hindi Section for providing the Hindi translation

# F. No.36039/1/2019-Estt.(Res.) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel and Training

North Block, New Delhi 19<sup>th</sup> January, 2019

#### OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Reservation for Economically Weaker Sections (EWSs) in civil posts and services in the Government of India

Reference is invited to Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment O.M. No. F.No.20013/01/2018-BC-II dated 17.1.2019 on the above mentioned subject, which, inter-alia, reads as under:-

- "1. In pursuance of insertion of clauses 15(6) and 16(6) in the Constitution vide the Constitution (One Hundred and Third Amendment) Act, 2019 and in order to enable the Economically Weaker Sections (EWSs) who are not covered under the existing scheme of reservations for the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and the Socially and Educationally Backward Classes, to receive the benefits of reservation on a preferential basis in civil posts and services in the Government of India and admission in Educational Institutions, it has been decided by the Government to provide 10% reservation to EWSs in civil posts and services in Government of India and admission in Educational Institutions.
- 2. Persons who are not covered under the existing scheme of reservations for the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and the Socially and Educationally Backward Classes and whose family has gross annual income below Rs. 8.00 lakh are to be identified as EWSs for the benefit of reservation. Family for this purpose will include the person who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years. The income shall include income from all sources i.e. salary, agriculture, business, profession etc. and it will be income for the financial year prior to the year of application. Also persons whose family owns or possesses any of the following assets shall be excluded from being identified as EWSs, irrespective of the family income:
  - 5 acres of Agricultural Land and above;
  - ii. Residential flat of 1000 sq. ft. and above;
  - iii. Residential plot of 100 sq. yards and above in notified municipalities;
  - iv. Residential plot of 200 sq. yards and above in areas other than the notified municipalities.
- 3. The income and assets of the families as mentioned in para 2 would be required to be certified by an officer not below the rank of Tehsildar in the States/UTs. The officer who issues the certificate would do the same after

Oymendra Tripathi 19/1/2019 carefully verifying all relevant documents following due process as prescribed by the respective State/ UT.

- 5. Instructions regarding reservation in employment and admission to educational institutions will be issued by DOPT and Ministry of HRD respectively."
- 2. In pursuance of the above Office Memorandum, it is hereby notified that 10% reservation would be provided for Economically Weaker Sections (EWSs) in central government posts and services and would be effective in respect of all Direct Recruitment vacancies to be notified on or after 01.02.2019.
- 3. Detailed Instructions regarding operation of roster and procedure for implementation of EWS reservation will be issued separately.

(Gyanendra Dev Tripathi) (Gyanendra Dev Tripathi) (19/01/2019)

Joint Secretary to the Government of India

To

- 1. The Secretaries of all Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
- 2. Department of Financial Services, New Delhi
- 3. Department of Public Enterprises, New Delhi
- 4. Railway Board, Ministry of Railways, Rail Bhavan, New Delhi
- Secretary, Ministry of Human Resources Development, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi.
- Supreme Court of India/Election Commission of India/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat/ Cabinet Secretariat/ Central Vigilance Commission/ President's Secretariat/ Vice President's Secretariat / Prime Minister's Office/ NITI Aayog
- 7. Union Public Service Commission / Staff Selection Commission
- 8. Secretary, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi
- National Commission for Scheduled Castes, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
- National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi
- National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-1, Bhikaji Cama, Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi
- 12. Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- 13. Information and Facilitation Center, DoPT, North Block, New Delhi.
- 14. Director, ISTM, Old JNU Campus, Olof Palme Marg, New Delhi 110067
- 15. NIC. DoPT to upload the same on DoPT website.
- 16. Hindi Section for providing a Hindi translation

# No.36039/1/2019-Estt (Res) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions Department of Personnel & Training

North Block, New Delhi dated the 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2019

## **OFFICE MEMORANDUM**

Subject: Reservation for Economically Weaker Sections (EWSs) in direct recruitment in civil posts and services in the Government of India.

In continuation of this Department's Office Memorandum of even number dated 19.01.2019, the following instructions are issued in consultation with Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment and Department of Legal Affairs regarding reservation for EWSs not covered under the reservation scheme for SCs/STs/OBCs in respect of direct recruitment in civil posts and services in the Government of India.

## 2. **QUANTUM OF RESERVATION**

The persons belonging to EWSs who are not covered under the scheme of reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs shall get 10% reservation in direct recruitment in civil posts and services in the Government of India.

### 3. EXEMPTION FROM RESERVATION:

- 3.1 "Scientific and Technical" posts which satisfy all the following conditions can be exempted from the purview of the reservation orders by the Ministries/Departments:
  - (i) The posts should be in grades above the lowest grade in Group A of the service concerned.
  - (ii) They should be classified as "scientific or technical" in terms of Cabinet Secretariat [OM No. 85/11/CF-61(1) dated 28.12.1961], according to which scientific and technical posts for which qualifications in the natural sciences or exact sciences or applied sciences or in technology are prescribed and the incumbents of which have to use that knowledge in the discharge of their duties.

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- (iii) The posts should be 'for conducting research' or 'for organizing, guiding and directing research'.
- 3.2 Orders of the Minister concerned should be obtained before exempting any posts satisfying the above condition from the purview of the scheme of reservation.

### 4. <u>CRITERIA OF INCOME & ASSETS:</u>

4.1 Persons who are not covered under the scheme of reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs and whose family has gross annual income below **Rs. 8.00 lakh (Rupees eight lakh only)** are to be identified as EWSs for benefit of reservation. Income shall also include income from all sources i.e. salary, agriculture, business, profession, etc. for the financial year prior to the year of application.

Also persons whose family owns or possesses any of the following assets shall be excluded from being identified as EWS, irrespective of the family income:-

- i. 5 acres of agricultural land and above;
- ii. Residential flat of 1000 sq. ft. and above;
- iii. Residential plot of 100 sq. yards and above in notified municipalities;
- iv. Residential plot of 200 sq. yards and above in areas other than the notified municipalities.
- 4.2. The property held by a "Family" in different locations or different places/cities would be clubbed while applying the land or property holding test to determine EWS status.
- 4.3 The term "Family" for this purpose will include the person who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years.

# 5. <u>INCOME AND ASSET CERTIFICATE ISSUING AUTHORITY AND VERIFICATION OF CERTIFICATE</u>:

- 5.1 The benefit of reservation under EWS can be availed upon production of an Income and Asset Certificate issued by a Competent Authority. The Income and Asset Certificate issued by any one of the following authorities in the prescribed format as given in **Annexure-I** shall only be accepted as proof of candidate's claim as belonging to EWS: -
  - (i) District Magistrate/Additional District Magistrate/ Collector/ Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/1st Class Stipendary

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- Magistrate/ Sub-Divisional Magistrate/ Taluka Magistrate/ Executive Magistrate/ Extra Assistant Commissioner
- (ii) Chief Presidency Magistrate/Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/ Presidency Magistrate
- (iii) Revenue Officer not below the rank of Tehsildar and
- (iv) Sub-Divisional Officer or the area where the candidate and/or his family normally resides.
- 5.2 The Officer who issues the certificate would do the same after carefully verifying all relevant documents following due process as prescribed by the respective State/UT.
- 5.3 The crucial date for submitting income and asset certificate by the candidate may be treated as the closing date for receipt of application for the post, except in cases where crucial date is fixed otherwise.
- 5.4 The appointing authorities should, in the offer of appointment to the candidates claiming to be belonging to EWS, include the following clause:-

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the Income and asset certificate being verified through the proper channels and if the verification reveals that the claim to belong to EWS is fake/false the services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code for production of fake/false certificate."

The appointing authority should verify the veracity of the Income and asset certificate submitted by the candidate through the certificate issuing authority.

5.5 Instructions referred to above should be strictly followed so that it may not be possible for an unscrupulous person to secure employment on the basis of a false claim and if any person gets an appointment on the basis of such false claim, her/his services shall be terminated invoking the conditions contained in the offer of appointment.

#### 6. <u>EFFECTING RESERVATION - MAINTENANCE OF ROSTERS:</u>

6.1 Department of Personnel and Training had circulated Office Memorandum No.36012/2/96-Estt(Res) dated July 2, 1997 regarding implementation of post based reservation roster. The general principles for making and operating post

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based reservation roster would be as per the principles laid down in the said Office Memorandum.

- 6.2 Every Government establishment shall now recast group-wise post-based reservation roster register for direct recruitment in accordance with format given in **Annexure II, III, IV and V,** as the case may be, for effecting 10% reservation for EWSs interpolating them with the SCs, STs and OBCs. While fixing roster point, if the EWS roster point coincides with the roster points of SCs/STs/OBCs the next available UR roster point has been allotted to the EWSs and also the principle of "squeezing" has been kept in view. While drawing up the rosters, the cadre controlling authorities may similarly "squeeze" the last points of the roster so as to meet prescribed 10% reservation.
- 6.3 Where in any recruitment year any vacancy earmarked for EWS cannot be filled up due to non availability of a suitable candidate belonging to EWS, such vacancies for that particular recruitment year shall not be carried forward to the next recruitment year as backlog.
- 6.4 Persons belonging to EWS selected against the quota for persons with benchmark disabilities/ex-servicemen shall be placed against the roster points earmarked for EWS.

## 7. ADJUSTMENT AGAINST UNRESERVED VACANCIES:

A person belonging to EWS cannot be denied the right to compete for appointment against an unreserved vacancy. Persons belonging to EWS who are selected on the basis of merit and not on account of reservation are not to be counted towards the quota meant for reservation.

# 8. <u>FORTNIGHTLY/ANNUAL REPORTS REGARDING REPRESENTATION OF</u> EWS:

The Ministries/Departments shall send single consolidated fortnightly report including their attached/subordinate offices beginning from 15.2.2019 as per format at **Annexure-VI**.

From 01.01.2020, the Ministries/Departments shall upload data on representation of EWSs in respect of posts/services under the Central Government on the URL i.e. <a href="https://www.rrcps.nic.in">www.rrcps.nic.in</a> as on 1st January of every year. All Ministries/Departments have already been provided respective usercode and password with guidelines for operating the URL.

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# 9. <u>MAINTENANCE OF REGISTER OF COMPLAINTS BY THE GOVERNMENT</u> <u>ESTABLISHMENT:</u>

- 9.1 Every Government establishment shall appoint a senior officer of the Department as the Grievance Redressal Officer.
- 9.2 Any person aggrieved with any matter relating to discrimination in employment against any EWS may file a complaint with the Grievance Redressal Officer of the respective Government establishment. The name, designation and contact details of the Grievance Redressal Officer may be displayed prominently on the website and in the office of the concerned establishment.

#### 10. LIAISON OFFICER:

Ministries/Departments/Attached and Subordinate Offices shall appoint Liaison Officer to monitor the implementation of reservation for EWSs.

- 11. The above scheme of reservation will be effective in respect of all direct recruitment vacancies to be notified on or after 01.02.2019.
- 12. All the Ministries/Departments are requested to bring the above instructions to the notice of all appointing authorities under their control. In case of any difficulty with regard to implementation of the provisions of this OM, the concerned authorities may consult DOP&T through their administrative Ministry/Department.

Encl.: As above.

A. Livisagan

(G. Srinivasan) Director

Ph.No.011-23093074

To

- (i) The Secretaries of all Ministries/Departments of the Govt. of India
- (ii) Department of Financial Services, Ministry of Finance, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi
- (iii) Department of Public Enterprises, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi
- (iv) Railway Board, Rail Bhavan, Delhi.

- (v) Supreme Court of India/ Election Commission of India/ Lok Sabha Secretariat/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat/Cabinet Secretariat/Central Vigilance Commission/President's Secretariat/ Prime Minister's Office/NITI Aayog
- (vi) Union Public Service Commission, Dholpur House, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi
- (vii) Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi
- (viii) The Secretary, Department of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bavan, New Delhi
- (ix) National Commission for Scheduled Castes, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi
- (x) National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi.
- (xi) National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot, Bhikaji Cama Place, R.K. Puram, New Delhi.
- (xii) Office of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India, 10, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi.
- (xiii) Information and Facilitation Centre, DOPT, North Block, New Delhi.
- (xiv) Director, ISTM, Old JNU Campus, Olof Palme Marg, New Delhi-110067.
- (xv) All Officers and Sections in the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions and all attached/subordinate offices of this Ministry.

Copy to: Director, NIC, DOPT - with the request to immediately place this OM on the website of this Department (what's new tab) for information of all concerned.

G. Lisvaran

INCOME	&	<b>ASSEST</b>	CERTIFICATE	TO.	BE	PRODUCED	BY	<b>ECONOMICALLY</b>	WEAKER
SECTION	S								

CECTIONS	
Certificate No	Date:
	VALID FOR THE YEAR
Economically Weaker Sectilakh (Rupees Eight Lakh of possess any of the following I. 5 acres of agricultura II. Residential flat of 10 III. Residential plot of 10	
2. Shri/Smt./Kumarirecognized as a Scheduled	belongs to the caste which is not Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Classes (Central List)
	Signature with seal of Office
	Name Designation
Recent Passport size attested photograph of the applicant	

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<sup>\*</sup>Note1:. Income covered all sources i.e. salary, agriculture, business, profession, etc.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note 2:The term "Family" for this purpose include the person, who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Note 3: The property held by a "Family" in different locations or different places/cities have been clubbed while applying the land or property holding test to determine EWS status.

# FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT

Model Roster of Reservation with reference to posts for Direct recruitment on All India Basis by Open Competition

Sl. No. of Post		Category for which the posts			
OI I OSC	SC @15%	ST @7.5%	OBC @27%	EWS @10%	should be earmarked
1	0.15	0.08	0.27	0.10	UR
2	0.30	0.15	0.54	0.20	UR
3	0.45	0.23	0.81	0.30	UR
4	0.60	0.30	1.08	0.40	OBC-1
5	0.75	0.38	1.35	0.50	UR
6	0.90	0.45	1.62	0.60	UR
7 .	1.05	0.53	1.89	0.70	SC-1
8	1.20	0.60	2.16	0.80	OBC-2
9	1.35	0.68	2.43	0.90	UR
10	1.50	0.75	2.70	1.00	EWS-1
11	1.65	0.83	2.97	1.10	UR
12	1.80	0.90	3.24	1.20	ÓBC-3
13	1.95	0.98	3.51	1.30	UR
14	2.10	1.05	3.78	1.40	ST-1
15	2.25	1.13	4.05	1.50	SC-2
16	2.40	1.20	4.32	1.60	OBC-4
17	2.55	1.28	4.59	1.70	UR
18	2.70	1.35	4.86	1.80	UR
19	2.85	1.43	5.13	1.90	OBC-5
20	3.00	1.50	5.40	2.00	SC-3
21	3.15	1.58	5.67	2.10	EWS-2
22	3.30	1.65	.5.94	2.20	UR
23	3.45	1.73	6.21	2.30	OBC-6
24	3.60	1.80	6.48	2.40	UR
25	3.75	1.88	6.75	2.50	UR
26	3.90	1.95	7.02	2.60	OBC-7
27	4.05	2.03	7.29	2.70	SC-4
28	4.20	2.10	7.56	2.80	ST-2
29	4.35	2.18	7.83	2.90	UR
30	4.50	2.25	8.10	3.00	OBC-8
31	4.65	2.33	8.37	3.10	EWS-3
32	4.80	2.40	8.64	3.20	UR
33	4.95	2.48	8.91	_	
34	5.10	2.55	9.18	3.40	OBC-9

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35	5.25	2.63	9.45		SC-5
36	5.40	2.70	9.72		UR
37	5.55	2.78	9.99		UR OPG 10
38	5.70	2.85	10.26		OBC-10
39	5.85	2.93	10.53		UR
40	6.00	3.00	10.80		ST-3
41	6.15	3.08	11.07		SC-6
42	6.30	3.15	11.34		OBC-11
43	6.45	3.23	11.61		EWS-4
44	6.60	3.30	11.88		UR
45	6.75	3.38	12.15	4.50	OBC-12
46	6.90	3.45	12.42	4.60	UR
47	7.05	3.53	12.69	4.70	SC-7
48	7.20	3.60	12.96	4.80	UR
49	7.35	3.68	13.23	4.90	OBC-13
50	7.50	3.75	13.50	5.00	EWS-5
51	7.65	3.83	13.77	5.10	UR
52	7.80	3.90	14.04	5.20	OBC-14
53	7.95	3.98	14.31	5.30	UR
54	8.10	4.05	14.58	5.40	SC-8
55	8.25	4.13	14.85	5.50	ST-4
56	8.40	4.20	15.12	5.60	OBC-15
57	8.55	4.28	15.39	5.70	UR
58	8.70	4.35	15.66	5.80	UR
59	8.85	4.43	15.93	5.90	UR
60	9.00	4.50	16.20	6.00	OBC-16
61	9.15	4.58	16.47	6.10	SC-9
62	9.30	4.65	16.74	6.20	EWS-6
63	9.45	4.73	17.01	6.30	OBC-17
64	9.60	4.80	17.28	6.40	UR
65	9.75	4.88	17.55	6.50	UR
66	9.90	4.95	17.82	6.60	UR
67	10.05	5.03	18.09	6.70	OBC-18
68	10.20	5.10	18.36	6.80	SC-10
69	10.35	5.18	18.63	6.90	ST-5
70	10.50	5.25	18.90	7.00	EWS-7
71	10.65	5.33	19.17	7.10	OBC-19
72	10.80	5.40	19.44	7.20	UR
73	10.95	5.48	19.71	7.30	UR
74	11.10	5.55	19.98	7.40	SC-11
75	11.25	5.63	20.25	7.50	OBC-20
76	11.40	5.70	20.52	7.60	UR
77	11.55	5.78	20.79	7.70	UR
78	11.70	5.85	21.06	7.80	OBC-21
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79	11.85	5.93	21.33	7.90	UR
80	12.00	6.00	21.60		ST-6
81	12.15	6.08	21.87		SC-12
82	12.30	6.15	22.14		OBC-22
83	12.45	6.23	22.41		EWS-8
84	12.60	6.30	22.68		UR
85	12.75	6.38	22.95	8.50	UR
86	12.90	6.45	23.22	8.60	OBC-23
87	13.05	6.53	23.49	8.70	SC-13
88	13.20	6.60	23.76	8.80	UR
89	13.35	6.68	24.03	8.90	OBC-24
90	13.50	6.75	24.30	9.00	EWS-9
91	13.65	6.83	24.57	9.10	UR
92	13.80	6.90	24.84	9.20	UR
93	13.95	6.98	25.11	9.30	OBC-25
94	14.10	7.05	25.38	9.40	SC-14
95	14.25	7.13	25.65	9.50	ST-7
96	14.40	7.20	25.92	9.60	UR
97	14.55	7.28	26.19	9.70	OBC-26
98	14.70	7.35	26.46	9.80	EWS-10**
99	14.85	7.43	26.73	9.90	SC-15*
100	15.00	7.50	27.00	10.00	OBC-27*
101	15.15	7.58	27.27	10.10	UR
102	15.30	7.65	27.54	10.20	UR
103	15.45	7.73	27.81	10.30	UR
104	15.60	7.80	28.08	10.40	OBC-28
105	15.75	7.88	28.35	10.50	UR
106	15.90	7.95	28.62	10.60	UR
107	16.05	8.03	28.89	10.70	SC-16
108	16.20	8.10	29.16	10.80	ST-8
109	16.35	8.18	29.43	10.90	OBC-29
110	16.50	8.25	29.70	11.00	EWS-11
111	16.65	8.33	29.97	11.10	UR
112	16.80	8.40	30.24	11.20	OBC-30
113	16.95	8.48	30.51	11.30	UR
114	17.10	8.55	30.78	11.40	SC-17
115	17.25	8.63	31.05	11.50	OBC-31
116	17.40	8.70	31.32	11.60	UR
117	17.55	8.78	31.59	11.70	UR
118	17.70	8.85	31.86	11.80	UR
119	17.85	8.93	32.13	11.90	OBC-32
120	18.00	9.00	32.40	12.00	ST-9
121	18.15	9.08	32.67	12.10	SC-18
122	18.30	9.15	32.94	12.20	EWS-12

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123	18.45	9.23	33.21	12.30	OBC-33
124	18.60	9.30	33.48	12.40	UR
125	18.75	9.38	33.75	12.50	UR
126	18.90	9.45	34.02	12.60	OBC-34
127	19.05	9.53	34.29	12.70	SC-19
128	19.20	9.60	34.56	12.80	UR
129	19.35	9.68	34.83	12.90	UR
130	19.50	9.75	35.10	13.00	OBC-35
131	19.65	9.83	35.37	13.10	EWS-13
132	19.80	9.90	35.64	13.20	UR
133	19.95	9.98	35.91	13.30	UR
134	20.10	10.05	36.18	13.40	OBC-36
135	20.25	10.13	36.45	13.50	SC-20
136	20.40	10.20	36.72	13.60	ST-10
137	20.55	10.28	36.99	13.70	UR
138	20.70	10.35	37.26	13.80	OBC-37
139	20.85	10.43	37.53	13.90	UR
140	21.00	10.50	37.80	14.00	SC21
141	21.15	10.58	38.07	14.10	OBC-38
142	21.30	10.65	38.34	14.20	EWS-14
143	21.45	10.73	38.61	14.30	UR
144	21.60	10.80	38.88	14.40	UR
145	21.75	10.88	39.15	14.50	OBC-39
146	21.90	10.95	39.42	14.60	UR
147	22.05	11.03	39.69	14.70	SC-22
148	22.20	11.10	39.96	14.80	ST-11
149	22.35	11.18	40.23	14.90	OBC-40
150	22.50	11.25	40.50	15.00	EWS-15
151	22.65	11.33	40.77	15.10	UR
152	22.80	11.40	41.04	15.20	OBC-41
153	22.95	11.48	41.31	15.30	UR
154	23.10	11.55	41.58	15.40	SC-23
155	23.25	11.63	41.85	15.50	UR
156	23.40	11.70	42.12	15.60	OBC-42
157	23.55	11.78	42.39	15.70	UR
158	23.70	11.85	42.66	15.80	UR
159	23.85	11.93	42.93	15.90	UR
160	24.00	12.00	43.20	16.00	
161	24.15	12.08	43.47	16.10	
162	24.30	12.15	43.74	16.20	
163	24.45	12.23	44.01	16.30	
164	24.60	12.30	44.28	16.40	
165	24.75	12.38	44.55	16.50	
166	24.90	12.45	44.82	16.60	UR

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167	25.05	12.53	45.09	16.70	OBC-45
168	25.20	12.60	45.36	16.80	SC-25
169	25.35	12.68	45.63	16.90	UR
170	25.50	12.75	45.90	17.00	EWS-17
171	25.65	12.83	46.17	17.10	OBC-46
172	25.80	12.90	46.44	17.20	UR
173	25.95	12.98	46.71	17.30	UR
174	26.10	13.05	46.98	17.40	SC-26
175	26.25	13.13	47.25	17.50	ST-13
176	26.40	13.20	47.52	17.60	OBC-47
177	26.55	13.28	47.79	17.70	UR
178	26.70	13.35	48.06	17.80	OBC-48
179	26.85	13.43	48.33	17.90	UR
180	27.00	13.50	48.60	18.00	SC-27
181	27.15	13.58	48.87	18.10	EWS-18
182	27.30	13.65	49.14	18.20	OBC-49
183	27.45	13.73	49.41	18.30	UR
184	27.60	13.80	49.68	18.40	UR
185	27.75	13.88	49.95	18.50	UR
186	27.90	13.95	50.22	18.60	OBC-50
187	28.05	14.03	50.49	18.70	SC-28
188	28.20	14.10	50.76	18.80	ST-14
189	28.35	14.18	51.03	18.90	OBC-51
190	28.50	14.25	51.30	19.00	EWS-19
191	28.65	14.33	51.57	19.10	UR
192	28.80	14.40	51.84	19.20	UR
193	28.95	14.48	52.11	19.30	OBC-52
194	29.10	14.55	52.38	19.40	SC-29
195	29.25	14.63	52.65	19.50	UR
196	29.40	14.70	52.92	19.60	EWS-20*
197	29.55	14.78	53.19	19.70	OBC-53
198	29.70	14.85	53.46	19.80	ST-15*
199	29.85	14.93	53.73	19.90	SC-30*
200	30.00	15.00	54.00	20.00	OBC-54*

<sup>\*/\*\*</sup> Squeezing resorted with a view to maintain the prescribed percentage of reservation

# Annexure-III

#### FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT ON ALL INDIA BASIS BY OPEN COMPETITION

# Model Roster for cadre strength upto 13 posts

Cadre	Initial	Replacement No.												
Strength	Recrui- tment	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13th
1	UR	UR	UR.	овс	UR	UR	sc	овс	UR	ews	UR	ОВС	UR	ST
2	UR	UR	ОВС	UR	UR	sc	ОВС	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST	
3	UR	овс	UR	UR	sc	овс	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST		ı
4	OBC	UR	UR	sc	овс	UR	ews	UR	овс	UR	ST		•	
5	UR	UR	SC	OBC	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST				•
6	UR	sc	овс	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST	,				
7	sc	ОВС	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST						
8	OBC	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST							
9	UR	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST				•				
10	EWS	UR	овс	UR	ST									
11	UR	овс	UR	ST		-								
12	OBC	UR	ST	]	-									
13	UR	ST												

#### Note:

- 1. For cadres of 2 to 13 posts the roster is to be read from entry 1 under column Cadre Strength till the last post and then horizontally till the last entry in the horizontal row i.e. like "L"
- 2. All the posts of a cadre are to be earmarked for the categories shown under column initial recruitment. While initial filling up will be by the earmarked category, the replacement against any of the post in the cadre shall be by rotation as shown horizontally against the last post of the cadre.

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# **Annexure-IV**

# **FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT**

<u>Model Roster of Reservation with reference to posts for Direct recruitment on All</u> <u>India Basis Otherwise than by Open Competition</u>

Sl. No. of Post		Category for which the			
	SC @16.66%	ST @7.5%	OBC @25.84%	EWS @10%	posts should be earmarked
1	0.166	0.075	0.258	0.100	UR
2	0.332	0.150	0.516	0.200	UR
3	0.498	0.225	0.774	0.300	UR
4	0.664	0.300	1.032	0.400	OBC-1
5	0.830	0.375	1.290	0.500	UR
6	0.996	0.450	1.548	0.600	UR
7	1.162	0.525	1.806	0.700	SC-1
8	1.328	0.600	2.064	0.800	OBC-2
9	1.494	0.675	2.322	0.900	UR
10	1.660	0.750	2.580	1.000	EWS-1
11	1.826	0.825	2.838	1.100	UR
12	1.992	0.900	3.096	1.200	OBC-3
13	2.158	0.975	3.354	1.300	SC-2
14	2.324	1.050	3.612	1.400	ST-1
15	2.490	1.125	3.870	1.500	UR
16	2.656	1.200	4.128	1.600	OBC-4
17	2.822	1.275	4.386	1.700	UR
18	2.988	1.350	4.644	1.800	UR
19	3.154	1.425	4.902	1.900	SC-3
20	3.320	1.500	5.160	2.000	OBC-5
21	3.486	1.575	5.418	2.100	EWS-2
22	3.652	1.650	5.676	2.200	UR
23	3.818	1.725	5.934	2.300	UR
24	3.984	1.800	6.192	2.400	OBC-6
25	4.150	1.875	6.450	2.500	SC-4
26	4.316	1.950	6.708	2.600	UR
27	4.482	2.025	6.966	2.700	ST-2
28	4.648	2.100	7.224	2.800	OBC-7
29	4.814	2.175	7.482	2.900	UR
30	4.980	2.250	7.740	3.000	EWS-3

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31	5.146	2.325	7.998	3.100	SC-5
32	5.312	2.400	8.256	3.200	OBC-8
33	5.478	2.475	8.514	3.300	UR
34	5.644	2.550	8.772	3.400	UR
35	5.810	2.625	9.030	3.500	OBC-9
36	5.976	2.700	9.288	3.600	UR
37	6.142	2.775	9.546	3.700	SC-6
38	6.308	2.850	9.804	3.800	UR
39	6.474	2.925	10.062	3.900	OBC-10
40	6.640	3.000	10.320	4.000	ST-3
41	6.806	3.075	10.578	4.100	EWS-4
42	6.972	3.150	10.836	4.200	UR
43	7.138	3.225	11.094	4.300	SC-7
44	7.304	3.300	11,352	4.400	OBC-11
45	7.470	3.375	11.610	4.500	UR
46	7.636	3.450	11.868	4.600	UR
47	7.802	3.525	12.126	4.700	OBC-12
48	7.968	3.600	12.384	4.800	UR
49	8.134	3.675	12.642	4.900	SC-8
50	8.300	3.750	12.900	5.000	EWS-5
51	8.466	3.825	13.158	5.100	OBC-13
52	8.632	3.900	13.416	5.200	UR
53	8.798	3.975	13.674	5.300	UR
54	8.964	4.050	13.932	5.400	ST-4
55	9.130	4.125	14.190	5.500	OBC-14
56	9.296	4.200	14.448	5.600	SC-9
57	9.462	4.275	14.706	5.700	UR
58	9.628	4.350	14.964	5.800	UR
59	9.794	4.425	15.222	5.900	OBC-15
60	9.960	4.500	15.480	6.000	EWS-6
61	10.126	4.575	15.738	6.100	SC-10
62	10.292	4.650	15.996	6.200	UR
63	10.458	4.725	16.254	6.300	OBC-16
64	10.624	4.800	16.512	6.400	UR
65	10.790	4.875	16.770	6.500	UR
66	10.956	4.950	17.028	6.600	OBC-17
67	11.122	5.025	17.286	6.700	SC-11
68	11.288	5.100	17.544	6.800	ST-5
69	11.454	5.175	17.802	6.900	UR
70	11.620	5.250	18.060	7.000	OBC-18
71	11.786	5.325	18.318	7.100	EWS-7

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72	11.952	5.400	18.576	7.200	UR
73	12.118	5.475	18.834	7.300	SC-12
74	12.284	5.550	19.092	7.400	OBC-19
75	12.450	5.625	19.350	7.500	UR
76	12.616	5.700	19.608	7.600	UR
77	12.782	5.775	19.866	7.700	UR
78	12.948	5.850	20.124	7.800	OBC-20
79	13.114	5.925	20.382	7.900	SC-13
80	13.280	6.000	20.640	8.000	ST-6
81	13.446	6.075	20.898	8.100	EWS-8
82	13.612	6.150	21.156	8.200	OBC-21
83	13.778	6.225	21.414	8.300	UR
84	13.944	6.300	21.672	8.400	UR
85	14.110	6.375	21.930	8.500	SC-14
86	14.276	6.450	22.188	8.600	OBC-22
87	14.442	6.525	22.446	8.700	UR
88	14.608	6.600	22.704	8.800	UR
89	14.774	6.675	22.962	8.900	UR
90	14.940	6.750	23.220	9.000	OBC-23
91	15.106	6.825	23.478	9.100	SC-15
92	15.272	6.900	23.736	9.200	EWS-9
93	15.438	6.975	23.994	9.300	UR
94	15.604	7.050	24.252	9.400	OBC-24
95	15.770	7.125	24.510	9.500	ST-7
96	15.936	7.200	24.768	9.600	UR
97	16.102	7.275	25.026	9.700	SC-16
98	16.268	7.350	25:284	9.800	OBC-25
99	16.434	7.425	25.542	9.900	UR
100	16.600	7.500	25.800	10.000	EWS-10
101	16.766	7.575	26.058	10.100	OBC-26
102	16.932	7.650	26.316	10.200	UR
103	17.098	7.725	26.574	10.300	SC-17
104	17.264	7.800	26.832	10.400	UR
105	17.430	7.875	27.090	10.500	OBC-27
106	17.596	7.950	27.348	10.600	UR
107	17.762	8.025	27.606	10.700	ST-8
108	17.928	8.100	27.864	10.800	UR
109	18.094	8.175	28.122	10.900	OBC-28
110	18.260	8.250	28.380	11.000	SC-18
111	18.426	8.325	28.638	11.100	EWS-11
112	18.592	8.400	28.896	11.200	UR

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113	18.758	8.475	29.154	11.300	OBC-29
114	18.924	8.550	29.412	11.400	UR
115	19.090	8.625	29.670	11.500	SC-19
116	19.256	8.700	29.928	11.600	EWS-12**
117	19.422	8.775	30.186	11.700	OBC-30
118	19.588	8.850	30.444	11.800	ST-9
119	19.754	8.925	30.702	11.900	SC20*
120	19.920	9.000	. 30.960	12.000	OBC-31*

### Annexure-V

#### **FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT**

# Roster for Direct Recruitment otherwise than through Open Competition for cadre strength upto 13 posts

Cadre Strength	Initial Recruit- ment	Replacement No.												
		1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13th
1	UR	UR	UR	OBC	UR	UR	·sc	овс	UR	ews	UR	ОВС	sc	ST
2	UR	UR	ОВС	UR	UR	sc	овс	UR	EWS	UR	овс	sc	ST	
3	UR	овс	UR	UR	sc	овс	UR	EWS	UR	ОВС	sc	ST		
4	OBC	UR	UR	sc	OBC	UR	EWS	UR	овс	sc	ST		•	
5	UR	UR	sc	OBC	UR	EWS	UR	овс	sc	ST				
6	UR	sc	OBC	UR	EWS	UR	OBC	sc	ST					
7	sc	овс	UR	EWS	UR	OBC	sc	ST						
8	OBC	UR	EWS	UR	OBC	sc	ST		•					
9	UR	EWS	UR	OBC	sc	ST		-						
10	EWS	UR	OBC	sc	ST		-							
11	UR	овс	sc	ST		-	-							
12	OBC	sc	ST											
13	sc	ST												

#### Note:

- 1. For cadres of 2 to 13 posts the roster is to be read from entry 1 under column Cadre Strength till the last post and then horizontally till the last entry in the horizontal row i.e. like "L"
- 2. All the posts of a cadre are to be earmarked for the categories shown under column initial recruitment. While initial filling up will be by the earmarked category, the replacement against any of the post in the cadre shall be by rotation as shown horizontally against the last post of the cadre.

G. Lissaman

# Annexure-VI

# Name of the Ministry/Department:

Report	Unfilled vacancies as						Vacancies filled up					Total vacancies filled				
for the	on 01.02.2019						during the fortnight					up since 01.02.2019				
fortnight							ending									
ending	SC	ST	ОВС	EWS	UR	SC	ST	ОВС	EWS	UR	SC	ST	ОВС	EWS	UR	

Note 1: Single consolidated fortnightly report may be sent in respect of the Ministry/Department and its attached and sub-ordinate offices

Note 2: The first report should begin from 15.02.2019

Note 3: Filled up fortnightly report may be emailed at jsest@nic.in and g.sreenivasan@nic.in

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